# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## GENERAL INFORMATION

| LEGAL FORM OF ENTITY | Municipality |
| :--- | :--- |
| NATURE OF BUSINESS AND PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES | High Capacity, Category A, Local Authority |
| ACCOUNTING OFFICER | Mr. Sibusiso Sithole |
| REGISTERED OFFICE | City Hall <br> Dr. Pixle Kaseme Street <br> Durban <br>  <br> 4000 |
|  | P O Box 1014 <br> Durban <br> 4000 |
| POSTAL ADDRESS | incorporated in South Africa |
| MUNICIPALITY | Nedbank (Primary banker with effect 1 October 2015 - refer note 48 for <br> previous bankers) <br> PANKERS O Box 5662, Durban, 4000 |
| AUDITORS | The Auditor-General, South Africa |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

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## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

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| ABBREVIATIONS |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| COID | Compensation for Occupational Injuries and Diseases |
| VAT | Value added tax |
| GBSA | Development Bank of South Africa |
| GRAP | Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice |
| PPE | Generally Recognised Accounting Practice |
| HDF | Property, Plant and Equipment |
| INK | Housing Development Fund |
| IMFO | Inanda, Ntuzuma, Kwa Mashu |
| DMOSS | Durban Metropolitan Open Space System |
| ME's | Municipal Entities |
| SALGA | South African Local Government Authority |
| GEPF | Government Employees Pension Fund |
| NJMP | Natal Joint Municipal Pension |
| DOHS | Department of Human Settlements |
| SALA | South African Local Authority Pension Fund |

## Designation

## Municipal Manager

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements, which are set out on pages 3 to 115, in terms of Section 126(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, Act 56 of 2003 and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality.

The annual financial statements are prepared in accordance with South African Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practice (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

I certify that the salaries, allowances and benefits of Councillors as disclosed in note 31 of these annual financial statements are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.


Municipal Manager

Durban
30 September 2016

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2016

|  |  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | Note(s) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  |  |  | Restated* |  | Restated $^{*}$ |

## Assets

Current Assets

| Inventories | 2 | 504,682 | 414,942 | 345,831 | 353,438 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Loan to Municipal Entity | 3 | - | - | - | 226,590 |
| Investments | 4 | $6,620,000$ | $4,999,990$ | $6,620,000$ | $4,999,990$ |
| Receivables from exchange transactions | 5 | $3,462,295$ | $2,913,174$ | $3,437,855$ | $2,887,927$ |
| Receivables from non-exchange transactions | 6 | 237,341 | 238,303 | 237,341 | 238,303 |
| Consumer debtors | 8 | $2,767,695$ | $2,925,902$ | $2,772,513$ | $2,925,168$ |
| Current portion of Long term receivables | 9 | 41,595 | 10,966 | 41,595 | 10,966 |
| Call Investment Deposits | $3 \& 10$ | 406,220 | 471,113 | 195,000 | 265,000 |
| Cash and Bank Balances | 10 | $1,020,118$ | 883,158 | 930,713 | 821,263 |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1 5 , 0 5 9 , 9 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 8 5 7 , 5 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 5 8 0 , 8 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 7 2 8 , 6 4 5}$ |
| Non-Current Assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment property | 11 | 305,276 | 313,143 | 242,618 | 248,069 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 12 | $43,804,248$ | $40,888,357$ | $42,851,471$ | $39,900,959$ |
| Intangible assets | 13 | 898,195 | 865,298 | 895,750 | 863,643 |
| Heritage assets | 14 | 24,267 | 19,725 | 24,267 | 19,725 |
| Investments in Municipal Entities | 15 | - | - | 908,779 | 668,065 |
| Interest in joint ventures | 16 | - | - | 74,309 | 66,546 |
| Investments | 4 | - | 500,000 | - | 500,000 |
| Deferred Income |  | 5,382 | 5,560 | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ |
| Long term Receivables | 9 | 41,817 | 82,764 | 41,817 | 82,764 |
|  |  |  | $\mathbf{4 5 , 0 7 9 , 1 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 2 , 6 7 4 , 8 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 , 0 3 9 , 0 1 1}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{4 2 , 3 4 9 , 7 7 1}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Total Assets |  | $\mathbf{6 0 , 1 3 9 , 1 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 , 5 3 2 , 3 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 9 , 6 1 9 , 8 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 , 0 7 8 , 4 1 6}$ |

Liabilities

| Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| External Borrowings | 17 | $1,065,702$ | $1,082,774$ | $1,065,702$ | 991,878 |
| Payables from exchange transactions | 18 | $6,151,173$ | $5,331,272$ | $6,095,244$ | $5,323,185$ |
| VAT payable | 7 | 49,962 | 78,988 | 58,741 | 82,316 |
| Consumer deposits | 19 | $1,945,529$ | $1,712,690$ | $1,903,820$ | $1,693,058$ |
| Employee benefit obligation | 20 | 554,040 | 621,111 | 554,040 | 621,111 |
| Unspent conditional grants and receipts | 21 | 749,320 | $1,126,071$ | 749,320 | $1,126,071$ |
| Provisions | 22 | 102,374 | 104,927 | 95,631 | 98,442 |
| Bank overdraft | 10 | 830,009 | 687,496 | 830,009 | 687,496 |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1 1 , 4 4 8 , 1 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 7 4 5 , 3 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 3 5 2 , 5 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 6 2 3 , 5 5 7}$ |
| Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| External Borrowings | 17 | $8,170,657$ | $9,249,745$ | $8,170,657$ | $9,249,268$ |
| Employee benefit obligation | 20 | $2,949,887$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 5 3 , 1 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 4 9 , 8 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 5 3 , 1 7 2}$ |
| Provisions | 22 | 870,029 | 800,734 | 870,029 | $\mathbf{8 0 0 , 7 3 4}$ |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1 1 , 9 9 0 , 5 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 4 0 3 , 6 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 9 9 0 , 5 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 4 0 3 , 1 7 4}$ |
| Total Liabilities | $\mathbf{2 3 , 4 3 8 , 6 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 , 1 4 8 , 9 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 , 3 4 3 , 0 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 , 0 2 6 , 7 3 1}$ |  |
| Net Assets | $\mathbf{3 6 , 7 0 0 , 4 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 , 3 8 3 , 4 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 , 2 7 6 , 7 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 , 0 5 1 , 6 8 5}$ |  |

[^0]eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2016

|  |  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | Note(s) | 2016 | $\begin{gathered} 2015 \\ \text { Restated* } \end{gathered}$ | 2016 | $\begin{gathered} 2015 \\ \text { Restated* } \end{gathered}$ |
| Housing Development Fund | 23 | 123,512 | 152,924 | 123,512 | 152,924 |
| Accumulated surplus |  | 36,576,937 | 32,230,491 | 36,153,267 | 31,898,761 |
| Total Net Assets |  | 36,700,449 | 32,383,415 | 36,276,779 | 32,051,685 |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

|  |  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | Note(s) | 2016 | $\begin{gathered} 2015 \\ \text { Restated* } \end{gathered}$ | 2016 | $\begin{gathered} 2015 \\ \text { Restated* } \end{gathered}$ |
| Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue from exchange transactions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service charges | 24 | 15,597,272 | 14,281,303 | 15,640,700 | 14,319,411 |
| Rental of facilities and equipment |  | 538,047 | 560,625 | 447,586 | 455,572 |
| Other income | 25 | 523,657 | 660,854 | 293,889 | 452,446 |
| Interest received | 26 | 787,285 | 555,686 | 764,893 | 537,585 |
| Gain on disposal of assets and liabilities |  | 9,125 | 48,588 | 10,260 | 49,065 |
| Fair value adjustments |  | - | 29,667 | - | - |
| Share of income from Joint Venture |  | - | - | 5,013 | 4,969 |
| Total revenue from exchange transactions |  | 17,455,386 | 16,136,723 | 17,162,341 | 15,819,048 |
| Revenue from non-exchange transactions |  |  |  |  |  |
| Taxation revenue |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fines |  | 591,392 | 262,262 | 591,392 | 262,262 |
| Property rates | 27 | 6,219,986 | 5,669,002 | 6,230,523 | 5,677,933 |
| Property rates - penalties imposed |  | 112,883 | 161,999 | 112,883 | 161,999 |
| Licences and permits |  | 40,912 | 40,461 | 40,912 | 40,461 |
| Transfer revenue |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government grants \& subsidies | 28 | 5,770,287 | 5,411,557 | 5,770,287 | 5,411,557 |
| Levies | 29 | 2,103,316 | 1,968,781 | 2,103,316 | 1,968,781 |
| Public contributions and donations |  | 72,723 | 12,098 | 68,821 | 8,975 |
| Donations - PPE |  | 1,160 | 2,077 | 1,160 | 2,077 |
| Reversal of loss on impairment - PPE | 12 | 5,725 | 3,782 | 5,725 | 3,782 |
| Reversal of impairment: Municipal Entities and Joint Venture | 15 | - | - | 2,750 | 84,631 |
| Total revenue from non-exchange transactions |  | 14,918,384 | 13,532,019 | 14,927,769 | 13,622,458 |
| Total revenue |  | 32,373,770 | 29,668,742 | 32,090,110 | 29,441,506 |
| Expenditure |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee related costs | 30 | (8,251,752) | $(7,163,116)$ | $(8,114,523)$ | (7,040,053) |
| Remuneration of councillors | 31 | $(105,334)$ | $(100,795)$ | $(105,334)$ | $(100,795)$ |
| Amortisation - Intangible assets | 13 | $(73,953)$ | $(47,693)$ | $(72,576)$ | $(46,540)$ |
| Impairment Loss - Investment Properties | 11 | $(3,570)$ | $(7,085)$ | $(3,570)$ | $(7,085)$ |
| Depreciation - Property, Plant and Equipment | 12 | $(1,878,467)$ | $(1,794,242)$ | $(1,806,790)$ | $(1,724,863)$ |
| Impairment Loss - Property, Plant and Equipment | 12 | $(12,147)$ | $(8,664)$ | $(12,147)$ | $(8,664)$ |
| Finance costs | 32 | $(968,805)$ | $(950,565)$ | $(971,776)$ | $(953,433)$ |
| Lease rentals on operating lease |  | $(74,706)$ | $(58,872)$ | $(71,854)$ | $(57,676)$ |
| Debt Impairment |  | $(1,391,264)$ | $(2,093,865)$ | $(1,391,530)$ | $(2,094,085)$ |
| Depreciation - Investment Properties | 11 | $(4,277)$ | $(4,418)$ | $(1,861)$ | $(1,727)$ |
| Repairs and maintenance |  | $(2,278,114)$ | $(2,507,458)$ | $(2,262,018)$ | $(2,491,968)$ |
| Bulk purchases | 33 | $(9,464,736)$ | $(8,378,618)$ | $(9,464,736)$ | $(8,378,618)$ |
| Contracted services |  | $(1,374,318)$ | $(1,336,464)$ | $(1,358,834)$ | $(1,321,266)$ |
| Grants and subsidies paid | 34 | $(208,921)$ | $(184,095)$ | $(212,081)$ | $(184,095)$ |
| Housing - Development Expenditure |  | (200) | $(3,568)$ | (200) | $(3,568)$ |
| Impairment Loss - Investment in Municipal Entities |  | - | - | $(75,876)$ | - |
| General Expenses | 36 | $(2,022,985)$ | (2,010,674) | $(1,939,310)$ | $(1,926,188)$ |
| Total expenditure |  | $(28,113,549)$ | $(26,650,192)$ | (27,865,016) | $(26,340,624)$ |
| Surplus before taxation |  | 4,260,221 | 3,018,550 | 4,225,094 | 3,100,882 |
| Taxation | 49 | 3,830 | 4,334 | - | - |

[^1]eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Statement of Financial Performance

|  |  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | Note(s) | 2016 | $\begin{gathered} 2015 \\ \text { Restated* } \end{gathered}$ | 2016 | $\begin{gathered} 2015 \\ \text { Restated* } \end{gathered}$ |
| Surplus for the year |  | 4,256,391 | 3,014,216 | 4,225,094 | 3,100,882 |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

| Figures in Rand thousand | $\qquad$ | Accumulated surplus | Total net assets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group |  |  |  |
| Opening balance as previously reported | 170,764 | 29,277,602 | 29,448,366 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |
| Prior year adjustments (prior to 2014/15) | - | $(79,167)$ | $(79,167)$ |
| Balance at July 01, 2014 as restated* | 170,764 | 29,198,435 | 29,369,199 |
| Changes in net assets |  |  |  |
| Surplus for the year as previously reported | - | 2,948,740 | 2,948,740 |
| Transfer: Housing Development Fund | $(17,840)$ | 17,840 |  |
| Total changes | $(17,840)$ | 2,966,580 | 2,948,740 |
| Opening balance as previously reported | 152,924 | 32,165,015 | 32,317,939 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |
| Prior year adjustments (2014/15) | - | 65,476 | 65,476 |
| Balance at July 01, 2015 as restated* | 152,924 | 32,230,491 | 32,383,415 |
| Changes in net assets |  |  |  |
| Surplus for the year | - | 4,256,391 | 4,256,391 |
| Transfer of Investment in DPDC (Pty)Ltd | - | 57,893 | 57,893 |
| Reversal of Prior year Impairment :DPDC | - | 2,750 | 2,750 |
| Transfer: Housing Development Fund | $(29,412)$ | 29,412 | - |
| Total changes | $(29,412)$ | 4,346,446 | 4,317,034 |
| Balance at June 30, 2016 | 123,512 | 36,576,937 | 36,700,449 |
| Note(s) |  |  |  |
| Municipality |  |  |  |
| Opening balance as previously reported | 170,764 | 28,859,207 | 29,029,971 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |
| Prior year adjustments (prior to 2014/15) | - | $(79,167)$ | $(79,167)$ |
| Balance at July 01, 2014 as restated* | 170,764 | 28,780,040 | 28,950,804 |
| Changes in net assets |  |  |  |
| Surplus for the year as previously reported | (17,840) | 3,035,405 | 3,035,405 |
| Transfer: Housing Development Fund | $(17,840)$ | 17,840 | - |
| Total changes | $(17,840)$ | 3,053,245 | 3,035,405 |
| Opening balance | 152,924 | 31,833,285 | 31,986,209 |
| Adjustments |  |  |  |
| Prior year adjustments (2014/15) | - | 65,476 | 65,476 |
| Balance at July 01, 2015 as restated* | 152,924 | 31,898,761 | 32,051,685 |
| Changes in net assets |  |  |  |
| Surplus for the year | - | 4,225,094 | 4,225,094 |
| Transfer: Housing Development Fund | $(29,412)$ | 29,412 | - |
| Total changes | $(29,412)$ | 4,254,506 | 4,225,094 |
| Balance at June 30, 2016 | 123,512 | 36,153,267 | 36,276,779 |

Note(s)

[^2]eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Cash Flow Statement

|  |  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | Note(s) | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  |  |  | Restated* |  | Restated $^{*}$ |

Cash flows from operating activities
Receipts

| Ratepayers, Government and other | $29,616,321$ | $26,583,447$ | $29,329,224$ | $26,320,909$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Interest income | 787,285 | 555,686 | 764,893 | 537,585 |
|  | $30,403,606$ | $27,139,133$ | $30,094,117$ | $26,858,494$ |

Payments

| Employee costs and suppliers |  | $(22,393,698)$ | $(22,148,061)$ | $(22,159,416)$ | $(21,899,479)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Finance costs |  | $(968,805)$ | $(950,565)$ | $(971,776)$ | $(953,433)$ |
| Taxes on surpluses |  | $(3,830)$ | $(4,334)$ | - | - |
|  |  | $(23,366,333)$ | $(23,102,960)$ | $(23,131,192)$ | $(22,852,912)$ |
| Net cash flows from operating activities |  | $\mathbf{7 , 0 3 7 , 2 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 0 3 6 , 1 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 9 6 2 , 9 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 0 0 5 , 5 8 2}$ |

Cash flows from investing activities

| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 12 | $(4,806,591)$ | $(4,632,039)$ | $(4,768,279)$ | $(4,603,084)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 12 | 14,543 | 57,709 | 14,420 | 57,285 |
| Purchase of other intangible assets | 13 | $(105,277)$ | $(137,185)$ | $(103,108)$ | $(136,073)$ |
| Purchases of heritage assets | 14 | $(4,542)$ | $(482)$ | $(4,542)$ | $(482)$ |
| Decrease in Joint Venture Loan account | 14 | - | - | - | 101 |
| Movement in investment in Municipal Entity |  | - | - | $(90,000)$ | - |
| Increase) / decrease in non-current receivables |  | 10,318 | $(9,672)$ | 10,318 | $(11,400)$ |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | $(4,891,549)$ | $\mathbf{( 4 , 7 2 1 , 6 6 9 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 , 9 4 1 , 1 9 1 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 4 , 6 9 3 , 6 5 3 )}$ |  |

Cash flows from financing activities

| Proceeds from external borrowings Repayment of external borrowings |  |  | 1,000,000 |  | 1,000,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $(1,096,160)$ | $(1,007,396)$ | $(1,004,787)$ | $(1,006,570)$ |
| Net cash flows from financing activities |  | $(1,096,160)$ | $(7,396)$ | $(1,004,787)$ | $(6,570)$ |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents |  | 1,049,564 | $(692,892)$ | 1,016,947 | $(694,641)$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year |  | 6,166,765 | 6,859,657 | 5,898,757 | 6,593,398 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year | 10 | 7,216,329 | 6,166,765 | 6,915,704 | 5,898,757 |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Appropriation Statement

| Figures in Rand thousand | Original budget | Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA) | Final adjustments budget | Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA) | Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy) | Final budget | Actual outcome | Unauthorised expenditure | Variance | Actual outcome as \% of final budget | Actual outcome as \% of original budget |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group - 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial Performance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Property rates | 5,936,803 | - | 5,936,803 |  |  | 5,936,803 | 6,332,869 |  | 396,066 | 107 \% | 107 \% |
| Service charges | 16,609,914 | 1,335 | 16,611,249 |  |  | 16,611,249 | 15,597,272 |  | $(1,013,977)$ | 94 \% | \% 94 |
| Investment revenue | 760,535 | 3,522 | 764,057 |  |  | 764,057 | 787,285 |  | 23,228 | 103 \% | - 104 \% |
| Transfers recognised operational | 2,640,037 | $(138,249)$ | 2,501,788 |  |  | 2,501,788 | 2,439,256 |  | $(62,532)$ | 98 \% | 92 \% |
| Other own revenue | 3,586,997 | 89,596 | 3,676,593 |  |  | 3,676,593 | 3,886,057 |  | 209,464 | 106 \% | \% $108 \%$ |
| Total revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions) | 29,534,286 | $(43,796)$ | 29,490,490 |  |  | 29,490,490 | 29,042,739 |  | $(447,751)$ | 98 \% | \% $98 \%$ |
| Employee costs | (7,970,603) | ) 3,285 | (7,967,318) |  |  | (7,967,318) | (8,251,752) |  | $(284,434)$ | 104 \% | - 104 \% |
| Remuneration of councillors | $(98,554)$ | $(7,466)$ | $(106,020)$ |  |  | $(106,020)$ | $(105,334)$ |  | 686 | 99 \% | - 107 \% |
| Debt impairment | $(644,931)$ | ) (329,845) | $(974,776)$ |  |  | $(974,776)$ | $(1,391,264)$ | ) - | $(416,488)$ | 143 \% | \% 216 \% |
| Depreciation and asset impairment | (2,145,381) | ) 5,603 | (2,139,778) |  |  | $(2,139,778)$ | $(1,972,414)$ |  | 167,364 | 92 \% | 92 \% |
| Finance charges | (1,427,941) | ) $(75,266)$ | $(1,503,207)$ |  |  | $(1,503,207)$ | $(968,805)$ |  | 534,402 | 64 \% | \% 68 \% |
| Materials and bulk purchases | (9,766,032) | ) 82,072 | $(9,683,960)$ |  | - | $(9,683,960)$ | $(9,464,736)$ | - | 219,224 | $98 \%$ | \% $97 \%$ |
| Transfers and grants | $(222,501)$ | ) 5,324 | $(217,177)$ |  | - | $(217,177)$ | $(208,921)$ |  | 8,256 | 96 \% | $94 \%$ |
| Other expenditure | (7,160,115) | ) $(243,168)$ | $(7,403,283)$ |  | - | $(7,403,283)$ | $(5,750,323)$ | - | 1,652,960 | 78 \% | 80 \% |
| Total expenditure | $(29,436,058)$ | $(559,461)$ | $(29,995,519)$ |  |  | $(29,995,519)$ | $(28,113,549)$ | - | 1,881,970 | 94 \% | \% $96 \%$ |
| Surplus/(Deficit) | 98,228 | $(603,257)$ | $(505,029)$ |  | - | $(505,029)$ | 929,190 |  | 1,434,219 | (184)\% | (184)\% |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Appropriation Statement

| Figures in Rand thousand | Original budget | Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA) | Final adjustments budget | Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA) | Virement <br> (i.t.o. council approved policy) | Final budget | Actual outcome | Unauthorised expenditure | Variance | Actual outcome as \% of final budget | Actual outcome as \% of original budget |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transfers recognised capital | 3,564,953 | $(161,417)$ | 3,403,536 |  |  | 3,403,536 | 3,331,031 |  | (72,505) | $98 \%$ | \% $93 \%$ |
| Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions | 3,663,181 | $(764,674)$ | 2,898,507 |  |  | 2,898,507 | 4,260,221 |  | 1,361,714 | 147 \% | - $116 \%$ |
| Taxation |  | - |  |  |  |  | 3,830 |  | 3,830 | DIV/0 \% | DIV/0 \% |
| Surplus/(Deficit) for the year | 3,663,181 | (764,674) | 2,898,507 |  |  | 2,898,507 | 4,256,391 |  | 1,357,884 | 147 \% | - $116 \%$ |
| Capital expenditure and funds sources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total capital expenditure Sources of capital funds | 6,046,926 | $(631,010)$ | 5,415,916 |  |  | 5,415,916 | 4,902,923 |  | $(512,993)$ | 91 \% | 81 \% |
| Transfers recognised capital | 3,564,953 | $(161,417)$ | 3,403,536 |  |  | 3,403,536 | 3,331,031 |  | (72,505) | 98 \% | 93 \% |
| Borrowing Internally generated funds | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000,000 \\ & 1,481,973 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} (1,000,000) \\ 530,406 \end{gathered}$ | 2,012,379 |  |  | 2,012,379 | 1,571,892 |  | $(440,487)$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { DIV/0 \% } \\ \quad 78 \% \end{array}$ | $-\%$ $106 \%$ |
| Total sources of capital funds | 6,046,926 | $(631,011)$ | 5,415,915 |  |  | 5,415,915 | 4,902,923 |  | $(512,992)$ | 91 \% | \% 81 \% |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Appropriation Statement

| Figures in Rand thousand | Original budget | Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA) | Final adjustments budget | Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA) | Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy) | Final budget | Actual outcome | Unauthorised expenditure | Variance | Actual outcome as $\%$ of final budget | Actual outcome as \% of original budget |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flows |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash from (used) operating | 5,957,494 | 1,391,419 | 7,348,913 |  | - | 7,348,913 | 7,037,273 |  | $(311,640)$ | 96 \% | \% 118 \% |
| Net cash from (used) investing | (6,014,212) | $631,010$ | $(5,383,202)$ |  |  | $(5,383,202)$ | $(4,891,549)$ |  | $491,653$ | $91 \%$ | $81 \text { \% }$ |
| Net cash from (used) financing | $(109,189)$ | $(805,347)$ | $(914,536)$ |  | - | $(914,536)$ | $(1,096,160)$ |  | $(181,624)$ | 120 \% | 1,004 \% |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | $(165,907)$ | 1,217,082 | 1,051,175 |  | - | 1,051,175 | 1,049,564 |  | $(1,611)$ | 100 \% | (633)\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 5,156,693 | 1,010,117 | 6,166,810 |  |  | 6,166,810 | 6,166,765 |  | (45) | 100 \% | 120 \% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at year end | 4,990,786 | 2,227,199 | 7,217,985 |  |  | 7,217,985 | 7,216,329 |  | $(1,656)$ | 100 \% | \% 145 \% |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Appropriation Statement

| Figures in Rand thousand |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Original budget | Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA) | Final adjustments budget | Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA) | Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy) | Final budget | Actual outcome | Unauthorised Variance expenditure | Actual outcome as \% of final budget | Actual outcome as \% of original budget |

Municipality - 2016
Financial Performance Property rates
Service charges
Investment revenue
operational
Other own revenue
Total revenue
excluding capital
transfers and
contributions)
Employee costs
Remuneration of
councillors
Debt impairment
Depreciation and asse
impairment
Finance charges
Materials and bulk
purchases
Transfers and grants
Other expenditure
Total expenditure
Surplus/(Deficit)
eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Appropriation Statement

| Figures in Rand thousand | Original budget | Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA | Final adjustments budget | Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA) | Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy) | Final budget | Actual outcome | Unauthorised expenditure | Variance | Actual outcome as \% of final budget | Actual outcome as \% of original budget |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transfers recognised capital | 3,564,953 | 101,297 | 3,666,250 |  |  | 3,666,250 | 3,331,031 |  | $(335,219)$ | 91 \% | 93 \% |
| Surplus (Deficit) after capital transfers and contributions | 3,689,396 | $(77,344)$ | 3,612,052 |  |  | 3,612,052 | 4,220,081 |  | 608,029 | 117 \% | $114 \%$ |
| Share of surplus (deficit) of associate |  |  |  |  |  |  | $(5,013)$ |  | $(5,013)$ | - \% | DIV/0 \% |
| Surplus/(Deficit) for the year | 3,689,396 | $(77,344)$ | 3,612,052 |  |  | 3,612,052 | 4,225,094 |  | 613,042 | 117 \% | 115 \% |
| Capital expenditure and funds sources |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total capital expenditure Sources of capital funds | 5,236,168 | - | 5,236,168 |  |  | 5,236,168 | 4,858,553 |  | $(377,615)$ | $93 \%$ | $93 \%$ |
| Transfers recognised capital | 2,858,195 | 468,734 | 3,326,929 |  |  | 3,326,929 | 3,331,031 |  | 4,102 | 100 \% | 117 \% |
| Borrowing Internally generated funds | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000,000 \\ & 1,377,973 \end{aligned}$ | $(468,734)$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000,000 \\ 909,239 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000,000 \\ 909,239 \end{array}$ | 1,527,522 |  | $\begin{gathered} (1,000,000) \\ 618,283 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -\% \\ 168 \% \end{array}$ | $111 \%$ |
| Total sources of capital funds | 5,236,168 | - | 5,236,168 |  | - | 5,236,168 | 4,858,553 |  | (377,615) | 93 \% | 93 \% |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Appropriation Statement

| Figures in Rand thousand | Original budget | Budget adjustments (i.t.o. s28 and s31 of the MFMA) | Final adjustments budget | Shifting of funds (i.t.o. s31 of the MFMA) | Virement (i.t.o. council approved policy) | Final budget | Actual outcome | Unauthorised expenditure | Variance | Actual outcome as \% of final budget | Actual outcome as \% of original budget |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash flows |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash from (used) operating | 5,790,242 | $(396,102)$ | 5,394,140 |  |  | 5,394,140 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash from (used) investing | (5,901,766) | ) | (5,901,766 |  | - | (5,901,766) | $(4,941,191)$ |  | $960,575$ | 84 \% | $84 \text { \% }$ |
| Net cash from (used) financing | $(15,663)$ | ) | (15,663 |  | - | $(15,663)$ | $(1,004,787)$ |  | $(989,124)$ | 6,415 \% | 6,415 \% |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | $(127,187)$ | $(396,102)$ | (523,289) |  | - | $(523,289)$ | 1,016,947 |  | 1,540,236 | (194)\% | (800)\% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year | 5,002,698 | 896,102 | 5,898,800 |  | - | 5,898,800 | 5,898,757 |  | (43) | 100 \% | 118 \% |
| Cash and cash equivalents at year end | 4,875,511 | 500,000 | 5,375,511 |  | - | 5,375,511 | 6,915,704 |  | (1,540,193) | 129 \% | \% 142 \% |

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES 

 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES}

## 1. Basis of preparation

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP) including any interpretations, guidelines and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board.

These annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention as the basis of measurement, unless specified otherwise. They are presented in South African Rand.

In the absence of an issued and effective Standard of GRAP, accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions were developed in accordance with paragraphs 8,10 and 11 of GRAP 3 as read with Directive 5 . These accounting policies and the applicable disclosures have been based on the South African Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practices (SA GAAP) including any interpretations of such Statements issued by the Accounting Practices Board

Entities are required to apply the Standards of GRAP where the Minister has determined the effective date. The Minister has determined the effective date for the following Standards of GRAP:

GRAP 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
GRAP 2 Cash Flow Statements
GRAP 3 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
GRAP 4 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
GRAP 5 Borrowing Costs
GRAP 6 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
GRAP 7 Investments in Associates
GRAP 8 Investment in Joint Ventures
GRAP 9 Revenue from Exchange Transactions
GRAP 10 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
GRAP 11 Construction Contracts
GRAP 12 Inventories
GRAP 13 Leases
GRAP 14 Events after the Reporting Date
GRAP 16 Investment Properties
GRAP 17 Property, Plant and Equipment
GRAP 18 Segment Reporting
GRAP 19 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
GRAP 21 Impairment of Non-cash-generating Assets
GRAP 23 Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions (Taxes and Transfers)
GRAP 24 Presentation of Budget Information in Financial Statements
GRAP 25 Employee Benefits
GRAP 26 Impairment of Cash-generating Assets
GRAP 27 Agriculture GRAP
GRAP 31 Intangible Assets
GRAP 100 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
GRAP 103 Heritage Assets
GRAP 104 Financial Instruments
GRAP 105 Transfer of Functions between Entities Under Common Control
GRAP 106 Transfer of Functions between Entities Not Under Common Control
GRAP 107 Mergers

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the above GRAP Standards have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 7, 11 and 12 of GRAP 3.

Directives issued and effective:
Directive 1: Repeal of Existing Transitional Provisions in, and Consequential Amendments to, Standards of GRAP
Directive 2: Transitional Provisions for the Adoption of Standards of GRAP by Public Entities, Municipal Entities and Constitutional Institutions.
Directive 3: Transitional Provisions for the Adoption of Standards of GRAP by High Capacity Municipalities.
Directive 4: Transitional Provisions for Medium and Low Capacity Municipalities.
Directive 5: Determining the GRAP reporting framework.
Directive 6: Provisions for Revenue collected by SARS
Directive 7: The Application of Deemed Cost on the Adoption of Standards of GRAP
Directive 9: The Application of The Standards of GRAP by Trading Entities
Directive 10: Application of The Standards of GRAP by Public Further Education And Training Colleges
Directive 11: Measurement Bases following Initial Adoption of Standards of GRAP
Directive 12: The Selection of an Appropriate Reporting Framework by Public Entities

## Interpretations of the Standards of GRAP

IGRAP 1: Applying the Probability Test on Initial Recognition of Exchange Revenue
IGRAP 2: Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities
IGRAP 3: Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease
IGRAP 4: Rights to Interests Arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds
IGRAP5: Applying the Restatement Approach under the Standard of GRAP on Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
IGRAP 6: Loyalty Programmes
IGRAP 7: The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction
IGRAP 8: Agreements for the Construction of Assets from Exchange Transactions
IGRAP 9: Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners
IGRAP 10: Assets Received from Customers
IGRAP 11: Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities
IGRAP 12: Jointly Controlled Entities - Non-Monetary Contributions
IGRAP 13: Operating Leases - Incentives
IGRAP 14: Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease
IGRAP 15: Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services
IGRAP 16: Intangible Assets - Website Costs
Approved guidelines of Standards of GRAP:
Guide 1: Guideline on Accounting for Public Private Partnerships
Effective IFRS's and IFRIC's that are applied considering the provisions in paragraphs .20 to .26 of the Directive:
IFRS 4 (AC 141) Insurance Contracts
IFRS 6 (AC 143) Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources
IAS 12 (AC 102) Income Taxes
SIC - 25 (AC 425) Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders
SIC - 29 (AC 429) Service Concession Arrangements - Disclosures
IFRIC 12 (AC 445) Service Concession Arrangements
Standards of GRAP that an entity may use to disclose information in its financial statements:
GRAP 20 Related Party Disclosures
Standards, amendments to standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective:

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES 

 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES}

GRAP 20: Related Party Disclosures-issued June 2011:
Compliance with this standard would have had an effect on the presentation only. Related party transactions have been disclosed in accordance with IPSAS 20.
GRAP 32 and IGRAP 17: Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor - issued August 2013:
Compliance with this standard will not have an impact on the current financial information as no transactions relating to service concession arrangements exists in the current year

GRAP 108: Statutory Receivables - issued September 2013:
Compliance with this standard would have had an effect on presentation and disclosure only. GRAP 108 requires separate disclosure of statutory receivables together with additional disclosure on measurement basis and impairment criteria

GRAP 109: Accounting by Principals and Agents issued July 2015:
Compliance with this standard would have had an effect on presentation and disclosure. The information disclosed in accordance with this Standard shall be provided for each material principal-agent arrangement and in aggregate for other principal-agent arrangements.

A summary of the significant accounting policies are disclosed below.
These accounting policies are consistent with the previous year, unless otherwise stated.

### 1.1 Presentation currency

These annual financial statements are presented in South African Rand, which is the functional currency of the Municipality and its entities.
1.2 Going concern assumption

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

### 1.3 Housing development fund

The Housing Development Fund was established in terms of the Housing Act, (Act No. 107 of 1997). Loans from national and provincial government used to finance housing selling schemes undertaken by the Municipality were extinguished on 1 April 1998 and transferred to a Housing Development Fund. Housing selling schemes both complete and in progress as at 1 April 1998, were also transferred to the Housing Development Fund. In terms of the Housing Act, all proceeds from housing developments, which include rental income and sales of houses, must be paid into the Housing Development Fund. Monies standing to the credit of the Housing Development Fund can be used only to finance housing developments within the municipal area subject to the approval of the Provincial MEC responsible for housing.

### 1.4 Retirement Benefits

### 1.4.1 Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employees render services that increase their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past performance.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.4 Retirement Benefits (continued)

### 1.4.2 Defined contribution plans

The municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors. Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are charged as an expense as they fall due.

Payments made to industry-managed (or state plans) retirement benefit schemes are dealt with as defined contribution plans where the municipality's obligation under the schemes is equivalent to those arising in a defined contribution retirement benefit plan.

The KZN Municipal Pension Fund is a defined contribution fund. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are charged against income in the year they become payable.

The Natal Joint Provident Fund, Multi Linked and South African Local Authority are defined contribution funds.
The Municipality pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Municipality has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognized as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES 

 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES}

### 1.4 Retirement Benefits (continued)

### 1.4.3 Pension obligations

The municipality and its employees contribute to 8 different Pension Funds, of which 2 (Durban Pension Fund and the KZN Pension Fund) cater for more than $86 \%$ of staff.

The Municipality has both defined benefit and defined contribution plans.
A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that defines an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.
A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Municipality has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The following are defined benefit funds:
Durban Pension Fund
Government Employee's Pension Fund SALA
Natal Joint Municipal Pension Fund - Superannuation
Natal Joint Municipal Pension Fund - RetirementDurban Pension Fund

The following are defined contribution funds:
KZN Pension Fund
Multi Linked
The other fund is a Provident Fund administered by Natal Joint Municipal Pension Fund.
Actuarial valuations are conducted on an interim basis each year with a statutory valuation undertaken every three years. Consideration is given to any extent that could impact the Funds up to the end of the reporting period where the interim valuation is performed at an earlier date.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the year that they arise, in the Statement of Financial Performance.
The schemes are funded through payments to insurance companies or trustee-administered funds, determined by periodic actuarial calculations.

The Municipality has both defined benefit and defined contribution plans
A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that defines an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.
A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Municipality has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The liability/asset recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is equal to the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for unrecognized actuarial gains or losses and past service costs. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates, best approximated by reference to market yields at the reporting date on government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.4 Retirement Benefits (continued)

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in the statement of financial performance.
Any asset is limited to the net total of the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets plus any liability that may arise as a result of a minimum funding requirement, and the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan

Durban Marine Theme Park (proprietary) limited reimburses uShaka Management (Pty) Ltd for the cost of the provident fund which is governed by the pension's funds act of 1956. Contributions are based on a percentage of the payroll and charged to the statement of financial performance in the year to which they relate.

All staff of the I.C.C (proprietary) Limited are members of the I.C.C pension fund which is defined contribution fund.

### 1.4.4 Other post-employment benefit obligations

The municipality provides post-retirement healthcare benefits to their retirees. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The expected costs of these benefits are accrued over the period of employment using an accounting methodology similar to that used for defined benefit pension plans. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments, and changes in actuarial assumptions, are charged or credited to the statement of financial performance in the year that they arise.

## Multi-Employer Retirement Benefit Plans

The Municipality contributes to Government Employees Pension Fund,Natal Joint Super Annuation and Retirement Funds which are Defined Benefit Funds. The municipality's liability in these funds could not be determined owing to the fact that the assets are not being allocated to each employer and only one set of financial statements are compiled for each fund not per employer.Further details of this plan are included in note 5

### 1.5 Significant Judgements

In preparing the annual financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts represented in the annual financial statements and related disclosures. Use of available information and the application of judgement is inherent in the formation of estimates. Actual results in the future could differ from these estimates which may be material to the annual financial statements.

Significant judgements include:

## Post Retirement Benefits and Multi-Employer Retirement Benefit Plans

The present value of the post retirement obligation depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions will impact on the carrying amount of post retirement obligations.

The Municipality determines the appropriate discount rate at the end of each year using the actuarial valuation. This is the interest rate that should be used to determine the present value of estimated future cash outflows expected to be required to settle the pension obligations. In determining the appropriate discount rate, the Municipality considers the interest rates that are best approximated by reference to market yields at the reporting date on government bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related pension liability

Other key assumptions for pension obligations are based on current market conditions. Additional information is disclosed in notes. The Municipality contributes to Natal Joint Super Annuation and Retirement Funds which are Defined Benefit Funds. The municipality's liability in these funds could not be determined owing to the fact that the assets are not being allocated to each employer and only one set of financial statements are compiled for each fund not per employer.Further details of this plan is included in the notes to the Financial Statements

## Provision for impairment of trade receivables

The provision for impairment is measured as the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of estimated recoverable future cash flow based on past recovery trends.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.5 Significant Judgements (continued)

## Non-cash generating and cash generating Impairment testing

Management used the fair value less cost to sell to determine the recoverable amount of assets with an indefinite useful life and identifying assets that may have been impaired. Additional disclosure of these estimates is included in note - Impairment of assets

All assets owned/recognised by the municipality are held for the provision of basic services and are considered to be non-cash generating assets

## Provisions

Provisions were raised and management determined an estimate based on the information available. Additional disclosure of these estimates of provisions are included in notes to Financial Statements.

Provisions are measured at the head of department's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date, and are discounted to present value where the effect is material.

A provision is recognised when:

- The municipality has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event;
- It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.


# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES 

 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES}

### 1.6 Investment property

## Initial Recognition

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations

At initial recognition, the Municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at the date of acquisition.

The cost of self-constructed investment property is the cost at date of completion

## Subsequent Measurement

Investment property is measured using the cost model. Under the cost model, Investment properties is carried at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Transfers to or from investment property are made only when there is a change in use. The fair value of Investment Properties is disclosed in the note for information purposes.

## Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated average asset lives:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { Item } & \text { Useful life } \\
\text { Property - land } & \text { indefinite } \\
\text { Property - buildings } & 10-80 \text { years }
\end{array}
$$

## Derecognition and Impairment

Investment property is derecognised on disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits or service potential are expected from its disposal. Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of investment property shall be determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and shall be recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period of the retirement or disposal.
Compensation from third parties for investment property that was impaired, lost or given up shall be recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance when the compensation becomes receivable.
The Municipality tests for impairment where there is an indication that a property may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done during each reporting period. Where the carrying amount of an item of an investment property is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.
Costs include costs incurred initially and costs incurred subsequently to add to, or to replace a part of, or service a property. If a replacement part is recognised in the carrying amount of the investment property, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible items that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, to meet service delivery objectives, for rental to others, or for administrative purposes; and are expected to be used during more than one reporting period.

## Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Where an asset is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

## Subsequent Measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

## Depreciation and Impairment:-

Depreciation is calculated on cost, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation is calculated as soon as the asset becomes available for its intended use. When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

## In

accordance with GRAP 17, Property, Plant and Equipment, the useful life of an asset must be reviewed at least at each financial year-end, and, if expectations differ from previous estimates, the change must be treated as a change in an accounting estimate. This change would be applied prospectively and only impact the income statement during the year the estimate was revised.
However, if the asset has already reached the end of its estimated useful life, the change in useful life must be accounted for retrospectively as a correction of a prior period error in determination of the new useful life. This change would have an impact on accumulated surplus and the balance sheet.

The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated asset lives:-

## Details

Infrastructure

- Rivers and Coastal Engineering
- Roads and Motorways
- Economic Development
- Traffic Equipment
- Stormwater Drainage
- Airport Infrastructure
- Solid Waste
- Water and Sanitation
- Major Substations: Buildings
- Transformers and Related Equipment
- Mains
- Street Lighting
- Conventional and Prepaid Metering

Community

- Buildings
- Recreational Facilities

Other property, plant and equipment

- Buildings
- Fire Engines
- Landfill Sites
- Car Parks
- Fencing
- Lifts
- Building Improvements


## Years

20-80 years
20-80 years
20 years
10-80 years
20-80 years
15-80 years
3-30 years
20-80 years
30-50 years
30-45 years
30-55 years
20-30 years
15-25 years

20-80 years
10-80 years

20-80 years
15-30 years
20 years
3-30 years
15 years
20 years
20 years
10 years

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.7 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

- Heavy and Mobile Plant 7-10 years
- Furniture and fitting 2-20 years
- Vehicle

3-11 years

- Bins and containers
- Plant - General

5 years
5 years

- Security Systems

5-15 years

- Office equipment

5-7 years

- Air conditioning

5-15 years

- Public Address Systems

15 years

- Turnstiles

15 years

- Electrical

20 years

- Mechanical

20 years

- Hostels
- Library Books

20-80 years

- Other items of Plant and Equipment

5-10 years

- Biological Assets

3-5 years
$50-80$ years
The remaining useful life of an asset and the depreciation method is reviewed annually and any changes are recognized as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance. The Municipality tests for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting period.

All assets are considered to have a nil residual value.

## Derecognition:

Items of Property, Plant and Equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.
Where the Municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises of part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset

The Municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate its landfill sites in terms of its licence stipulations. Provision is made for this obligation in accordance with the Municipality's accounting policy on non-current provisions - see Accounting Policy 1.17 on Provisions.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.8 Intangible assets

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

## Initial Recognition

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and comprise of software and servitudes.
Where an intangible asset is acquired by the municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale.
- It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset.
- The municipality has the resources to complete the project.
- It is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential.
- Its ability to use or sell the intangible asset.
- Its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

Computer software is capitalised to computer equipment where it forms an integral part of computer equipment.
Servitudes are classified as intangible assets. Servitudes are rights that are not amortised as they have an indefinite useful life.

## Subsequent Measurement

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairments. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test. Expenditure on an intangible asset is recognised as an expense when it is incurred unless it forms part of the cost of an intangible asset that meets the recognition criteria. Residual value of intangible assets is estimated to be nil.

## Amortisation and Impairment

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line method over their estimated useful lives, as follows:-

| Details | Years |
| :--- | :--- |
| Computer Software | $5-20$ years |

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at each reporting date and any changes are recognised as a change in accounting estimate in the Statement of Financial Performance. The municipality tests intangible assets with finite useful lives for impairment where there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. An assessment of whether there is an indication of possible impairment is done at each reporting date. Where the carrying amount of an item of an intangible asset is greater than the estimated recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount), it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (or recoverable service amount) and an impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Financial Performance.

## Derecognition:

Intangible assets are derecognized when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the net proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.9 Heritage assets

Heritage assets are assets that have a cultural, environmental, historical, natural, scientific, technological or artistic significance and are held indefinitely for the benefit of present and future generations.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES 

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### 1.9 Heritage assets (continued) <br> Initial Recognition

A heritage asset that qualifies for recognition as an asset is measured at its cost and any costs directly attributable to bringing the heritage asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality.

Where a heritage asset is acquired through a non-exchange transaction, its deemed cost is to be measured at its fair values as at the date of acquisition. If at Initial recognition, the Municipality cannot reliably measure its cost, the relevant and useful information about the heritage asset is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

## Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, heritage assets are measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses i.e. cost model.

## Depreciation and Impairment

Heritage assets are not depreciated but assessed at each reporting date whether there is an indication that it may be impaired.

## Derecognition

Heritage assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed of or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use or disposal of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of a heritage asset is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.10 Investments in Municipal Entities

## Group annual financial statements

Investments in controlled entity are consolidated in the group annual financial statements. Refer to the accounting policy on Consolidations (Note ).

## Municipality annual financial statements

Investments in municipal entities are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment.
Investments in municipal entities under the ownership or control of the Municipality are carried at cost. Separate consolidated financial statements are prepared to account for the Municipality's share of net assets and postacquisition results of these investments.

The municipality assess at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an investment in municipal entities may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable amount of the investment in municpal entities.

The recoverable amount of an investment in municipal entities is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

A reversal of an impairment loss of investments in municipal entities carried at cost is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.11 Interest in joint ventures

## Group annual financial statements

An interest in a joint venture is accounted for using the proportionate consolidation method. Under the proportionate consolidation method the group's share of each of the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of the investment is combined line by line with similar items in the group annual financial statements. The use of proportionate consolidation is discontinued from the date on which it ceases to have joint control over a jointly controlled entity.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.11 Interest in joint ventures (continued)

## Municipality annual financial statements

An investment in a joint venture is carried at cost less any accumulated impairment.
The Municipality's share of profits or losses, resulting from operations of the joint venture, is recognised on the accrual basis and is capitalised to the cost of the investment.

The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an investment in a joint venture may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality estimates the recoverable amount of the investment in a joint venture.

The recoverable amount of an investment in a joint venture is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

A reversal of an impairment loss of investments in a joint venture carried at cost is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.12 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or a residual interest of another entity.

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### 1.12 Financial instruments (continued)

## Subsequent measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

## Loans to (from) municipal entities

These include loans to municipal entities and recognised at fair value plus any transaction costs and subsequently measured at cost.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance when there is objective evidence that it is impaired. The impairment is measured as the difference between the investment's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition.

## Debtors

Debtors are initially recognised at fair value plus any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the municipality will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtors. The provision for impairment is measured as the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the estimated recoverable future cash flow based on past recovery trends. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

An estimate is made for doubtful debts based on the categorisation of debts and a review of past trends in collection rates applied to all outstanding amounts at year-end. Bad debts are written off during the year in which they are identified in the statement of financial performance.

## Creditors

Trade payables are initially measured at fair value plus any transaction costs,and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

## Cash and cash equivalents

These are initially and subsequently recorded at fair value.
For cash flow purposes cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments, and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred.

## Borrowings and other financial liabilities

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of financial performance over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Long term borrowings are non-derivative financial loans and the Municipality does not hold financial loans for trading purposes. Long term borrowings are utilised solely for funding capital projects and the book value is disclosed at amortised cost.

Other financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost.

## Loans and receivables

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES 

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### 1.12 Financial instruments (continued)

Loans and receivables are measured initially and subsequently at fair value, gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are included in the Statement of Financial Performance for the period.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and with no intention of trading. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the balance sheet date. These are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are included in trade and other receivables in the Statement of Financial Position.

## Fixed and Negotiable Deposits

Fixed and negotiable deposits are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the municipality will hold to maturity.
Fixed and negotiable deposits are initially and subsequently measured at fair value which in the case of investments that have an original maturity date of less than 12 months equates the cost. Fixed and negotiable deposits held for greater than 12 months are fair valued annually and the difference recognised in the statement of financial performance.

On disposal of Fixed and negotiable deposits, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.13 Taxation

The Municipality is exempted from tax in terms of section 10(1)(a) of the Income Tax Act.
Deferred Income tax with respect to Municipal Entities is provided in full, using the liability method, on temperal differences arising between the tax basis of asset and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial Statements. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred income tax.

Deferred tax asset are recognised to the extent that is probable that the future taxable profit will be available against which temporary differences will be utilised

### 1.14 Long Service Awards

Provision for long service awards represents the present value of the estimated future cash outflows to be made by the Municipality resulting from employee services provided up to Statement of Financial position date. The provision comprises amounts that the Municipality has a present obligation to pay resulting from employees services provided up to Statement of Financial position date.

### 1.15 Leases

## Operating leases - The Municipality as lessor

Assets leased to third parties under operating leases are included in investment properties and property, plant and equipment in the statement of financial position.

They are depreciated over their expected useful lives (land is not depreciated) on a basis consistent with similar owned investment properties and property, plant and equipment. Rental income (net of any incentives given to lessees) is recognised over the lease term.

Operating leases - The Municipality as lessee
Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the statement of financial performance on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

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### 1.16 Inventories

## Initial Recognition

Inventories re initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus taxes (other than those subsequently recovered from the taxing authorities), transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost where they are held for;

- distribution at no charge or for a nominal charge; or
- consumption in the production process of goods to be distributed at no charge or for a nominal charge.


## Subsequent Measurement

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of operations.
When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories, arising from an increase in net realisable value, are recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Consumable stores, maintenance materials and water stock are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. In general, the basis of determining cost is the weighted average method.

Unsold properties are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value on a weighted average cost basis. Direct costs are accumulated for each separately identifiable development. Costs also include a proportion of overhead costs.

Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down from cost to net realisable value with regard to their estimated economic or realisable values.

### 1.17 Impairment of cash-generating assets

The Municipality classifies all assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return as cash generating assets. The municipality assesses at each reporting date, or more frequently where events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. When such an indication exists, the municipality determines the recoverable amount of the asset. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. A cash generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

Impairment loss of a cash-generating unit is allocated to decrease the carrying amount of the assets of the unit on a pro rata basis, based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. After allocating the impairment loss, the carrying amount should be the highest of, its fair value less cost to sell; or value in use; or zero.

Reversal of an impairment loss for a group of assets / cash-generating unit should be allocated to the cash-generating assets of the unit, pro rata with the carrying amount of those assets.

If the carrying amount of a cash-generating asset exceeds its recoverable amount, it is impaired and is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.18 Impairment of non-cash-generating assets

Non-cash-generating assets are those assets held by the municipality without an intention of generating a commercial return and held primarily for service delivery purposes. The Municipality classifies all assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return as cash generating assets.

The municipality will apply its judgment and disclose the criteria used in making such judgment in cases where it's not clear whether the primary objective is to generate a commercial return.
The municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the municipality determines the recoverable service amount of the asset. The recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use.

If the carrying amount of a non-cash-generating asset exceeds its recoverable service amount, it is impaired and is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance.

An impairment loss is when the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

A reversal of an impairment loss of assets carried at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation is recognised immediately in the Statement of Financial Performance. The increase in the carrying amount of an asset due to the reversal of an impairment loss should not exceed what the carrying amount would have been if no impairment loss had been recognised.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and not yet available for use, are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether any indication of impairment exists.

### 1.19 Grants, Transfers and Donations

Income received from conditional grants, donations and subsidies is recognised to the extent that the Municipality has complied with any of the criteria, conditions or obligations embodied in the agreement. To the extent that the criteria, conditions or obligations have not been met, a liability is recognised and funds are invested until utilised.

Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If it is payable to the funder, it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the Municipality's interest, it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Grants and receipts of a revenue nature: Income is transferred as revenue to the Statement of Financial Performance to the extent that the criteria, conditions or obligations have been met.

### 1.20 Budget Information

The budget has been included in the Annual Financial Statements in accordance with GRAP 24. An approved budget is the anticipated revenue and expenditure expected to apply in the annual or multi-year period based on current plans and approved by the Municipal Council. Final budget is the approved budget adjusted for transfers, allocations, supplemental appropriations and other changes applicable to the budget period. The budget has been included in the Annual Financial Statements in accordance with the disclosure recommendations determined by National Treasury.

Comparative information is not required.

### 1.21 Related Parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party directly or indirectly has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions or is a member of the key management of the municipality / entity. Refer note 40 -Related Parties.

### 1.22 Commitments

A capital commitment is a binding agreement to undertake capital expenditure at some set time in the future which has not yet become an actual liability.

An operating commitment is a binding agreement to undertake operating expenditure at some set time in the future which has not yet become an actual liability.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.23 Post-reporting date events

Events after the reporting date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date (adjusting events after the reporting date);
- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date (non-adjusting events after the reporting date).

The Municipality will adjust the amounts recognised in the financial statements to reflect adjusting events after the reporting date once the event occurred.
The Municipality will disclose the nature of the event and an estimate of its financial effect or a statement that such estimate cannot be made in respect of all material non-adjusting events, where non-disclosure could influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

### 1.24 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognised when:

- The municipality has a present or constructive obligation as a result of a past event;
- It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and
- A reliable estimate can be made of the obligation.

Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.
Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a prevailing prime rate at year end which reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability, if any (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land). The municipality uses the prevailing prime rate at year end.

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised. Contingencies are disclosed in note 34 .

### 1.25 Revenue

Revenue comprises of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Municipality's activities. Revenue is shown net of value added tax, estimated returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminated revenue within departments of the Municipality.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The Municipality has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Municipality;
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is recognised as follows:

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.25 Revenue (continued)

### 1.26.1 Revenue from exchange transactions

Exchange transactions are transactions in which one entity receives assets or services, or has liabilities extinguished, and directly gives approximately equal value to another entity in exchange.
Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption. Meters are read on a quarterly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Bulk electricity meters are read monthly.

Provisional estimates of consumption are made monthly when meter readings have not been performed. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period. Revenue from the sale of electricity prepaid meter cards are recognised at the point of sale.

Service charges relating to refuse removal are recognised on a monthly basis by applying the approved tariff to each property based on category of property and the property value.

Service charges from sewerage and sanitation are based on water consumption and are levied monthly.
Interest and rentals are recognised on a time proportion basis.
Dividends are recognised on the date that the Municipality becomes entitled to receive the dividend.
Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant gazetted tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Income for agency services is recognised on a monthly basis once the income collected on behalf of agents has been quantified. The income recognised is in terms of the agency agreement.

Finance income from the sale of housing by way of instalment sales agreements or finance leases is recognised on a time proportion basis.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risk is passed to the consumer.
Revenue from public contributions is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met. Where public contributions have been received but the municipality has not met the condition, a liability is recognised.

Durban Marine Theme (Proprietory) Limited recognises revenue from entrance parking fees and sales immediately upon receipt.

All other revenue is recognised as it accrues.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 <br> <br> ACCOUNTING POLICIES 

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### 1.25 Revenue (continued)

### 1.26.2 Revenue from non-exchange transactions

This refers to transactions where the municipality received revenue from another entity without giving approximately equal value in exchange.

Revenue from property rates is recognised when the legal entitlement to this revenue arises. Collection charges are recognised when such amounts are legally enforceable. Penalty interest on unpaid rates is recognised on a time proportion basis with reference to the principal amount and the effective interest rate applicable.

Fines constitute both spot fines and summonses. Revenue from spot fines and summonses is recognised bases on management's best estimate of the probable inflows.

Donations are recognised on a cash receipt basis or where the donation is in the form of property, plant and equipment, at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when ownership of the items of property, plant and equipment is transferred to the municipality.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

### 1.26 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, regardless of how the borrowing costs are applied.

### 1.27 Translation of foreign currencies

## Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the prevailing exchange rate on the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in such foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange differences are included in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.28 Comparatives information

### 1.27.1 Current year comparatives

Budgeted amounts have been included in an annexure to these financial statements for the current financial year only.

### 1.27.2 Prior year comparatives

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

### 1.29 Unauthorised expenditure

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in the form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance. Where unauthorised expenditure is not approved, upon the finalisation of an investigation, it is recovered from the responsible person and the amount received is accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1.30 Fruitless and wasteful expenditure

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.If the expenditure is not condoned by the relevant authority, upon the finalisation of an investigation, it is accounted for as a current asset in the Statement of Financial Position until such time as the expenditure is recovered from the responsible person or written off as irrecoverable in the Statement of Financial Performance.

### 1.31 Irregular expenditure

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's supply chain management policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure in the Statement of Financial Performance. If the expenditure is not condoned by the relevant authority , upon the finalisation of an investigation, it is treated as a current asset until it is recovered or written off as irrecoverable in the Statement of Financial Performance.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

2. Inventories

| Unsold Properties held for re-sale | 152,129 | 55,553 | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Food and beverages | 3,193 | 2,405 | - | - |
| Consumable stores | 33,305 | 341,731 | 332,112 | 340,726 |
| Maintenance materials | 89 | 72 | 89 | 72 |
| Water | 13,630 | 12,640 | 13,630 | 12,640 |
| Merchandise | 2,336 | 2,541 | - | - |
|  | $\mathbf{5 0 4 , 6 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 4 , 9 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 4 5 , 8 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 3 , 4 3 8}$ |

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense during the period in respect of water sales was R1 729m (2015: R1 662m).
3. Loan to municipal entity

## Controlled entity

$\begin{array}{llll}\text { ICC Durban (Proprietary) Limited } & - & - & - \\ 226,590\end{array}$

This loan was re-classified to Investments in Municipal Entities in the current year. In the prior year this loan was unsecured, interest free and had no fixed date of repayment. The shareholder had not requested repayment of the loan since cash and cash equivalents of the entity had been allocated to future expenditure such that the entity maintained an acceptable standard within the world conferencing environment.
4. Investments

| Designated at fair value | 6,620,000 | 5,499,990 | 6,620,000 | 5,499,990 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Non-current assets

| Fixed Deposit | - | 500,000 | - | 500,000 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed Deposit | $6,620,000$ | $4,999,990$ | $6,620,000$ | $4,999,990$ |  |

Investments are non-derivative financial assets and are classified at fair value and are held to maturity.Investments will mature within two to four months, therefore cost equates fair value. The Municipality does not hold its investments for trading purpose. Management determines the classification of its investments at the time of acquisition and reevaluates such declaration on an annual basis.Investments held for less than 12 months are recognised at cost. Investments with maturities greater than 12 months are recognised at fair value.
5. Receivables from exchange transactions

| Provision for Bad debts - Other (mainly in respect | $(1,105,719)$ | $(1,076,876)$ | $(1,105,719)$ | $(1,076,876)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| of Sundry services and interest on outstanding |  |  |  |  |
| debt) | 40,965 | 40,458 | 36,902 | 37,389 |
| Prepayments | $(2,213,844)$ | $(2,018,471)$ | $(2,213,844)$ | $(2,018,471)$ |
| Provision for Bad Debts - DOHS | $3,015,354$ | $2,145,665$ | $2,994,977$ | $2,123,487$ |
| Other Debtors (mainly in respect of sundry |  |  |  |  |
| services and interest on outstanding debt) | $3,552,306$ | $3,389,321$ | $3,552,306$ | $3,389,321$ |
| Debtor - DOHS | 173,233 | 433,077 | 173,233 | 433,077 |
| Accruals | $\mathbf{3 , 4 6 2 , 2 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 1 3 , 1 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 4 3 7 , 8 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 8 8 7 , 9 2 7}$ |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

6. Receivables from non-exchange transactions

| Fines <br> Provision for Bad Debts - Traffic Fines | $1,727,015$ <br> $(1,489,674)$ | $1,191,515$ <br> $(953,212)$ | $1,727,015$ <br> $(1,489,674)$ | $1,191,515$ <br> $(953,212)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 3 7 , 3 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 8 , 3 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 7 , 3 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 3 8 , \mathbf { 3 0 3 }}$ |

7. VAT

| VAT reconciliation | $(49,962)$ | $(78,988)$ | $(58,741)$ | $(82,316)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| VAT payable | $(49,962)$ | $(78,988)$ | $(58,741)$ | $(82,316)$ |
| Net Vat |  |  |  |  |

Municipality:
VAT is payable on the receipts basis. Only once payment is received from debtors is VAT paid over to SARS.
8. Consumer debtors

| Gross balances |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rates | 2,390,308 | 2,164,207 | 2,390,308 | 2,164,207 |
| Electricity | 1,136,978 | 1,350,460 | 1,136,978 | 1,350,460 |
| Water | 1,728,057 | 1,479,077 | 1,737,510 | 1,482,316 |
| Refuse | 147,485 | 120,439 | 147,485 | 120,439 |
| Business service levies | - | 3,765 |  | 3,765 |
| Housing rental | 78,996 | 64,790 | 78,996 | 64,790 |
| Waste water | 288,762 | 251,215 | 288,762 | 251,215 |
| ICC Debtors | 4,635 | 4,630 |  |  |
|  | 5,775,221 | 5,438,583 | 5,780,039 | 5,437,192 |
| Less: Allowance for impairment |  |  |  |  |
| Rates | $(960,090)$ | $(961,000)$ | $(960,090)$ | $(961,000)$ |
| Electricity | $(249,531)$ | $(195,907)$ | $(249,531)$ | $(195,907)$ |
| Water | $(1,507,658)$ | $(1,081,604)$ | $(1,507,658)$ | (1,081,604) |
| Refuse | $(51,964)$ | $(80,130)$ | $(51,964)$ | $(80,130)$ |
| Business service levies | - | $(3,765)$ | - | $(3,765)$ |
| Housing rental | $(72,369)$ | $(56,813)$ | $(72,369)$ | $(56,813)$ |
| Waste water | $(165,914)$ | $(132,805)$ | $(165,914)$ | $(132,805)$ |
| ICC Debtors | - | (657) |  |  |
|  | (3,007,526) | (2,512,681) | (3,007,526) | (2,512,024) |
| Net balance |  |  |  |  |
| Rates | 1,430,218 | 1,203,207 | 1,430,218 | 1,203,207 |
| Electricity | 887,447 | 1,154,553 | 887,447 | 1,154,553 |
| Water | 220,399 | 397,473 | 229,852 | 400,712 |
| Refuse | 95,521 | 40,309 | 95,521 | 40,309 |
| Housing rental | 6,627 | 7,977 | 6,627 | 7,977 |
| Waste water | 122,848 | 118,410 | 122,848 | 118,410 |
| ICC Debtors | 4,635 | 3,973 | - | - |
|  | 2,767,695 | 2,925,902 | 2,772,513 | 2,925,168 |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

8. Consumer debtors (continued)

| Included in above is receivables from |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| exchange transactions |  |  |  |  |
| Electricity | 887,447 | $1,154,553$ | 887,447 | $1,154,553$ |
| Water | 220,399 | 397,473 | 229,852 | 400,712 |
| Waste water | 122,848 | 118,410 | 122,848 | 118,410 |
| Refuse | 95,521 | 40,309 | 95,521 | 40,309 |
| Housing rental | 6,627 | 7,977 | 6,627 | 7,977 |
| ICC Debtors | 4,635 | 3,973 | - | - |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 3 3 7 , 4 7 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 2 2 , 6 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 4 2 , 2 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 2 1 , 9 6 1}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Included in above is receivables from non- |  |  |  |  |
| exchange transactions (taxes and transfers) |  |  |  |  |
| Rates | $1,430,218$ | $1,203,207$ | $1,430,218$ | $1,203,207$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net balance | $\mathbf{2 , 7 6 7 , 6 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 2 5 , 9 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 7 2 , 5 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 2 5 , 1 6 8}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Rates |  |  |  |  |
| Current (0 -30 days) | 973,640 | 213,242 | 973,640 | 213,242 |
| $31-60$ days | 100,608 | 63,404 | 100,608 | 63,404 |
| $61-90$ days | 38,693 | 46,182 | 38,693 | 46,182 |
| $91-120$ days | 29,861 | 40,554 | 29,861 | 40,554 |
| $121-365$ days | 935,282 | $1,540,640$ | 935,282 | $1,50,640$ |
| $>365$ days | 312,224 | 260,185 | 312,224 | 260,185 |
|  | $\mathbf{2 , 3 9 0 , 3 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 6 4 , 2 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 3 9 0 , 3 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 1 6 4 , 2 0 7}$ |

Electricity, Water, Solid Waste and Waste

| Water |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current 0 - 30 days $)$ | $1,097,279$ | $1,216,835$ | $1,106,552$ | $1,220,074$ |
| $31-60$ days | 21,240 | 263,958 | 212,240 | 263,958 |
| $61-90$ days | 90,253 | 79,530 | 90,253 | 79,530 |
| $91-120$ days | 77,241 | 72,923 | 77,421 | 72,923 |
| $>365$ days | $1,824,269$ | $1,567,945$ | $1,824,269$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 6 7 , 9 4 5}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{3 , 3 0 1 , 2 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 2 0 1 , 1 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 3 1 0 , 7 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 2 0 4 , 4 3 0}$ |

Regional services levies

| $>365$ days | - | 3,765 | - | 3,765 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Housing rental |  |  |  |  |
| Current $(0-30$ days $)$ | 6,833 | 7,416 | 6,833 | 7,416 |
| $31-60$ days | 1,743 | 1,146 | 1,743 | 1,146 |
| $61-90$ days | 1,275 | 1,240 | 1,275 | 1,240 |
| $91-120$ days | 1,415 | 1,218 | 1,415 | 1,218 |
| $121-365$ days | 67,730 | 53,770 | 67,730 | 53,770 |
|  | $\mathbf{7 8 , 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 , 7 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{7 8 , 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 , 7 9 0}$ |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

8. Consumer debtors (continued)
I.C.C. Debtors

| Current $(0-30$ days $)$ | 4,535 | 23 | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| $31-60$ days | 29 | 3,079 | - |  |
| $61-90$ days | 12 | - | - | - |
| $91-120$ days | - | 1,528 | - |  |
| $121-365$ days | 59 | - | - | - |
|  | 4,635 | $\mathbf{4 , 6 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | - |

Reconciliation of allowance for impairment

| Balance at beginning of the year | $(2,512,681)$ | $(2,008,961)$ | $(2,512,024)$ | $(2,008,078)$ |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Contributions to allowance | $(576,626)$ | $(615,041)$ | $(577,102)$ | $(615,257)$ |
| Debt impairment written off against allowance | 81,781 | 111,321 | 81,600 | 11,311 |
|  | $\mathbf{( 3 , 0 0 7 , 5 2 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 5 1 2 , 6 8 1 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 , 0 0 7 , 5 2 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 5 1 2 , 0 2 4 )}$ |

9. Long-term receivables

| Loan: DPDC | 96,585 | 171,671 | 96,585 | 171,671 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Housing Selling scheme loans | 124,153 | 126,864 | 124,153 | 126,864 |
| First Metro Housing Loans | 11,929 | 13,077 | 11,929 | 11,077 |
| Land sales | 1,010 | 2,101 | 1,010 | 2,101 |
| Education Loans | 10,682 | 15,478 | 10,682 | 15,478 |
| Debt Impairment: DPDC | $(96,585)$ | $(171,671)$ | $(96,585)$ | $(171,671)$ |
| Debt Impairment:Housing Selling scheme loans | $(64,362)$ | $(63,790)$ | $(64,362)$ | $(63,790)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{8 3 , 4 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 3 , 7 3 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 3 , 4 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 3 , 7 3 0}$ |

Less: Current portion transferred to current receivables

| Housing Selling scheme loans | 37,873 | 5,119 | 37,873 | 5,119 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| First Metro Housing Loans | 828 | 1,147 | 828 | 1,147 |
| Land sales | 1,010 | 2,101 | 1,010 | 2,101 |
| Education Loans | 1,884 | 2,599 | 1,884 | $\mathbf{2 , 5 9 9}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{4 1 , 5 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 1 , 5 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 6 6}$ |
| Long-term receivables - Non-current portion | 41,817 | 82,764 | 41,817 | 82,764 |
| Long-term receivables - Current portion | 41,595 | 10,966 | 41,595 | $\mathbf{1 0 , 9 6 6}$ |

## Education Loans

These loans relate to students who are studying full-time at Universities in the Engineering disciplines. The cost covers tuition fees, books and subsistence. On successful completion of the course the students are, in terms of contractual obligations, employed by the Municipality. A pro-rata share of these costs are then written back as operating costs in annual instalments equal to the number of years studied. These loans (bursaries) are interest free.

## Housing selling scheme loans

Housing loans are granted to qualifying individuals in terms of the provincial administration housing programme. These loans attract interest in terms of the State Directives and Guidelines and are repayable over 20 years.

## Housing First Metro loan

These loans attract interest at a fixed rate of $10 \%$ and are repayable over 20 years.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

10. Cash and Bank Balances

Refer to note 48 for details on Bank accounts and balances.
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

| Cash on hand | 11,754 | 19,673 | 11,160 | 18,330 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bank balances | $1,008,364$ | 863,485 | 919,553 | 802,933 |
| Bank balances and cash | $1,020,118$ | 883,158 | 930,713 | 821,263 |
| Bank overdraft | $(830,009)$ | $(687,496)$ | $(830,009)$ | $(687,496)$ |
|  | 190,109 | 195,662 | 100,704 | 133,767 |
| Call Investment Deposits | 406,220 | 471,113 | 195,000 | 265,000 |
| Investments | $6,620,000$ | $5,499,990$ | $6,620,000$ | $5,499,990$ |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | $\mathbf{7 , 2 1 6 , 3 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 1 6 6 , 7 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 9 1 5 , 7 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 8 9 8 , 7 5 7}$ |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30,2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Reconciliation of investment property - Group - 2016
Revenue Generating

Non-revenue Generating | Revenue Generating |
| :--- |
| Non-revenue Generating |
| Total |

| ciation | Total |
| ---: | :--- |
|  |  |
| $(4,277)$ | 116,533 |
| - | 188,743 |
| $\mathbf{( 4 , 2 7 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 5 , 2 7 6}$ |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30,2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand |  |  |  |
| 11. Investment property (continued) |  |  |  |
| Reconciliation of investment property - Group - 2015 |  |  |  |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 11. Investment property (continued)

## Group

Durban Marine Theme Park (Pty) Ltd: Investment property comprises the Village Walk retail shopping mall from which rental income is derived. The original cost of this property including land was approximately R69 million. The directors fair value thereof is R141 million (2015: R136 million) based on a valuation method of net rental return, capitalised at a fair value market rate of return of $12 \%$ (2015: 12\%).
eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30,2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
12. Property, plant and equipment

| Group | 2016 |  |  | 2015 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cost | Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment | Carrying value | Cost | Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment | Carrying value |
| Land and Buildings | 6,497,693 | $(1,534,887)$ | 4,962,806 | 7,924,341 | $(1,341,601)$ | 6,582,740 |
| Infrastructure | 40,941,406 | $(8,741,332)$ | 32,200,074 | 35,213,079 | $(7,710,831)$ | 27,502,248 |
| Community | 4,987,546 | $(987,385)$ | 4,000,161 | 4,829,998 | $(862,069)$ | 3,967,929 |
| Other property, plant and equipment | 7,598,091 | $(5,004,381)$ | 2,593,710 | 7,336,655 | $(4,564,809)$ | 2,771,846 |
| Housing Development Fund | 131,032 | $(83,535)$ | 47,497 | 129,784 | $(66,190)$ | 63,594 |
| Total | 60,155,768 | $(16,351,520)$ | 43,804,248 | 55,433,857 | $(14,545,500)$ | 40,888,357 |


| Municipality | 2016 |  |  | 2015 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cost | Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment | Carrying value | Cost | Accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment | Carrying value |
| Land and Buildings | 5,147,747 | $(1,059,086)$ | 4,088,661 | 6,583,473 | $(911,646)$ | 5,671,827 |
| Infrastructure | 40,941,406 | $(8,741,332)$ | 32,200,074 | 35,213,079 | $(7,710,831)$ | 27,502,248 |
| Community | 4,987,546 | $(987,385)$ | 4,000,161 | 4,829,998 | $(862,069)$ | 3,967,929 |
| Other property, plant and equipment | 7,339,651 | $(4,840,335)$ | 2,499,316 | 7,106,357 | $(4,410,996)$ | 2,695,361 |
| Housing Development Fund | 130,616 | $(67,357)$ | 63,259 | 129,784 | $(66,190)$ | 63,594 |
| Total | 58,546,966 | $(15,695,495)$ | 42,851,471 | 53,862,691 | $(13,961,732)$ | 39,900,959 |

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - Group - 2016
eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

|  | Opening balance | Additions | Disposals | Transfers | Work in Progress | Depreciation | Impairment loss | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land and Buildings | 6,582,740 | 58,307 | (813) | - | $(1,484,142)$ | $(193,286)$ | - | 4,962,806 |
| Infrastructure | 27,502,248 | 1,819,829 | (56) | - | 3,908,575 | $(1,028,707)$ | $(1,815)$ | 32,200,074 |
| Community | 3,967,929 | 78,839 | - | - | 78,709 | $(121,412)$ | $(3,904)$ | 4,000,161 |
| Other property, plant and equipment | 2,771,846 | 331,843 | $(4,403)$ | $(1,594)$ | 14,438 | $(517,717)$ | (703) | 2,593,710 |
| Housing Development Fund | 63,594 | 168 | (104) | - | 1,184 | $(17,345)$ | - | 47,497 |
|  | 40,888,357 | 2,288,986 | $(5,376)$ | $(1,594)$ | 2,518,764 | $(1,878,467)$ | $(6,422)$ | 43,804,248 |
| Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - Group - 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Opening balance | Additions | Disposals | Transfers | Work in Progress | Depreciation | Impairment loss | Total |
| Land and Buildings | 5,503,739 | 241,737 | (144) | 60 | 1,011,151 | $(173,803)$ | - | 6,582,740 |
| Infrastructure | 25,525,075 | 1,629,279 | (783) | 17 | 1,309,021 | $(958,032)$ | $(2,329)$ | 27,502,248 |
| Community | 3,964,978 | 73,956 | - | - | 51,982 | $(120,229)$ | $(2,758)$ | 3,967,929 |
| Other property, plant and equipment | 3,004,146 | 342,809 | $(7,979)$ | (761) | $(25,990)$ | $(540,584)$ | 205 | 2,771,846 |
| Housing Development Fund | 65,190 | 170 | (172) | - | - | $(1,594)$ | - | 63,594 |
|  | 38,063,128 | 2,287,951 | $(9,078)$ | (684) | 2,346,164 | $(1,794,242)$ | $(4,882)$ | 40,888,357 |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30,2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)
Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - Municipality - 2016

|  | Opening balance | Additions | Disposals | Transfers | Work in Progress | Depreciation | Impairment loss | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land and Buildings | 5,671,827 | 48,364 | - | - | (1,484,090) | $(147,440)$ | - | 4,088,661 |
| Infrastructure | 27,502,248 | 1,819,829 | (56) | - | 3,908,575 | $(1,028,707)$ | $(1,815)$ | 32,200,074 |
| Community | 3,967,929 | 78,839 | - | - | 78,709 | $(121,412)$ | $(3,904)$ | 4,000,161 |
| Other property, plant and equipment | 2,695,361 | 303,422 | $(3,960)$ | $(1,594)$ | 14,438 | $(507,648)$ | (703) | 2,499,316 |
| Housing Development Fund | 63,594 | 168 | (104) | - | 1,184 | $(1,583)$ | - | 63,259 |
|  | 39,900,959 | 2,250,622 | $(4,120)$ | $(1,594)$ | 2,518,816 | $(1,806,790)$ | $(6,422)$ | 42,851,471 |

Reconciliation of property, plant and equipment - Municipality - 2015

|  | Opening balance | Additions | Disposals | Transfers | Work in Progress | Depreciation | Impairment loss | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Land and Buildings | 4,548,602 | 240,629 | (40) | 60 | 1,011,151 | $(128,575)$ | - | 5,671,827 |
| Infrastructure | 25,525,075 | 1,629,279 | (783) | 17 | 1,309,021 | $(958,032)$ | $(2,329)$ | 27,502,248 |
| Community | 3,964,978 | 73,956 | - | - | 51,982 | $(120,229)$ | $(2,758)$ | 3,967,929 |
| Other property, plant and equipment | 2,930,560 | 314,658 | $(7,182)$ | (761) | $(25,686)$ | $(516,433)$ | 205 | 2,695,361 |
| Housing Development Fund | 65,190 | 170 | (172) | ( |  | $(1,594)$ | - | 63,594 |
|  | 37,034,405 | 2,258,692 | $(8,177)$ | (684) | 2,346,468 | $(1,724,863)$ | $(4,882)$ | 39,900,959 |

Included in Property, Plant and Equipment above are items that are still in use and that have a historical cost of R442m (2015: R410m) but are fully depreciated. This amount is made up as follows: Landfill (Disposal sites) - R282million; PPE fully impaired - R160million. The Net Impairment loss of R6 422 m is made up of reversal of impairment of R5 725m and the impairment loss of R12 147 m .
eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30,2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
13. Intangible assets

| Group | 2016 |  |  | 2015 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cost | Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment | Carrying value | Cost | Accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment | Carrying value |
| Servitudes | 54,622 | - | 54,622 | 50,107 | - | 50,107 |
| Computer software | 1,259,191 | $(415,618)$ | 843,573 | 1,109,559 | $(294,368)$ | 815,191 |
| Total | 1,313,813 | $(415,618)$ | 898,195 | 1,159,666 | $(294,368)$ | 865,298 |


eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30,2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements


## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

14. Heritage assets

| Group | 2016 |  |  | 2015 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cost / Valuation | Accumulated impairment losses | Carrying value | Cost / Valuation | Accumulated impairment losses | Carrying value |
| Art Collections, antiquities and exhibits | 24,267 |  | 24,267 | 19,725 |  | 19,725 |
| Municipality | 2016 |  |  | 2015 |  |  |
|  | Cost / Valuation | Accumulated impairment losses | Carrying value | Cost / Valuation | Accumulated impairment losses | Carrying value |
| Art Collections, antiquities and exhibits | 24,267 |  | 24,267 | 19,725 |  | 19,725 |

Reconciliation of heritage assets Group - 2016

|  | Opening <br> balance | Additions | Transfers |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | Total | Art Collections, antiquities and exhibits |
| :--- |

Reconciliation of heritage assets Group - 2015

|  | Opening <br> balance | Additions | Transfers | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Art Collections, antiquities and exhibits | 19,277 | 482 | (34) | 19,725 |

Reconciliation of heritage assets Municipality - 2016

|  | Opening <br> balance | Additions | Transfers | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Art Collections, antiquities and exhibits | 19,725 | 3,651 | 891 | 24,267 |

Reconciliation of heritage assets Municipality - 2015

|  | Opening <br> balance <br> 19,277 | Additions | Transfers | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Art Collections, antiquities and exhibits | 482 | $(34)$ | 19,725 |  |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 14. Heritage assets (continued)

Heritage assets which fair values cannot be reliably measured
The following items of heritage assets cannot be reliably valued due to the nature of the items. These are categories of Heritage assets which reflect the number of assets for each category:

| Ornithology | 38,349 | 39,429 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Mammalogy | 18,741 |  |
| Entomology | 140,024 | 140,474 |
| Arachnology | 619 | 706 |
| Echinodermata | 36 | 36 |
| Palaeontology | 33,302 | 184,200 |
| Ethnographic | 11,759 | 4,100 |
| Library collection | 4,794 | 3,260 |
| Conchology | 5,126 |  |
| Audio Visual collection | 3,668 | 625 |
| Numismatic | 2,464 |  |
| Textile \& Costume | 14,442 | 13,183 |
| Glass \& Ceramics | 7,863 | 3,366 |
| Other Historical | 1,105 | 17,938 |
| Don Africana Books \& Periodicals | 4,556 | 3,471 |
| Exhibitions | 894 | 451 |
| Ichthyology | 351 | 246 |
| Herpetology | 2,757 | 3,073 |
| Biographical | 1,191 | 12,470 |
| Toys | 4,415 | 2,669 |
| Philatery | 2,247 | $1,918,566$ |
| War memorials | 113 | 1,950 |
| Firearms | 168 | 154 |
| Paintings | 7,365 | 523 |
| Photographic | $3,846,903$ | 23,000 |
| Furniture | 674 |  |
| Documents / Cartoons / Plans | 633,597 |  |
| Pinetown Library Collection | 228 | 985 |

## Heritage assets which fair values cannot be reliably measured

Some of the items as previously reported above have been reclassified in the current year in terms of the categories. The Municipality has undertaken valuations to determine fair values of its Heritage Assets. Heritage assets have been under review since 2011, with an effort to ensure that the Municipality complies with collections management principles, as well as GRAP 103 compliance.
The Municipality did apply a valuation methodology and completed the exercise on certain classes of Heritage Assets after extensive research, reviewing benchmarks, both nationally and internationally, including consulting research papers that have been compiled on this subject matter.
On some classes of Heritage Assets the Municipality has started the process of creating a comprehensive inventory of heritage assets and have developed an action plan to assist the completion of this task.
Because there is no active market for some of the items of Heritage Assets, the municipality is currently testing various valuation methodologies in order to determine the fair value of the Heritage Assets, however, GRAP 103 does allows the entity to determine fair value by using a replacement cost approach in cases where there is no active market and the Municipality has followed this approach.
No Heritage Assets were pledged as security for liabilities during the financial year end.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 15. Investments in Municipal Entities

| Name of company | $\%$ holding $\%$ holding |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Carrying }\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Carrying }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| amount 2015 |  |  |  |  |$]$

The Shareholders loan was re-classified from "Loan to Municipal Entities" in the current year. At its meeting on 22 June 2016, and taking cognizance of the International Convention Centre and Durban Marine Theme Park, Council confirmed its commitment to ensuring the future financial viability of the International Convention Centre and the Durban Marine Theme Park and more specifically to meet any funding shortfalls that may compromise their ability to continue trading as a "going concern". Impairment for the year amounted to R75 876m (2015: impairment reversal of R84 631m).

As at June 30, 2016
$\left.\begin{array}{lrr} & \begin{array}{c}\text { ICC Durban } \\ \text { (Proprietary) } \\ \text { Limited }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Durban } \\ \text { Marine Theme } \\ \text { Park }\end{array} \\ \text { (SOC) }\end{array}\right\}$

## As at June 30, 2015

$\left.\begin{array}{lrr} & \begin{array}{c}\text { ICC Durban } \\ \text { (Proprietary) } \\ \text { Limited }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Durban } \\ \text { Marine Theme } \\ \text { Park }\end{array} \\ \text { (Proprietary) }\end{array}\right\}$

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 16. Interest in joint ventures

| Name of company | Listed / <br> Unlisted | Carrying amount 2016 | Carrying amount 2015 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Effingham development | 66.74\% | 74,309 | 66,546 |
| Durban Point Development Company (Pty) Ltd | 50.00\% | 75,716 |  |
| Impairment of DPDC Joint Venture |  | $\begin{aligned} & 150,025 \\ & (75,716) \end{aligned}$ | 66,546 |
|  |  | 74,309 | 66,546 |

This represents a $66.74 \%$ investment in Effingham Development and a $50 \%$ investment in Durban Point Development Company (Joint Ventures).

The Effingham Development Joint Venture is a joint venture entered into with Moreland Developments (Pty)Ltd. The joint venture was formed with the objective of developing and marketing the serviced sites of the Effingham/Avoca (Riverhorse Valley Business Estate) land and Phoenix South (Bridge City) land.

In September 2015 Ethekwini Municipality acquired a 50\% shareholding in Durban Point Development Company from the Durban Infrastructure Development Trust. The acquisition was approved via a Council resolution dated 29 August 2014.

The Durban Infrastructure Development Trust was established as a private Trust. The objective of the Trust was to promote development within the area of jurisdiction of Ebhodwe (now part of Ethekwini Municipality). The Trust was involved in the development of the ICC, Ushaka Marine World and Durban Development. For the purposes of the Point Development, the Trust entered into a Joint Venture with Rocpoint Company, a Malaysian Company, to form the Durban Point Development Company. This company has been driving the development of the Point Precinct. The project stalled when the Malaysians withdrew because of an economic meltdown in their country. They are now in a position to continue with the project.

The Trust had loan accounts owing to the Municipality. The loans granted by the Municipality to the Trust were equal to the Trust's right, title and interest in the shares and loan accounts held in Durban Point Development Company.

Based on the annual impairment test performed, the interest in Durban Point Development Company was considered to be impaired.

Summary of the municipality's interest in the joint venture - Effingham Development

| Non-current assets |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Township Property | 58,779 | 55,553 |
| Current assets - Debtors | 16,062 | 22,081 |
| Current assets - Bank Balances and Cash on hand | 20,665 | 13,110 |
| Total Assets | $\mathbf{9 5 , 5 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 0 , 7 4 4}$ |
| Equity and Liabilities |  |  |
| Members Loan Accounts | 74,309 | 66,546 |
| Current liabilities - Creditors | 21,197 | 24,198 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | $\mathbf{9 5 , 5 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 0 , 7 4 4}$ |
|  |  |  |
| Reconciliation of Investment in Joint Venture | 66,546 | 61,678 |
| Balance at beginning of year | $\mathbf{7 , 7 6 3}$ | 4,969 |
| Share of Income for the year | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 0 1 )}$ |
| Payment made | $\mathbf{7 4 , 3 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 6 , 5 4 6}$ |
| Balance at end of year |  |  |

Summary of the municipality's interest in the joint venture - Durban Point Development Company
Non-current assets - Property
2,675

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

16. Interest in joint ventures (continued)

Current assets - Debtors 1,639
Current assets - Inventory 93,350
Current assets - Bank Balances and Cash on 1,279
hand
TOTAL ASSETS $\quad \mathbf{9 8 , 9 4 3}$
Equity - Accumulated Loss (20,573)
Equity - Loans from shareholders 78,466
Non-current liability - Rates Liability 39,558
Current Liabilities - Creditors 1,492
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES $\underline{\mathbf{9 8 , 9 4 3}}$
17. External Borrowings
Designated at fair value
Annuity loan

Debenture $\quad$|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $9,236,359$ | $10,242,519$ | $9,236,359$ | $10,241,146$ |
|  | - | 90,000 | - |  |

The fair value of all long term loans approximates their book values.
Refer to Note 53 for more detail on long-term liabilities.
DBSA Phase 2 and Phase 3 loans of R400million each are separately secured, each by a cession of an acceptable revenue stream of R20 million p.a. as security. The DBSA Phase 2 loan of R400million is a floating interest rate contract, and in order to mitigate the floating interest rate exposure, the Municipality entered into a fixed interest rate swap agreement with Standard Corporate \& Merchant Bank.

DBSA Phase 5 of R300m is seperately secured by a cession of an acceptable revenue stream of R15 million p.a. as security .

AFD Calyon of R58.7m is seperately secured by a cession of carbon credit income in the event of default or nonpayment. The income is estimated to be R5m for the year 2016/17 (excluding VAT).

All other loans are unsecured.
The Municipality has budgeted to borrow R1billion per annum for the next 3 financial years (commencing in 2016/17) in order to finance capital expenditure. This practice is consistent with prior years.

Non-current liabilities

| Designated at fair value | $8,170,657$ | $9,249,745$ | $8,170,657$ | $9,249,268$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Current liabilities <br> Designated at fair value |  |  |  |  |

18. Payables from exchange transactions

| Trade payables | $1,791,088$ | $2,328,223$ | $1,768,754$ | $2,305,740$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Payments received in advance | 5,770 | 47,357 | 53,703 | 47,215 |
| Income received in advance - D.O.H.S | 82,203 | 709,954 | 822,203 | 709,954 |
| Other payables | $2,277,412$ | $1,354,326$ | $2,243,884$ | $1,368,864$ |
| Retentions | 286,662 | 219,315 | 286,662 | 219,315 |
| Bank deposits not receipted | 427,327 | 206,338 | 427,327 | 206,338 |
| Staff leave | 461,580 | 436,246 | 461,580 | 436,246 |
| Deferred Expenditure (Straight-lining of Leases) | 31,131 | 29,513 | 31,131 | 29,513 |
|  | $\mathbf{6 , 1 5 1 , 1 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 3 3 1 , 2 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 0 9 5 , 2 4 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 3 2 3 , 1 8 5}$ |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

19. Consumer deposits

| I.C.C.: Clients deposits | 40,872 | 18,988 | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Electricity | $1,323,037$ | $1,178,134$ | $1,324,634$ | $1,179,569$ |
| Water | 346,659 | 309,047 | 346,659 | 309,047 |
| Interest | 232,527 | 204,442 | 232,527 | 204,442 |
| Ushaka: Rental deposits | 2,434 | 2,079 | - | - |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 9 4 5 , 5 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 1 2 , 6 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 0 3 , 8 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 9 3 , 0 5 8}$ |

Included in eThekwini Municipality's deposits is an accrual of interest at an effective interest rate of 3\% per annum (2015: $3 \%$ ) which is paid to consumers when deposits are refunded.
20. Employee benefit obligations

The amounts recognised in the statement of financial position are as follows:

| Carrying value |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Post-employment medical benefits | $(3,881,543)$ | $(3,497,714)$ | $(3,881,543)$ | $(3,497,714)$ |
| Post-employment pension benefits | 377,616 | 523,431 | 377,616 | 523,431 |
|  | $\mathbf{( 3 , 5 0 3 , 9 2 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 9 7 4 , 2 8 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 , 5 0 3 , 9 2 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 9 7 4 , 2 8 3 )}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-current liabilities | $(2,949,887)$ | $(2,353,172)$ | $(2,949,887)$ | $(2,353,172)$ |
| Current liabilities | $(554,040)$ | $(621,111)$ | $(554,040)$ | $(621,111)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{( 3 , 5 0 3 , 9 2 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 9 7 4 , 2 8 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 , 5 0 3 , 9 2 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 9 7 4 , 2 8 3 )}$ |

## Actuarial Valuations:

The actuarial valuations were done by Independent Actuaries \& Consultants, an independent post retirement plan administrator and they determined that the retirement plan was in a sound financial position. Assumptions applied in the current period are summarised in the reconciliation of the actuarial gains and losses.

## Net Actuarial Gain / (Loss): Post-employment Medical Benefits

| Acturial gains and (losses) arising from changes <br> in financial assumptions | $(9,767)$ | $(46,189)$ | $(9,767)$ | $(46,189)$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acturial gains and (losses) arising from changes <br> in demographic assumptions | - | 202,692 |  | - |
| Acturial gains and (losses) arising from <br> experience adjustments | $(21,796)$ | $(179,321)$ | $(21,796)$ | $(179,321)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{( 3 1 , 5 6 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 2 , 8 1 8 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 1 , 5 6 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 2 , 8 1 8 )}$ |

Net Actuarial Gain / (Loss): Post-employment Pension Benefits

| Change in economic assumptions | $(247,821)$ | 169,863 | $(247,821)$ | 169,863 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Experience variance and data changes | 295,875 | 340,906 | 295,875 | 340,906 |
|  | $\mathbf{4 8 , 0 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 0 , 7 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 8 , 0 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 1 0 , 7 6 9}$ |

## Statement of Financial Performance obligation for:

| Contribution to Post-employment medical benefits | 502,088 | 472,748 | 502,088 | 472,748 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Pension Benefits: Contribution to Funds | 195,368 | $(153,564)$ | 195,368 | $(153,564)$ |
| Total, included in employee benefits expense | $\mathbf{6 9 7 , 4 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 9 , 1 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 7 , 4 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 9 , 1 8 4}$ |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

20. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

## Post-Retirement Medical Aid Plan

The municipality operates on 6 accredited medical aid schemes, namely Key Health, Hosmed, Bonitas, Samwumed, Discovery and LA Health. Pensioners continue on the option they belonged to on the day of their retirement.

Movement in the defined benefit obligation is as follows:

| Balance at beginning of the year | $3,497,714$ | $3,132,817$ | $3,497,714$ | $3,132,817$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current service cost | 157,146 | 152,312 | 157,146 | 152,312 |
| Interest cost | 313,379 | 297,618 | 313,379 | 297,618 |
| Actuarial (gains) losses | 31,563 | 22,818 | 31,563 | 22,818 |
| Benefit payments | $(118,259)$ | $(107,851)$ | $(118,259)$ | $(107,851)$ |
| Balance at end of year | $\mathbf{3 , 8 8 1 , 5 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 4 9 7 , 7 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 8 8 1 , 5 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 4 9 7 , 7 1 4}$ |

Net expense recognised in the Statement of financial performance

| Current service cost | 157,146 | 152,312 | 157,146 | 152,312 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Interest cost | 31,379 | 297,618 | 313,379 | 297,618 |
| Actuarial (gains) losses | 31,563 | 22,818 | 31,563 | 22,818 |
| Total, included in employee benefits expense | $\mathbf{5 0 2 , 0 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 2 , 7 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 2 , 0 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 2 , 7 4 8}$ |

Trend Information - Disclosure Requirement in terms of GRAP 25

|  | 30 June | 30 June | 30 June | 30 June | 30 June |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Present Value of Obligations | $(2,752,683)$ | $(2,867,471)$ | $(3,132,817)$ | $(3,497,714)$ | $(3,881,543)$ |
| Fair Value of Plan Assets | $2,752,683$ | $2,867,471$ | $3,132,817$ | $3,497,714$ | $3,881,543$ |

Experience Adjustments (Actuarial Gain/(Loss) before Changes in Assumptions) In respect of Present Value of $(162,839) \quad(179,531) \quad(120,563) \quad 183,275$
$(21,796)$ Obligations

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 20. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

Disclosure Requirement in terms of GRAP 25

|  | Health Care cost Inflation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Central | -0.5\% | +0.5\% |
|  | Assumption |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 8.76 \% \\ & 3,881,543 \end{aligned}$ | 3,570,933 | 4,232,018 |
| Current Service Cost + Interest Cost 2015/16 | 470,525 | 509,589 | 624,571 |
| Sensitivity Results from Previous Valuation | Central | -1\% | +1\% |
|  | Assumption |  |  |
|  | 7.92\% |  |  |
| Accrued Liability June 30, 2015 | 3,497,714 | 3,131,796 | 3,973,737 |
| Current Service Cost + Interest Cost 2012/13 | 473,124 | 413,755 | 551,452 |

## Disclosure Requirement in terms of GRAP 25:

The employer's best estimate of contributions expected to be paid to the plan during the annual period beginning after the end of reporting period, is R129.2million.

## Key assumptions used

Assumptions used at the reporting date:

| Discount rates used | $9.74 \%$ | $8.91 \%$ | $9.74 \%$ | $8.91 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| General increases to medical aid contributions | $8.76 \%$ | $7.92 \%$ | $8.76 \%$ | $7.92 \%$ |
| Salary Inflation | $8.76 \%$ | $7.40 \%$ | $8.76 \%$ | $7.40 \%$ |
| Expected retirement age | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 |
| Proportion continuing membership at retirement | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| Proportion of retiring members who are married | $80.00 \%$ | $80.00 \%$ | $80.00 \%$ | $80.00 \%$ |
| Real rate (Gap) | $0.90 \%$ | $0.92 \%$ | $0.90 \%$ | $0.92 \%$ |
| General Inflation | $7.26 \%$ | $6.42 \%$ | $7.26 \%$ | $6.42 \%$ |

Other assumptions:
Age of spouse - Husbands 5 years older than wives
Mortality of in-service members - Mortality table based on Durban Pension Fund experience
Mortality of pensioners - based on the $\mathrm{PA}(90)$ mortality tables
Percentage of in-service members withdrawing before retirement:

| Age 20 | $7.85 \%$ | $7.85 \%$ | $7.85 \%$ | $7.85 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Age 25 | $5.67 \%$ | $5.67 \%$ | $5.67 \%$ | $5.67 \%$ |
| Age 30 | $4.20 \%$ | $4.20 \%$ | $4.20 \%$ | $4.20 \%$ |
| Age 35 | $3.31 \%$ | $3.31 \%$ | $3.31 \%$ | $3.31 \%$ |
| Age 40 | $2.23 \%$ | $2.23 \%$ | $2.23 \%$ | $2.23 \%$ |
| Age 45 | $1.21 \%$ | $1.21 \%$ | $1.21 \%$ | $1.21 \%$ |
| Age 50 | $0.55 \%$ | $0.55 \%$ | $0.55 \%$ | $0.55 \%$ |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

20. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

## Pension benefits

The amounts recognised in the Statement of
Financial Position were determined as follows:

| Present value of funded obligations | $11,257,690$ <br> Fair value of plan assets | $10,695,658$ <br> $(11,635,306)$ | $11,257,690$ <br> $(11,219,089)$ | $(11,635,306)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $(11,219,089)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Liability (Surplus) in the Statement of Financial | $\mathbf{( 3 7 7 , 6 1 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 5 2 3 , 4 3 1 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 3 7 7 , 6 1 6 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 5 2 3 , 4 3 1 )}$ |

Position

Net expense recognised in the statement of financial performance

| Service cost | $(143,224)$ | $(103,616)$ | $(143,224)$ | $(103,616)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interest cost | $(938,359)$ | $(942,464)$ | $(938,359)$ | $(942,464)$ |
| Expected return on assets | 980,823 | 1,287,090 | 980,823 | 1,287,090 |
| Net actuarial gains / (losses) recognised in the year | $(94,608)$ | $(745,023)$ | $(94,608)$ | $(745,023)$ |
| Change in unrecognised due to net asset limit | - | 657,577 | - | 657,577 |
|  | $(195,368)$ | 153,564 | $(195,368)$ | 153,564 |

Movement in the defined benefit obligation is as follows:

| Balance at beginning of the year | $(10,695,658)$ | $(10,832,916)$ | $(10,695,658)$ | $(10,832,916)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current service cost | $(143,224)$ | $(103,616)$ | $(143,224)$ | $(103,616)$ |
| Contributions by plan participants | $(18,885)$ | $(19,892)$ | $(18,885)$ | $(19,892)$ |
| Actuarial gains (losses) | 48,054 | 510,769 | 48,054 | 510,769 |
| Interest cost | $(938,359)$ | $(942,464)$ | $(938,359)$ | $(942,464)$ |
| Benefit payments | 490,382 | 692,461 | 490,382 | 692,461 |
| Balance at end of year | $(11,257,690)$ | $\mathbf{( 1 0 , 6 9 5 , 6 5 8 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 1 , 2 5 7 , 6 9 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 0 , 6 9 5 , 6 5 8 )}$ |

Movement in the fair value of plan assets is as follows:

| Balance at beginning of the year | $11,219,089$ | $11,808,164$ | $11,219,089$ | $11,808,164$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Actuarial gains (losses) | $(142,662)$ | $(1,255,792)$ | $(142,662)$ | $(1,255,792)$ |
| Employer contributions | 49,553 | 52,196 | 49,553 | 52,196 |
| Employee contributions | 18,885 | 19,892 | 18,885 | 19,892 |
| Benefit payments | $(490,382)$ | $(692,461)$ | $(490,382)$ | $(692,461)$ |
| Expected return on assets | 980,823 | $1,287,090$ | 980,823 | $1,287,090$ |
| Balance at end of year | $\mathbf{1 1 , 6 3 5 , 3 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 2 1 9 , 0 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 6 3 5 , 3 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 2 1 9 , 0 8 9}$ |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

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## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 20. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

## Disclosure in terms GRAP 25

Defined benefit obligation
Plan assets
Funded status (before applying the net asset limit)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities
Experience adjustments on plan assets

| $(11,257,690)$ | $(10,695,658)$ | $(11,257,690)$ | $(10,695,658)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $11,635,306$ | $11,219,089$ | $11,635,306$ | $11,219,089$ |
| 377,616 | 523,431 | 377,616 | 523,431 |
| $(295,875)$ | $(340,906)$ | $(295,875)$ | $(340,906)$ |
| 142,662 | $1,255,792$ | 142,662 | $1,255,792$ |

The expected return on plan assets was determined with reference to the average nominal yield for government bonds with duration of between 15 and 20 years as at 30 June 2016. The resulting expected return on plan assets was 9.7\%p.a.

The actual return on plan assets (in accordance with paragraph 116 of GRAP 25) for the year ending 30 June 2016 was $0.27 \%$ p.a.

Key assumptions used
The principal actuarial assumptions used were as follows:

| Discount rate | 9.70 | 8.90 | 9.70 | 8.90 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Expected return on plan assets | 9.70 | 8.90 | 9.70 | 8.90 |
| Future salary increases | 8.30 | 7.40 | 8.30 | 7.40 |
| Future pension increases | 7.30 | 6.40 | 7.30 | 6.40 |

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

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| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

20. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

Examples of mortality rates used were as follows: Active members (AII):

| Age 20 | $0.13 \%$ | $0.13 \%$ | $0.13 \%$ | $0.13 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Age 25 | $0.18 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ |
| Age 30 | $0.25 \%$ | $0.25 \%$ | $0.25 \%$ | $0.25 \%$ |
| Age 35 | $0.37 \%$ | $0.37 \%$ | $0.37 \%$ | $0.37 \%$ |
| Age 40 | $0.52 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ |
| Age 45 | $0.72 \%$ | $0.72 \%$ | $0.72 \%$ | $0.72 \%$ |
| Age 50 | $0.99 \%$ | $0.99 \%$ | $0.99 \%$ | $0.99 \%$ |
| Age 55 | $1.37 \%$ | $1.37 \%$ | $1.37 \%$ | $1.37 \%$ |
| Age 60 | $1.89 \%$ | $1.89 \%$ | $1.89 \%$ | $1.89 \%$ |

Financial Position of KZN Municipal Pension Fund and Durban Pension Fund:

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## 20. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

The KZN Municipal Pension Fund is a defined contribution fund and became operational on 2001-11-01. As at 30 June 2016 the KZN Municipal Pension Fund had a membership of 20382 eThekwini staff with R10 765m invested. In the coming year 103 staff who will be turning 63 and are expected to retire. The Fund's in-house living annuity membership has increased to 92 with a total of R142,6m invested.

Most members are invested in the Fund's default portfolio, the 'Managed Fund' with a holding exceeding R9b. Coronation, Foord, Investec, and Prudential, are mandated to make asset allocation and investment decisions in line with a moderately aggressive investment objective given to this portfolio.

The 'Aggressive Fund' portfolio, an alternative investment choice available, has specialist investment mandates with an equity bias, the allocation of which is set to the maximum permitted through regulation.

As an indication, the annual return to the end of June 2016 of the Managed Fund was 6,2\%, and against the trend, the Defensive Fund was the best performer at $9,4 \%$. Such lower than normal returns reflect the correction that occurred in world investment markets over the last 12 months. Interestingly, the fact that the returns are firstly positive, and then, still above inflation, is largely due to gains made from the $25 \%$ offshore allocation.

The Fund continues to move towards becoming fully self-insured. In 2016 the disability insurance became fully selfinsured and the death and funeral self-insurance increased from $20 \%$ to $40 \%$. Of the Employer's $18 \%$ contribution, $14,664 \%$ is now invested into the member investment account, $0,385 \%$ is used for administration cost and related expenses, and $2,951 \%$ goes to the insurance premium. Considering that some years ago members banked less than $14 \%$ in terms of the employer contribution of $18 \%$, the fewer death claims and lower expenses now evident is welcome news for members.

In the preceding 12 months the Fund continued on its member education drive, and again, the annual seminars were held and attracted an audience of some 6000 members. In recognition the Fund was honoured in winning the prestigious Batseta Member Education Fund Challenge Award. Another communication initiative, that of providing retiring members advice at the Front Office, SmartXchange Building, is a service that retiring members are encouraged to make use of.

The need to promote black owned and managed companies in the investment, pension, and insurance sector features important on the agenda of Trustees who are now regularly interacting with these emerging companies. Significate transformation has already occurred with contracts concluded for Insurance (Nestlife), Beneficiary Services (Bophelo), and Investments (Kagiso). An initiative to increase the investment allocation to good performing black owned asset managers is presently under review.

The Durban Pension Fund is a closed defined benefit fund. With effect from 1 June 2015 the Fund has been administered by Alexander Forbes prior to which it was administered by the eThekwini Municipality.

The rules of the Fund require that the financial condition of the Fund be investigated and reported on by the Fund's actuary annually. The statutory valuation as at 2016-01-01 revealed that the Fund was $106.5 \%$ funded (interim 2015-01-01: 103.2\%). The value of assets amounted to R11,27 billion (2015-01-01: R10.94 billion) whist the value of liabilities was determined to be R10,59 billion (2014-01-01: R10.6 billion). The active member pool solvency reserve is 64.5\% funded (2015-01-01: 51.3\%) and the pensioner pool solvency reserve is 100\% funded (2015-01-01: 100\%).

Members and the employer contribute at the rate of $7.5 \%$ and $19.68 \%$ respectively with a further contribution of $9,3 \%$ being required to be funded by the employer surplus account and $1.38 \%$ from the contribution stabilization reserve account with effect 1 August 2016. In compliance with the Fund's rules an amount of R52.8 million (2014/15: R54.0 million) was contributed by Council in respect of retirement funding during the period under review.

## Multi-Employer Retirement Benefit Plans:

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

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| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 20. Employee benefit obligations (continued)

Certain members and Council contribute to the Natal Joint Superannuation, Retirement and Provident Funds (NJMP), SALA, Multi Linked and GEPF. Employees of eThekwini Municipality make up less than $1 \%$ of the total members of the NJMPF. eThekwini's liability in these funds could not be determined owing mainly to the assets not being allocated to each employer and one set of financials being compiled for each fund and not for each employer.

Two of the NJMP retirement funds are defined benefit in nature. The third fund is a provident fund which is a defined contribution fund.
The last actuarial valuations of the two Defined Benefit Funds (March 2015) showed both funds to be fully funded as regards pensions in payment. For the Retirement Fund the fund is underfunded as regards contributing members thus the employers are paying a surcharge. For the Superannuation Fund the fund has sufficient assets to cover the basic liability as regards contributing members, but not any solvency reserves for the contributing members. A primary reason for the surcharge is that salaries have been increased at rates well in excess of inflation over the past number of years, which has increased the liabilities of the two Defined Benefit Funds. (from 2011:Surcharge updated to 17.5\% for Retirement Fund and $9.5 \%$ for Superannuation Fund - please refer to valuation reports available from Fund's website or the Director.)

The three funds cater for employees of all municipalities in KZN.
Each fund is treated as one fund and not as a collection of sub-funds for each participating municipality. In the DB funds any surplus or deficit is spread across all municipalities - each municipality pays the same rate of contribution and the same rate of surcharge. A special additional surcharge is levied individually on municipalities where an employee has received a salary increase that is deemed to be excessive in comparison with the other municipalities. This has the effect of removing some of the cross-subsidisation between municipalities. Other than this, all municipalities are treated in the same manner

Each of the funds undergoes an actuarial valuation each year in order to monitor its financial condition. If necessary the Committee of Management levies a surcharge until the fund is in a sound financial condition, as is currently the case. In this way the Committee ensures that the funds are able to afford the promised benefits.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

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| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

21. Unspent conditional grants and receipts

Unspent conditional grants and receipts comprises of:

| Unspent conditional grants and receipts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electricity Demand Side Management Grant | 8,636 | 3,194 | 8,636 | 3,194 |
| Department of Co-Operative Governance and | 5,000 | 6,445 | 5,000 | 6,445 |
| Traditional Affairs |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Transport and Public Transport | - | 422,175 | - | 422,175 |
| Infrastructure |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Environmental Affairs | 7,838 | 7,962 | 7,838 | 7,962 |
| Neighbourhood Development Partnership | 261 | 18,422 | 261 | 18,422 |
| Department of Arts and Culture | 443,607 | 318,062 | 443,607 | 318,062 |
| Vuna Awards | - | 875 |  | 875 |
| Grant Accreditation | 19,077 | 13,884 | 19,077 | 13,884 |
| Department of Human Settlements | 124,224 | 99,658 | 124,224 | 99,658 |
| Lamontville and R293 Trf Deeds/Administration |  | 1,556 |  | 1,556 |
| European Union | 5,433 | 6,433 | 5,433 | 6,433 |
| Donations and Public Contributions | 54,367 | 54,412 | 54,367 | 54,412 |
| D Moss Interest and Land Sales | 8,073 | 8,073 | 8,073 | 8,073 |
| Public Transport Network Operations | - | 84,709 | - | 84,709 |
| Municipal Human Settlement Capacity Grant | 26,450 | 39,980 | 26,450 | 39,980 |
| Sports and Recreation Grant | 10,000 |  | 10,000 |  |
| Other Grants and Subsidies | 36,354 | 40,231 | 36,354 | 40,231 |
|  | 749,320 | 1,126,071 | 749,320 | 1,126,071 |

These amounts are invested in a ring-fenced investment until utilised. See note 28 for more detail.
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## 22. Provisions

Reconciliation of provisions - Group - 2016

|  | Opening <br> Balance | Additions | Utilised during <br> the year | Interest <br> charged | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current | 19,419 | 16,405 | $(16,004)$ | - | 19,820 |
| Clearance of Alien Vegetation | 29,720 | 7,773 | $(17,225)$ | - | 20,268 |
| Performance bonus | 55,788 | 55,144 | $(48,646)$ | - | 62,286 |
| Long service awards | 91,669 | 1,238 |  | - | 8,479 |
| Non-current | 39,523 | 2,364 | - | - | 101,386 |
| Environmental rehabilitation: Landfill sites | 669,542 | 57,214 | - | - | $\mathbf{7 2 6 , 8 8 7}$ |
| Clearance of Alien Vegetation | $\mathbf{9 0 5 , 6 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 0 , 1 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{( 8 1 , 8 7 5 )}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{9 7 2 , 4 0 3}$ |
| Long service awards |  |  |  |  |  |

Reconciliation of provisions - Group - 2015

|  | Opening <br> Balance | Additions | Utilised during <br> the year | Interest <br> charged | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current | 15,879 | 16,841 | $(13,301)$ | - | 19,419 |
| Clearance of Alien Vegetation | 16,156 | 14,226 | $(662)$ | - | 29,720 |
| Performance bonus | 62,439 | 40,479 | $(47,130)$ | - | 55,788 |
| Long service awards |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-current | 84,241 | $(298)$ | - | 7,726 | 91,669 |
| Environmental rehabilitation: Landfill sites | 37,641 | 1,882 | - | - | 39,523 |
| Clearance of Alien Vegetation | 618,817 | 50,725 | - | - | 669,542 |
| Long service awards | $\mathbf{8 3 5 , 1 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 3 , 8 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{( 6 1 , 0 9 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 7 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 0 5 , 6 6 1}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Reconciliation of provisions - Municipality - 2016

|  | Opening <br> Balance | Additions | Utilised during <br> the year | Interest <br> charged | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current | 19,419 | 16,405 | $(16,004)$ | - | 19,820 |
| Clearance of Alien Vegetation | 23,235 | 7,515 | $(17,225)$ | - | 1,525 |
| Performance bonus | 55,788 | 55,144 | $(48,646)$ | - | 62,286 |
| Long service awards |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-current | 91,669 | 1,238 | - | 8,479 | 101,386 |
| Environmental rehabilitation: Landfill sites | 39,523 | 2,364 | - | - | 41,887 |
| Clearance of Alien Vegetation | 669,542 | 57,214 | - | - | 726,756 |
| Long service awards | $\mathbf{8 9 9 , 1 7 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 9 , 8 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{( 8 1 , 8 7 5 )}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{9 6 5 , 6 6 0}$ |

## Reconciliation of provisions - Municipality - 2015

|  | Opening <br> Balance | Additions | Utilised during <br> the year | Interest <br> charged | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current | 15,879 | 16,841 | $(13,301)$ | - | 19,419 |
| Clearance of Alien Vegetation | 11,552 | 12,345 | $(662)$ | - | 23,235 |
| Performance bonus | 62,439 | 40,479 | $(47,130)$ | - | 55,788 |
| Long service awards |  |  |  |  |  |
| Non-current | 84,241 | $(298)$ | - | 7,726 | 91,669 |
| Environmental rehabilitation: Landfill sites | 37,641 | 1,882 | - | - | 39,523 |
| Clearance of Alien Vegetation | 618,817 | 50,725 | - | - | 669,542 |
| Long service awards | $\mathbf{8 3 0 , 5 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 1 , 9 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{( 6 1 , 0 9 3 )}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 7 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 9 9 , 1 7 6}$ |

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| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 22. Provisions (continued)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non-current liabilities | 870,029 | 800,734 | 870,029 | 800,734 |
| Current liabilities | 102,374 | 104,927 | 95,631 | 98,442 |
|  | $\mathbf{9 7 2 , 4 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 0 5 , 6 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{9 6 5 , 6 6 0}$ | $\mathbf{8 9 9 , 1 7 6}$ |

## Environmental rehabilitation: Landfill sites

The Landfill Rehabilitation Provision is created for the rehabilitation of the current operational sites at the future estimated time of closure. The value of the provision is based on the expected future cost to rehabilitate the various sites discounted back to the balance sheet date at the cost of capital, which is currently $9 \%$. The Municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate these Landfill sites. The cost of such property includes the initial estimate of the costs of rehabilitating the land and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which a municipality incurs as a consequence of having used the property during a particular period for landfill purposes. The Municipality estimates the useful lives and makes assumptions as to the useful lives of these assets, which influence the provision for future costs.

The asset is measured using the cost model:
(a) subject to (b), changes in the liability are added to, or deducted from, the cost of the related asset in the current period;
(b) if a decrease in the liability exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, the excess is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit; and
(c) if the adjustment results in an addition to the cost of an asset, the Municipality considers whether this is an indication that the new carrying amount of the asset may not be fully recoverable. If it is such an indication, the asset is tested for impairment by estimating its recoverable amount, and any impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The following assumptions were used to calculate the provision:
(1) Discount rate of $10.50 \%$ (2015: $9.25 \%$ );
(2) Inflation rate 6.30\%(2015: 4.7\%);
(3) Total area expected to be rehabilitated: 913151 square metres (2015: 913151 square meters);
(4) Rate per square metre: R154.54 (2015: R145.27) escalating every year by inflation rate;
(5) Total area to be rehabilitated can be reconciled to the different sites as follows:

| Bisasar | 360,326 | 360,326 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Maranhill | 239,725 | 239,725 |
| Wyebank | 25,000 | 25,000 |
| Shallcross | 29,800 | 29,800 |
| Buffelsdraai | 228,300 | 228,300 |
| Lovu | 30,000 | 30,000 |

Each of the landfill sites have a different lifespan for rehabilitation ranging from 2 years to 58 years and are best estimates provided for by the respective landfill site engineers. extended from 21 years to 22 years as at 30 June 2016.

The total rehabilitation can be reconciled as follows:

| Name | O/ Balance | Prior Year <br> Adjustments | Interest | Additions | C/ Balance |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Bisasar | 51,243 | - | 4,740 | $(983)$ | 55,000 |
| Maranhill | 30,653 | - | 2,835 | 1,440 | 34,928 |
| Wyebank | 3,555 | - | 329 | $(39)$ | 3,845 |
| Shallcross | 2,890 | - | 267 | 140 | 3,297 |
| Buffelsdraai | 1,618 | - | 150 | 572 | 2,340 |
| Lovu | 1,710 | - | 158 | 108 | 1,976 |
| Totals | $\mathbf{9 1 , 6 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 7 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 1 , 3 8 6}$ |

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| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 22. Provisions (continued)

## Clearance of Alien Vegetation

The clearing of alien vegetation is required in terms of the Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act, 1983 (Act No. 43 of 1983). The Municipality has therefore made a provision for its obligation, based on future estimated costs for the next 3 years. This provision will be reviewed annually to reflect the fair value of the obligation.

Provision for invasive alien plant control / eradication is based on reliable data for growth rates, infestation rates and density. A detailed analysis, based on current costs of alien plant clearing, was undertaken. Input from numerous field staff was obtained with regard to the level of infestation of currently managed areas.

## Data used for calculations:

Municipal owned land within the municipal area: 18000 Ha
Municipal owned open space currently managed (prioritised): 2200 Ha
Current approximate cost of clearing very high infestations of IAP's: R9 153.00 / Ha
(2015: R9 $153.00 / \mathrm{Ha}$ ).

## Performance Bonus

All employees who are employed in accordance with provisions of section 57 of the Municipal Systems Act are required, in terms of their employment contracts, to sign a performance agreement and performance plan in terms of which their performance is assessed annually. The criteria in terms of which they are assessed is linked to the I.D.P. 8-point plan. Strategic focus areas and key performance indicators are set out in the plan, together with targets and weightings for each target. Employees are assessed quarterly and against these targets and a final assessment is conducted at the end of the financial year. The performance bonus paid to each employee is dependant on the overall score achieved in this assessment and is subject to the approval of the City Manager.

- Long service awards

Revised Conditions of Service for employees are currently being negotiated. The interim conditions of service for Employees are as follows:
Long Service Leave will accrue as follows:

| Long Service Leave | 5 Day WorkerNo.of days p.a. | 5 Day WorkerAccum per milestone | 6 Day WorkerNo.of days p.a. | 6 Day WorkerAccum per milestone |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| After 20 years | 2 | 25 | 3 | 30 |
| After 30 years | 4 | 35 | 5 | 50 |
| After 40 years | 5 | 15 | 6 | 10 |
| Maximum Accumulation | - | 75 | - | 90 |

Employees who achieve 25 years service receive a once off cash payment of R500 and upon achievement of 40 years service,employees receive a gold wrist watch or a comparable gift.
Employees who achieve 40 years service will be granted 20 days paid leave (once off) and a scroll duly signed by the Mayor in recognition of loyal service rendered to the Council.
A long Service Allowance will accrue as follows:
$-2 \%$ of monthly salary at $15-19$ years
$-3 \%$ of monthly salary at 20-24 years
-4\% of monthly salary at 25-29 years
$-5 \%$ of monthly salary at $30-35$ years

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| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 22. Provisions (continued)

-6\% of monthly salary at years more The abovementioned is limited to a maximum of R1 310.32 (2015: R1 155.28).
The provision is an estimate of the long service award based on the monthly salaries rate at 30 June 2016 (2015: 30 June 2015). It has been assumed that the staff turnover rate will be insignificant based on historical data. A discount rate of 8.83\% (2015: 8.35\% ) was used based on internal rate of return.

Summary of economic assumptions (rates are per annum) and key demographic assumptions


## Reconciliation of Defined Benefit Obligation

| Opening Balance |  | 681,256 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Current Service cost | 52,330 | 52,072 |
| Interest cost | 62,532 | 57,907 |
| Acturial losses (gains) - change in financial assumptions | 6,445 | $(, 006)$ |
| Acturial losses (gains) - experience variance | 14,781 | $(14,207)$ |
| Cash movements - Benefit payments |  | $(60,040)$ |
|  |  | $(54,018)$ |

## Pre-retirement mortality (only for 30 June 2015)

| Age | Males | Females |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 20 | $0.13 \%$ | $0.13 \%$ |
| 25 | $0.18 \%$ | $0.18 \%$ |
| 30 | $0.25 \%$ | $0.25 \%$ |
| 35 | $0.37 \%$ | $0.37 \%$ |
| 40 | $0.52 \%$ | $0.52 \%$ |
| 45 | $0.72 \%$ | $0.72 \%$ |
| 50 | $0.99 \%$ | $0.99 \%$ |
| 55 | $1.37 \%$ | $1.37 \%$ |
| 60 | $1.89 \%$ | $1.89 \%$ |
|  |  | - |

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| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

22. Provisions (continued)

Withdrawal assumption

| Age | Males | Females |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 20 | $7.85 \%$ | $7.85 \%$ |
| 25 | $5.67 \%$ | $5.67 \%$ |
| 30 | $4.20 \%$ | $4.20 \%$ |
| 35 | $3.31 \%$ | $3.31 \%$ |
| 40 | $2.23 \%$ | $2.23 \%$ |
| 45 | $1.21 \%$ | $1.21 \%$ |
| 50 | $0.55 \%$ | $0.55 \%$ |
| 55 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $60+$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
|  |  |  |

23. Housing development fund

| Accumulated Surplus |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans extinguished by Government on 1 April | $(143,467)$ | $(114,055)$ | $(143,467)$ | $(114,055)$ |
| 1998 | 266,979 | 266,979 | 266,979 | 266,979 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

The housing development fund is represented by the following assets and liabilities

| Property, plant and equipment | 65,628 | 66,314 | 65,628 | 66,314 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Housing selling scheme loans | 59,791 | 63,074 | 59,791 | 63,074 |
| Housing rental Debtors | 6,627 | 8,562 | 6,627 | 8,562 |
| Housing other Debtors | 29,975 | 64 | 29,975 | 64 |
| Housing inventory | 89 | 72 | 89 | 72 |
| Investments | 7,489 | 7,489 | 7,489 | 7,489 |
| Investment properties | 15,713 | 16,080 | 15,713 | 16,080 |
| Grant Accrual | 275,257 | 311,403 | 275,257 | 311,403 |
| Bank and cash | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Vat Receivable | - | 57 | - | 57 |
| Assets | $\mathbf{4 6 0 , 5 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 3 , 1 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 0 , 5 7 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 7 3 , 1 1 9}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-term liabilities | 62 | 165 | 62 | 165 |
| Unspent Conditional Grants | 18,335 | 6,963 | 18,335 | 6,963 |
| Creditors | 17,001 | 46,789 | 17,001 | 46,789 |
| Bank Overdraft | 301,663 | $\mathbf{2 4 6 , 4 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 1 , 6 6 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 6 , 4 5 9}$ |
| Government Grant Reserve | - | 19,818 | - | 19,818 |
| Liabilities | $\mathbf{3 3 7 , 0 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 0 , 1 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 7 , 0 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 0 , 1 9 4}$ |
| Total Housing Development Fund Assets and | $\mathbf{1 2 3 , 5 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 2 , 9 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 3 , 5 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 2 , 9 2 4}$ |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |

24. Service charges

| Sale of electricity | $11,295,514$ | $10,168,933$ | $11,327,192$ | $10,197,502$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sale of water | $2,759,678$ | $2,614,399$ | $2,769,406$ | $2,622,145$ |
| Solid waste | 556,239 | 521,774 | 558,261 | 523,567 |
| Sewerage and sanitation charges | 805,590 | 801,616 | 805,590 | 801,616 |
| Other service charges | 180,251 | 174,581 | $\mathbf{1 8 0 , 2 5 1}$ | 174,581 |
| Total service charges | $\mathbf{1 5 , 5 9 7 , 2 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 2 8 1 , 3 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 , 6 4 0 , 7 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 , 3 1 9 , 4 1 1}$ |

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|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

25. Other income

| Sundry Income | 510,357 | 649,612 | 280,589 | 441,204 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Moses Mabhida | 13,300 | 11,242 | 13,300 | 11,242 |
|  | $\mathbf{5 2 3 , 6 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{6 6 0 , 8 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 3 , 8 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 5 2 , 4 4 6}$ |

Refer to Appendix D for a Statement of Financial Performance: Moses Mabhida Stadium.
26. Interest revenue

| Interest revenue |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Interest earned - External Investments | 540,599 | 380,544 | 518,207 | 362,443 |
| Interest earned - Outstanding Debtors | 246,686 | 175,142 | 246,686 | 175,142 |
|  | $\mathbf{7 8 7 , 2 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 5 , 6 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{7 6 4 , 8 9 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 3 7 , 5 8 5}$ |

27. Property rates

Rates received

| Residential | $2,210,759$ | $2,035,180$ | $2,210,759$ | $2,035,180$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Business / Commercial | $2,050,684$ | $1,800,456$ | $2,061,221$ | $1,809,387$ |
| Unauthorised / Ilegal development | 2,776 | 26,734 | 27,776 | 26,734 |
| Development Phasing | 1,656 | 1,542 | 1,656 | 1,542 |
| Agricultural | 7,252 | 2,962 | 7,252 | 2,962 |
| Vacant land | 396,661 | 380,704 | 396,661 | 380,704 |
| Industrial | $1,514,407$ | $1,393,157$ | $1,514,407$ | $1,393,157$ |
| Public Service Infrastructure | 10,791 | 28,267 | 10,791 | 28,267 |
| Total Assessment Rates | $\mathbf{6 , 2 1 9 , 9 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 6 6 9 , 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 2 3 0 , 5 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 6 7 7 , 9 3 3}$ |

## Valuations

| Residential | $272,054,810$ | $269,219,317$ | $272,054,810$ | $269,219,317$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Business / Commercial | $92,766,118$ | $91,992,905$ | $92,766,118$ | $91,922,905$ |
| Unauthorised / Ilegal development | 290,196 | 473,063 | 290,196 | 473,063 |
| Agricultural | $2,869,523$ | $2,875,549$ | $2,869,523$ | $2,875,549$ |
| Vacant land | $12,923,845$ | $12,342,130$ | $12,923,845$ | $12,342,130$ |
| Industrial | $46,801,061$ | $46,172,030$ | $46,801,061$ | $46,172,030$ |
| Public Service Infrastructure | $15,528,926$ | $16,211,123$ | $15,528,926$ | $16,211,123$ |
| Development Phasing Line | 153,353 | 153,773 | 153,353 | 153,773 |
| Total Property Valuations | $\mathbf{4 4 3 , 3 8 7 , 8 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 9 , 4 3 9 , 8 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 3 , 3 8 7 , 8 3 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 9 , 3 6 9 , 8 9 0}$ |

The following are the rate randages that were applied to the valuations in respect of the various categories: Residential - R0.01115 (2015: R0.01043); Agriculture - R0.00279 (2015: R0.00261); Vacant Land - R0.04998 (2015: R0.04678); Industrial - R0. 03262 (2015: R0.03053); Business and Commercial - R0.02528 (2015: R0.02366); Public Service Infrastructure - R 0.00279 (2015: R0.00261); Unauthorised/Illegal Development - R0.5574(2015:R0.04678); Development Phasing line - R0. 01649 (2015: R0.01544); Rural Residential R0.01115 (2015: R0.01043). All residential property owners are exempt from paying rates on the first R120 000 (2015: R120 000) of their property value. In addition to the R120 000, pensioners, child-headed households, disability grantees and the medically boarded are granted a further rebate not exceeding R3 623 (R3 390). The Senior Citizens rebate is limited to a maximum limit of R3 million on the value of the property.

Valuations on land and buildings are performed every 5 years. The last general valuation came into effect on 1 July 2012. Interim valuations are processed on an annual basis to take into account changes in individual property values due to alterations and subdivisions.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities <br> Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 28. Government grants and subsidies

| Equitable Share | $2,115,453$ | $1,990,048$ | $2,115,453$ | $1,990,048$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Expanded Public Works Programme Incentive | 40,618 | 39,673 | 40,618 | 39,673 |
| European Union | 1,000 | 1,069 | 1,000 | 1,069 |
| Primary Health Care Provincial Subsidy | 135,000 | 96,600 | 135,000 | 96,600 |
| Department of Transport and Public Transport | $1,232,168$ | 742,064 | $1,232,168$ | 742,064 |
| infrastructure |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Enviromental Affairs | 123 | 23 | 123 | 23 |
| Vuna Awards | 875 | - | 875 | - |
| Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant | 27,872 | 12,489 | 27,872 | 12,489 |
| Demand Side Management | 364 | 11,114 | 364 | 11,114 |
| Urban Settlement Development Grant | $1,838,336$ | $1,800,076$ | $1,838,336$ | $1,800,076$ |
| Other Grants | 91,742 | 41,991 | 91,742 | 41,991 |
| Public Contributions | 295 | 4,034 | 295 | 4,034 |
| Neighbourhood Development Partnership | 53,549 | 15,833 | 53,549 | 15,833 |
| Department of Human Settlements | 110,770 | 454,752 | 110,770 | 454,752 |
| Grant Accreditation | 13,563 | 41,948 | 13,563 | 41,948 |
| Department of Co-Operative Government and | 2,029 | 1,561 | 2,029 | 1,561 |
| Traditional Affairs |  |  |  |  |
| Department of Arts and Culture | 35,010 | 42,625 | 35,010 | 42,625 |
| Public Transport Network Operations | - | 36,111 | -- | 36,111 |
| Intergrated City Developement Grant | 46,781 | 52,621 | 46,781 | 52,621 |
| Infrastructure Skills Grant | 24,739 | 26,925 | 24,739 | 26,925 |
|  | $\mathbf{5 , 7 7 0 , 2 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 4 1 1 , 5 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 7 7 0 , 2 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 4 1 1 , 5 5 7}$ |

## Equitable Share

| Current-year receipts | $2,115,453$ | $1,990,048$ | $2,115,453$ | $1,990,048$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(2,115,453)$ | $(1,990,048)$ | $(2,115,453)$ | $(1,990,048)$ |
|  | - | - | - | - |

In terms of the Constitution, this grant is used to subsidise the provision of basic services to indigent community members.

## D Moss Interest and Land Sales

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 8,073 | 8,073 | 8,073 | 8,073 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
The above relates to funding for the acquisition of D Moss land.
Department of Environmental Affairs

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 7,962 | 2,242 | 7,962 | 2,242 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | - | 5,743 | - | 5,743 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(124)$ | $(23)$ | $(124)$ | $(23)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{7 , 8 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 9 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 8 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 9 6 2}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
Funding was obtained from various sources and local industries for the implementation of the South Durban Basin Multi Point Plan. The expenditure is incurred over a multi year period based on the rollout of the projects per programme. Further funding will be expended based on the outcome of the Air Quality Management Plan which is currently underway. This grant is received from Department of Environmental Affairs for the National Greening Programme and the promotion of non-motorised transport with the aim of reducing gas emissions.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

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## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 28. Government grants and subsidies (continued)

Department of Transport and Public Transport infrastructure

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 422,175 | 819,688 | 422,175 | 819,688 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | $1,232,168$ | 654,752 | $1,232,168$ | 654,752 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(1,232,168)$ | $(742,064)$ | $(1,232,168)$ | $(742,064)$ |
| Paid back | $(422,175)$ | $(310,201)$ | $(422,175)$ | $(310,201)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{4 2 2 , 1 7 5}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{4 2 2 , 1 7 5}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
This grant is received from the Department of Transport for the design and construction of the dedicated public transport lanes, stations and other related infrastructure as part of the Integrated Rapid Public Transport Network.

The underspending of funds is due to :

* Delays in awarding contracts as a result of court action.
* Construction disruption by Taxi industry.
* Transport Management Centre delays in securing a site.
* Construction for Bridge City Depot being delayed by EIA amendments.

Neighbourhood Partnership Development

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 18,422 | 3,181 | 18,422 | 3,181 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | 53,810 | 34,255 | 53,810 | 34,255 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(53,549)$ | $(15,833)$ | $(53,549)$ | $(15,833)$ |
| Paid back | $(18,422)$ | $(3,181)$ | $(18,422)$ | $(3,181)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 , 4 2 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 , 4 2 2}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
Focus of the grant is to create economic infrastructure in dormitory townships that will attract private sector investment.

## European Union

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 6,433 | 7,456 | 6,433 | 7,456 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current-year receipts | - | 46 | - | 46 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(1,000)$ | $(1,069)$ | $(1,000)$ | $(1,069)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{5 , 4 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 4 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 4 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 4 3 3}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
Funds used for Capacity Enhancement/ Knowledge Management in terms of close our report
Other Grants and Subsidies

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 40,231 | 42,151 | 40,231 | 42,151 |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | 87,865 | 43,279 | 87,865 | 43,279 |
| Paid back | - | $(3,208)$ | - | $(3,208)$ |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(91,742)$ | $(41,991)$ | $(91,742)$ | $(41,991)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{3 6 , 3 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 , 2 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 , 3 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 , 2 3 1}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

28. Government grants and subsidies (continued)

Other Grants and subsidies were utilised during the year to fund various Council projects.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

28. Government grants and subsidies (continued)

Department of Human Settlements

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 99,658 | 107,508 | 99,658 | 107,508 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | 75,142 | 135,500 | 75,142 | 135,500 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(110,770)$ | $(454,753)$ | $(110,770)$ | $(454,753)$ |
| Accrued receipts | 5,638 | 311,403 | 58,638 | 311,403 |
| Transferred from Lamontville R293 | 1,556 | - | 1,556 | - |
|  | $\mathbf{1 2 4 , 2 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{9 9 , 6 5 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 4 , 2 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{9 9 , 6 5 8}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
Funding for the administration of Hostels in KwaZulu Natal.
The reasons for the underspending of funds are :

* Delays in construction of Cornumbia Access Road
* Funding for CRU upgrade project received late in the year.
* Delays in Donnelly Road CRU upgrade.

Lamontville R293 Trf Deeds/ Administration

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 1,556 | 1,556 | 1,556 | 1,556 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Transferred to Human Settlements | $(1,556)$ | - | $(1,556)$ | - |
|  | - | $\mathbf{1 , 5 5 6}$ | - | $\mathbf{1 , 5 5 6}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
This grant was used to fund the maintenance of the Lamontville houses as well as the transfer of the R293 township houses to the beneficiaries.

Grant Accreditation

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 13,884 | 13,884 | 13,884 | 13,884 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current-year receipts | 18,756 | 41,948 | 18,756 | 41,948 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(13,563)$ | $(41,948)$ | $(13,563)$ | $(41,948)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 9 , 0 7 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 8 8 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 , 0 7 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 , 8 8 4}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
These funds are for the administrative support provided for RDP houses.
Department of Co-operative Governance and Traditional Affairs

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 6,445 | 7,006 | 6,445 | 7,006 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | 585 | 1,000 | 585 | 1,000 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(2,030)$ | $(1,561)$ | $(2,030)$ | $(1,561)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{5 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 4 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{5 , 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 4 4 5}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
Funds used for the construction of a Factory for Hazelmere Lungisa Indlela Village and to draft a land use management scheme for Shongweni Local Area Plan.

## Donations and Public Contributions

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

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Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  |  |  |  |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government grants and subsidies (continued) | 54,412 | 58,183 | 54,412 | 58,183 |  |  |  |  |
| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 250 | 263 | 250 | 263 |  |  |  |  |
| Current-year receipts | $(295)$ | $(4,034)$ | $(295)$ | $(4,034)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | 54,367 | 54,412 | $\mathbf{5 4 , 3 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{5 4 , 4 1 2}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
The grants were received from various organisations to finance various developments. In the prior year this includes development of Nandi Drive and various roads in Hillcrest.

Department of Arts \& Culture

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 318,062 | 236,617 | 318,062 | 236,617 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current-year receipts | 160,555 | 124,070 | 160,555 | 124,070 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(35,010)$ | $(42,625)$ | $(35,010)$ | $(42,625)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{4 4 3 , 6 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 8 , 0 6 2}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 3 , 6 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 8 , 0 6 2}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
This Grant is for the operating expenditure for libraries and museums and capital expenditure for the upgrade of the Central Library .

The reason for underspending of funds is due to delays in construction of new Central Library.

## Electricity Demand Side Management Grant

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 3,194 | 14,308 | 3,194 | 14,308 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | 9,000 | - | 9,000 | - |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(364)$ | $(11,114)$ | $(364)$ | $(11,114)$ |
| Paid back | $(3,194)$ | - | $(3,194)$ | - |
|  | $\mathbf{8 , 6 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 1 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 6 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 1 9 4}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
The grant was used to finance the gas-to-electricity capital project.
Infrastructure Skills Grants

| Current-year receipts | 24,739 | 26,925 | 24,739 | 26,925 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(24,739)$ | $(26,925)$ | $(24,739)$ | $(26,925)$ |
|  | - | - | - | - |

Funding to equip Engineering graduates in achieving professional registration in water and waste water related skills.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

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## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

28. Government grants and subsidies (continued)

Urban Settlements Development Grant

| Current-year receipts | $1,838,336$ | $1,800,076$ | $1,838,336$ | $1,800,076$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(1,838,336)$ | $(1,800,076)$ | $(1,838,336)$ | $(1,800,076)$ |
|  | - | - | - | - |

This grant was utilised for housing densification, water, electricity and sanitation infrastructure, sidewalks, agricultural gardens and various town centre renewals. This grant has replaced the former Municipal Infrastructure Grant.

Expanded Public Works Incentive Grant

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | - | 5,519 | - | 5,519 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | 40,618 | 34,154 | 40,618 | 34,154 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(40,618)$ | $(39,673)$ | $(40,618)$ | $(39,673)$ |

This grant is received from the National Department of Public Works for creating job opportunities for unemployed persons and so allowing them economic participation and resulting in poverty alleviation.

## Vuna Awards

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 875 | 875 | 875 | 875 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(875)$ | - | $(875)$ | - |
|  | - | 875 | - | 875 |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
The Vuna Awards is an initiative of the Department of Provincial and Local Government, together with its partners in the coordination of development in local government, the South African Local Government Association, Development Bank of Southern Africa and the National Productivity Institute. The Vuna awards, as the awards are called, reward the municipalities that provide communities excellent services and governance.

Primary Health Care Provincial Subsidy

| Current-year receipts | 135,000 | 27,000 | 135,000 | 27,000 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Accrued receipts | - | 69,600 | - | 69,600 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(135,000)$ | $(96,600)$ | $(135,000)$ | $(96,600)$ |
|  | - | - | - | - |

Municipality renders health services on behalf of the Provincial Government. This grant has been used exclusively to fund clinic services. The conditions of the grant have been met.

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 28. Government grants and subsidies (continued)

Public Transport Network Operations

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 84,709 | - | 84,709 | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | - | 120,820 | - | 120,820 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | - | $(36,111)$ | $-\overline{10}$ | $(36,111)$ |
| Paid back | $(84,709)$ | - | $(84,709)$ | - |
|  | - | $\mathbf{8 4 , 7 0 9}$ | - | $\mathbf{8 4 , 7 0 9}$ |

This grant is used to provide supplementary operational funding to municipalities operating approved Integrated Rapid Public transport Network/ Integrated Public Transport Network services

The underspending of funds is mainly due to the fact that the city has not progressed to operations stage of its IRPTN.

Intergrated City Development

| Current-year receipts | 46,781 | 52,621 | 46,781 | 52,621 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(46,781)$ | $(52,621)$ | $(46,781)$ | $(52,621)$ |

The grant is used to provide financial incentive for metropolitan municipalities to integrate and focus their use of available infrastructure investment and regulatory instruments to achieve a more compact urban spatial form.

## Municipal Human Settlements Capacity Grant

| Balance unspent at beginning of year | 39,980 | - | 39,980 | $-\overline{9}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Current-year receipts | 14,342 | 52,469 | 14,342 | 52,469 |
| Conditions met - transferred to revenue | $(27,872)$ | $(12,489)$ | $(27,872)$ | $(12,489)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{2 6 , 4 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 , 9 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 , 4 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 , 9 8 0}$ |

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
This grant is used to build capacity in municipalities to deliver and subsidise the operational cost of administering human settlements programmes.

The reason for underspending is due to funds being received late in the financial year.
Department of Sports \& Recreation
Current-year receipts $\quad 10,000 \quad-\quad$ -

Conditions still to be met - remain liabilities (see note 21).
This grant is used for Durban Soccer Academy.
29. Levies

| Fuel levy | $2,103,316$ | $1,968,781$ | $2,103,316$ | $1,968,781$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

National Treasury shared revenue generated by the general fuel levy.
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|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. Employee related costs |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee related costs - Salaries and Wages | $4,809,842$ | $4,481,913$ | $4,688,819$ | $4,374,661$ |
| Medical aid and Pension Benefits | $1,883,596$ | $1,400,290$ | $1,883,596$ | $1,400,290$ |
| UIF | 50,982 | 48,358 | 38,502 | 36,376 |
| Contribution to Provisions (Leave Pay, | 244,893 | 255,294 | 244,672 | 254,709 |
| Performance Bonus, Long Service Awards) |  |  | 370,071 | 348,139 |
| Travel, motor car, accommodation, subsistence | 370,071 | 348,139 | 370,071 |  |
| and other allowances | 600,376 | 466,572 | 596,925 | 463,328 |
| Overtime payments | 39,388 | 17,376 | 39,388 | 17,376 |
| Housing benefits and allowances | 343,690 | 322,537 | 343,690 | 322,537 |
| Holiday Bonus | 89,373 | 52,396 | 89,319 | 52,396 |
| Other | $(180,459)$ | $(229,759)$ | $(180,459)$ | $(229,759)$ |
| Less: Employee costs relating to capitalisation |  |  |  |  |
| and maintenance of PPE | $\mathbf{8 , 2 5 1 , 7 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 1 6 3 , 1 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 1 1 4 , 5 2 3}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 0 4 0 , 0 5 3}$ |

## Remuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr. S. Sithole

| Annual Remuneration | 2,489 | 2,384 | 2,489 | 2,384 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Car Allowance | 166 | 180 | 166 | 180 |
| Performance Bonuses | 218 | - | 218 | - |
| Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds | 31 | 27 | 31 | 27 |
| Other Allowances(Subsistence, Leave cashing, | 78 | 28 | 78 | 28 |
| Backpay) |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{2 , 9 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 1 9}$ |

## Remuneration of the Chief Finance Officer - Mr. K. A. Kumar

| Annual Remuneration | 1,364 | 1,311 | 1,364 | 1,311 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Car Allowance | 473 | 454 | 473 | 454 |
| Market Allowance | 242 | 242 | 242 | 242 |
| Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds | 327 | 304 | 327 | 304 |
| Cellphone Allowance | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Performance Bonus | 136 | - | 136 | - |
| Other Allowances(Subsistence, Leave cashing, Backpay) | 237 | 22 | 237 | 22 |
|  | 2,797 | 2,351 | 2,797 | 2,351 |
| Health and Social Services - Dr. M. Gumede |  |  |  |  |
| Annual Remuneration | 1,769 | 1,695 | 1,769 | 1,695 |
| Car Allowance | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| Performance Bonuses | 163 | - | 163 |  |
| Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds | 52 | 46 | 52 | 46 |
| Cellphone Allowance | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Other Allowances(Subsistence, Leave cashing, Backpay) | 123 | 75 | 123 | 75 |
|  | 2,239 | 1,948 | 2,239 | 1,948 |
| Governance - Mr. S. O. Cele |  |  |  |  |
| Annual Remuneration | 1,364 | 1,311 | 1,364 | 1,311 |
| Car Allowance | 473 | 454 | 473 | 454 |
| Performance Bonuses | 97 | - | 97 | - |
| Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds | 322 | 300 | 322 | 300 |

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|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. |  |  |  |  |
| Employee related costs (continued) | 121 | 121 | 121 | 121 |
| Market Allowance | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Cellphone Allowance | 264 | 51 | 264 | 51 |
| Other Allowances(Subsistence, Leave cashing, |  |  |  |  |
| Backpay) | $\mathbf{2 , 6 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 2 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 6 5 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 2 4 9}$ |

Remuneration of the Municipal Manager - Dr. M. Sutcliffe
Performance Bonus $2012 \quad-\quad 160 \quad 160$
Corporate and Human Resources - Mrs. D. P. Nene

| Annual Remuneration | 1,611 | 1,554 | 1,611 | 1,554 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Car Allowance | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 |
| Performance Bonuses | 119 | - | 119 | - |
| Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds | 50 | 44 | 44 |  |
| Other Allowances(Subsistence, Leave cashing, | 139 | - | 139 | - |
| Backpay) | 41 | - | 41 | - |
| Cellphone Aallowance | $\mathbf{2 , 0 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 6 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 0 6}$ |

Sustainable Development and City Enterprises - Dr. C. N. Moyo

| Annual Remuneration | - | 57 | - | 57 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Car Allowance | - | 4 | $-\overline{9}$ |  |
| Performance Bonuses | 119 | - | 119 | - |
| Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds | - | 5 | - | 5 |
| Cellphone Allowance | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| Other Allowances(Subsistence, Leave cashing, | - | 181 | - | 181 |
| Backpay) |  |  |  | $\mathbf{1 1 9}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 8}$ |  |

Resigned: 11 July 2014
I.C.C. - Remuneration of the Chief Executive Officer (appointed 1 April 2015)

| Annual Remuneration | 1,940 | 456 | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds | 21 | 22 | - | - |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 9 6 1}$ | 478 | - | - |

I.C.C. - Remuneration of Executive Managers

| Annual Remuneration | 6,544 | 5,401 | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
| Contributions to UIF, Medical and Pension Funds | 581 | 1,489 | - | - |
|  | $\mathbf{7 , 1 2 5}$ | $\mathbf{6 , 8 9 0}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ |

## Durban Marine Theme Park

| Directors Fees | 664 | 485 | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Remuneration - CEO : C. Khumalo | 1,935 | 1,749 | - |
| Remuneration - CFO : P.vd Berg (resigned 31 | - | 521 | - |
| October 2014) <br> Remuneration - CFO : J. Dlamuka (appointed 5 <br> January 2015) | 1,612 | 685 | - |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

30. Employee related costs (continued)

| Remuneration - COO : P. Pillay | 1,281 | 1,187 | - | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Remuneration of Executives | 2,693 | 3,302 | - | - |
|  | $\mathbf{8 , 1 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{7 , 9 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | - |

31. Remuneration of councillors

| Councillors | 105,334 | 100,795 | 105,334 | 100,795 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Mayor | 1,261 | 1,192 | 1,261 | 1,192 |
| Deputy Mayor | 1,017 | 967 | 1,017 | 967 |
| Mayoral Commitee Members | 8,656 | 8,056 | 8,656 | 8,056 |
| Speaker | 1,095 | 1,054 | 1,095 | 1,054 |
| Councillors | 92,891 | 88,869 | 92,891 | 88,869 |
| Traditional Leaders | 415 | 657 | 415 | 657 |
| Total Councillors' Remuneration | $\mathbf{1 0 5 , 3 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 , 7 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 5 , 3 3 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 , 7 9 5}$ |

In-kind benefits
The Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker and Executive Committee Members are provided with bodyguards and is provided with an office and secretarial support at the cost of the Council.

The Mayor and the Deputy Mayor each have the use of separate Council owned vehicles for official duties.
The Mayor ,the Deputy Mayor and speaker have full-time bodyguards.

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| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

31. Remuneration of councillors (continued)

Mayor (1)

| Remuneration Allowances | 723 | 696 | 723 | 696 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Travelling Allowance | 311 | 294 | 311 | 294 |
| Cellphone Allowance | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| Medical Aid | 73 | 51 | 73 | 51 |
| Pension Fund | 112 | 109 | 112 | 109 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 9 2}$ |


| Deputy Mayor (1) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Remuneration Allowances | 633 | 564 | 633 | 564 |
| Travelling Allowance | 251 | 238 | 251 | 238 |
| Cellphone Allowance | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| Medical Aid | 22 | 35 | 22 | 35 |
| Pension Fund | 95 | 88 | 95 | 88 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 0 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 6 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{9 6 7}$ |


| Speaker ( 1) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Remuneration Allowances | 591 | 537 | 591 | 537 |
| Travelling Allowance | 301 | 297 | 301 | 297 |
| Cellphone Allowance | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| Medical Aid | 72 | 94 | 72 | 94 |
| Pension Fund | 89 | 84 | 89 | 84 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 0 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 5 4}$ |


| Mayoral Committee Members (9) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Remuneration Allowances | 5,435 | 5,097 | 5,435 | 5,097 |
| Travelling Allowance | 2,119 | 2,003 | 2,119 | 2,003 |
| Cellphone Allowance | 188 | 203 | 188 | 203 |
| Medical Aid | 205 | 159 | 205 | 159 |
| Pension Fund | 709 | 592 | 709 | 592 |
|  | $\mathbf{8 , 6 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 5 4}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 6 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 0 5 4}$ |


| Councillors ( 193 ) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Remuneration Allowances | 53,206 | 50,757 | 53,206 | 50,757 |
| Constituency Allowances | 3,996 | 4,196 | 3,996 | 4,196 |
| Travelling Allowance | 21,264 | 20,206 | 2,264 | 20,206 |
| Cellphone Allowance | 3,975 | 3,996 | 3,975 | 3,996 |
| Medical Aid | 4,675 | 4,090 | 4,675 | 4,090 |
| Pension Fund | 5,775 | 5,624 | 5,775 | 5,624 |
|  | $\mathbf{9 2 , 8 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 8 , 8 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{9 2 , 8 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 8 , 8 6 9}$ |

Traditional Leaders (7)

| Allowances | 415 | 657 | 415 | 657 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

32. Finance costs

| Non-current borrowings | 932,905 | 897,591 | 932,823 | 897,439 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Consumer Deposits | 38,397 | 47,224 | 38,397 | 47,224 |
| Other interest paid | $(2,497)$ | 5,750 | 556 | 8,770 |
|  | $\mathbf{9 6 8 , 8 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{9 5 0 , 5 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{9 7 1 , 7 7 6}$ | $\mathbf{9 5 3 , 4 3 3}$ |

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|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

32. Finance costs (continued)

An amount of R21.1m (2015: R52.9m) relating to borrowing costs was capitalised to work-in-progress with 9\% (2015: $9 \%$ ) being the weighted average cost of funds borrowed generally by the municipality. The accumulated borrowing costs that have been capitalised to work-in- progress at 30 June 2016 are R74.0m (30 June 2015: R52.9m).
33. Bulk purchases

| Electricity | $7,735,741$ | $6,716,137$ | $7,735,741$ | $6,716,137$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Water | $1,728,995$ | $1,662,481$ | $1,728,995$ | $\mathbf{1 , 6 6 2 , 4 8 1}$ |
|  | $\mathbf{9 , 4 6 4 , 7 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 3 7 8 , 6 1 8}$ | $\mathbf{9 , 4 6 4 , 7 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 3 7 8 , 6 1 8}$ |

34. Grants and subsidies paid

| Other subsidies |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Grant Paid: Point Precinct Trust | 2,276 | 2,168 | 2,276 | 2,168 |
| Grant Paid: Enhanced Extended Discount Benefit | 2,325 | 1,701 | 2,325 | 1,701 |
| Grant Paid: Sporting Organisations | 58,766 | 54,091 | 58,766 | 54,091 |
| Grant Paid: Twilanga Old Age Home | 1,202 | 1,055 | 1,202 | 1,055 |
| Grant Paid: South African Association of Marine | 62,424 | 56,595 | 62,424 | 56,595 |
| Biology Research |  |  |  |  |
| Grant Paid: Playhouse Company | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Grant Paid: Durban Arts Association | 129 | 1,150 | 129 | 1,150 |
| Grant Paid: Natal Philharmonic Orchestra | 6,800 | 6,800 | 6,800 | 6,800 |
| Grant Paid: Tourism Indaba | 13,558 | 13,495 | 13,558 | 13,495 |
| Grant Paid: Food Aid Program | 43,614 | 27,910 | 43,614 | 27,910 |
| Grants Paid: Other | 14,827 | 16,130 | 17,987 | 16,130 |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 8 , 9 2 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 4 , 0 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 2 , 0 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 8 4 , 0 9 5}$ |

35. Fair value adjustments

Fair value adjustment - Debentures - 29,667
eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
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Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  |  | Group | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

36. General expenses

| Advertising | 48,628 | 51,181 | 46,556 | 48,971 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Auditors remuneration | 19,170 | 20,185 | 17,309 | 18,626 |
| Bank charges | 7,312 | 8,276 | 5,705 | 6,704 |
| Cleaning | 20,398 | 22,561 | 18,747 | 20,929 |
| Commission paid | 30,513 | 25,774 | 30,410 | 25,670 |
| Consulting and professional fees | 52,918 | 69,634 | 50,185 | 65,263 |
| Delivery expenses | 3,729 | 3,310 | 3,729 | 3,310 |
| Civic Entertainment | 2,698 | 1,247 | 2,391 | 1,245 |
| Hire of facilities, plant and equipment | 51,868 | 64,962 | 51,868 | 64,962 |
| Insurance | 62 | 18 | - |  |
| Community development and training | 27,134 | 24,820 | 27,134 | 24,820 |
| Conferences and seminars | 8,692 | 5,411 | 8,692 | 5,411 |
| IT expenses | 37,311 | 44,080 | 36,514 | 43,383 |
| Marketing | 65,685 | 57,458 | 47,897 | 42,934 |
| Levies | 6,740 | 4,843 | 5,581 | 3,760 |
| Magazines, books and periodicals | 8,216 | 8,331 | 8,206 | 8,316 |
| Medical requisites | 21,291 | 17,026 | 21,291 | 17,026 |
| Fuel and oil | 215,010 | 224,194 | 214,971 | 224,160 |
| Postage and courier | 27,506 | 26,898 | 27,496 | 26,890 |
| Printing and stationery | 44,022 | 38,827 | 42,571 | 37,511 |
| Promotions | 77,842 | 73,123 | 77,842 | 73,123 |
| Project maintenance costs | 60,092 | 53,640 | 60,092 | 53,640 |
| Research costs | 12,858 | 13,946 | 12,858 | 13,946 |
| Secretarial fees | 73,692 | 61,122 | 70,497 | 57,576 |
| Subscriptions and membership fees | 19,527 | 20,819 | 19,158 | 20,657 |
| Telephone and fax | 61,312 | 61,446 | 60,105 | 60,272 |
| Transport and freight | 68,684 | 71,682 | 67,120 | 70,082 |
| Training | 108,459 | 103,962 | 108,359 | 103,868 |
| Travel - local | 29,766 | 25,830 | 29,324 | 25,511 |
| Refuse | 26,873 | 26,874 | 26,873 | 26,874 |
| Title deed search fees | 722 | 593 | 722 | 593 |
| Stock Adjustments | 4,343 | 14,231 | 3,894 | 13,856 |
| Sewerage and waste disposal | 41,232 | 52,317 | 41,232 | 52,317 |
| Refuse Bags | 101,386 | 101,076 | 101,386 | 101,076 |
| Recycling | 11,978 | 19,938 | 11,978 | 19,938 |
| Tourism development | 3,542 | 3,049 | 3,542 | 3,049 |
| Other Sponsorships and Subsidies | 8,931 | 8,422 | 8,931 | 8,422 |
| Stadium Operational Costs | 19,679 | 20,674 | 19,679 | 20,674 |
| Urban Improvement Precincts | 9,034 | 3,799 | 9,034 | 3,799 |
| Safety Equipment | 4,634 | 2,174 | 4,634 | 2,174 |
| Contribution to the Provision for the Eradication of | 21,085 | 20,458 | 21,085 | 20,458 |
| Alien Vegetation |  |  |  |  |
| Special Events | 133,522 | 119,587 | 133,522 | 119,587 |
| Venue Decorative expenses | 2,966 | 2,760 | 2,966 | 2,760 |
| Other expenses | 421,923 | 410,116 | 377,224 | 362,045 |
|  | 2,022,985 | 2,010,674 | 1,939,310 | 1,926,188 |

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Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

37. Cash generated from operations

| Surplus | 4,256,391 | 3,014,214 | 4,225,094 | 3,100,880 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjustments for: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation: PPE | 1,878,467 | 1,794,242 | 1,806,790 | 1,724,863 |
| Gain on disposal of PPE | $(9,125)$ | $(48,588)$ | $(10,260)$ | $(49,065)$ |
| Loss on Impairment: Investment Properties | 3,570 | 7,085 | 3,570 | 7,085 |
| Depreciation: Investment Properties | 4,277 | 4,418 | 1,861 | 1,727 |
| Share of Income from Joint Venture |  |  | $(5,013)$ | $(4,969)$ |
| Fair value adjustments | - | $(29,667)$ | - |  |
| Amortisation: Intangible assets | 73,953 | 47,692 | 72,576 | 46,540 |
| Contribution to provisions | 66,742 | 70,488 | 66,484 | 68,607 |
| Impairment deficit | 12,147 | 8,664 | 12,147 | 8,664 |
| Debt impairment | 1,391,264 | 2,093,865 | 1,391,530 | 2,094,085 |
| Reversal of Impairment | $(5,725)$ | $(3,782)$ | $(5,725)$ | $(3,782)$ |
| Movements in retirement benefit assets and | 529,644 | 159,137 | 529,644 | 159,137 |
| liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Reversal of Loss on impairment of investment in | - | - | $(2,750)$ | $(84,631)$ |
| Municipal entity |  |  |  |  |
| Donations received: PPE | $(1,160)$ | $(2,077)$ | $(1,160)$ | $(2,077)$ |
| Taxation expense | 3,830 | 4,334 |  |  |
| Loss on impairment: Municipal Entity | - | - | 75,876 | - |
| Changes in working capital: |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories | $(89,740)$ | $(83,149)$ | 7,607 | $(69,354)$ |
| Receivables from exchange transactions | $(1,388,805)$ | $(1,999,676)$ | $(1,389,878)$ | $(1,998,474)$ |
| Consumer debtors | $(393,373)$ | $(575,386)$ | $(398,925)$ | $(655,554)$ |
| Other receivables from non-exchange transactions | 962 | $(38,543)$ | 962 | $(38,543)$ |
| Payables from exchange transactions | 876,892 | $(542,481)$ | 772,059 | $(461,924)$ |
| VAT | $(29,026)$ | 178,047 | $(23,575)$ | 182,676 |
| Unspent conditional grants and receipts | $(376,751)$ | $(202,176)$ | $(376,751)$ | $(202,176)$ |
| Consumer deposits | 232,839 | 179,512 | 210,762 | 181,867 |
|  | 7,037,273 | 4,036,173 | 6,962,925 | 4,005,582 |

38. UTILISATION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITES RECONCILIATION

| Long-term liabilities <br> Used to finance property, plant and equipment - <br> at cost | $9,236,359$ $10,326,600$ <br> $(9,236,359)$ $(10,326,600)$ | $9,236,359$ <br> $(9,236,359)$ | $10,241,146$ <br> $(10,241,146)$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | - | - | - |  |

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| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 39. Commitments

Commitments in respect of capital expenditure

| Approved and contracted for |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - Infrastructure | 2,507,785 | 3,678,138 | 2,507,785 | 3,678,138 |
| - Community | 57,791 | 76,448 | 57,791 | 76,448 |
| - Land and Buildings | 204,795 | 246,428 | 204,795 | 246,428 |
| - Other | 1,263,671 | 860,710 | 1,261,877 | 860,710 |
|  | 4,034,042 | 4,861,724 | 4,032,248 | 4,861,724 |
| Approved but not yet contracted for |  |  |  |  |
| - Infrastructure | 147,377 | 446,553 | 147,377 | 446,553 |
| - Community | 10,863 | 36,146 | 10,863 | 36,146 |
| - Land and Buildings | 25,432 | 40,793 | 25,432 | 40,793 |
| - Other | - | 450 | - | 450 |
|  | 183,672 | 523,942 | 183,672 | 523,942 |
| Total capital commitments |  |  |  |  |
| Approved and contracted for | 4,034,042 | 4,861,724 | 4,032,248 | 4,861,724 |
| Approved but not yet contracted for | 183,672 | 523,942 | 183,672 | 523,942 |
|  | 4,217,714 | 5,385,666 | 4,215,920 | 5,385,666 |

Included in the Other Capital Commitments figure for Housing is Housing Agency commitments amounting to R 1.1 billion (2015: R786million).

## Financial Commitment

Debenture held in Durban Marine Theme Park - $\quad$ - 90,000
A debenture held in Durban Marine Theme Park by DBSA was convertable at the option of the holder into ordinary shares. Council resolved to settle the liability in exchange of shares in 2 tranches of R45 million each (November 2015 and March 2016). Refer to note 15 for increase in Investments in Municipal Entities.

| Operating leases - as lessor (income): |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Minimum lease payments due | - | - |  |  |
| - within one year | 23,811 | 19,046 | - | - |
| - in second to fifth year inclusive | 39,369 | 35,956 | - | - |
|  | $\mathbf{6 3 , 1 8 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 , 0 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ |

Durban Marine Theme Park Pty (Ltd): The operating leases relate to rental contracts derived from Ushaka Village Walk. The lease agreements were entered into on various dates and will be operational for varying periods, the last expiring on 30 June 2020. For the purposes of calculating the lease commitments, options to renew the leases on expiry have been ignored. The rental escalation percentage varies from lease to lease, the average being approximately $6 \%$.

Municipality: Rental Income recognised from operating leases have not been accounted for on the straight-line basis over the lease terms for the following reasons:
Approximately $50 \%$ of lease income is short term ie. the lease is terminable at 1 to 3 months notice;
Approximately $45 \%$ of long term lease income is based on turnover ie. subjective and not fixed.
Lease income is recognised as it accrues. The straight-lining of lease income is considered not to provide a fair reflection of income from leases.

Operating leases - as lessee (expenditure)

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

39. Commitments (continued)

## Minimum lease payments due

| - within one year | 45,861 | 73,018 | 45,710 | 50,040 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - in second to fifth year inclusive | 63,150 | 130,906 | 62,949 | 94,950 |
| - later than five years | 4,432 | 4,165 | 4,432 | 4,165 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 1 3 , 4 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 8 , 0 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 3 , 0 9 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 4 9 , 1 5 5}$ |

## Operating Commitments

Commitments Payable

| - within one year | $1,186,748$ | $1,319,073$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 6 3 , 8 3 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 0 6 , 7 3 8}$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - within two to three years | $1,219,782$ | $1,145,313$ | $1,219,782$ | $1,145,313$ |
| - after three years | 28,321 | 11,185 | 28,321 | 11,185 |
|  | $\mathbf{2 , 4 3 4 , 8 5 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 4 7 5 , 5 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 4 1 1 , 9 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 4 6 3 , 2 3 6}$ |

Included above is Operating Commitments for Security Management. The Contract has been extended for 6 months and the estimated cost is R311m. The three year budget forecasts for Security Management costs is R622.2m, R 621.5 m and R 673.5 m respectively.
40. Contingencies

| Contracted Disputes | 793,500 | 734,915 | 793,500 | 734,915 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Various departments within the municipality have price disputes with certain contractors.

| Self Insurance Reserve | 295,692 | 304,540 | 295,692 | 304,540 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Various claims submitted to the Insurance department of the municipality are under dispute. The estimated liability of such claims is disclosed.

| Property Rates | 235,603 | 355,464 | 235,603 | 355,464 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

During the implementation of the Municipal Property Rates Act (MPRA), ratepayers were given the opportunity to object to the property valuations used in the computation of their property rates charge. These objections were investigated and resolved. Ratepayers that were dissatisfied with the results of the response had the right to lodge an appeal in terms of the MPRA. The appeals process has commenced. If the ratepayers are successful in their appeal, the above rates revenue recognised for the year will have to be reversed.

| Bank Guarantees | 69,032 | 66,660 | 68,484 | 66,660 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

These guarantee's are issued in favour of the following:

- The Member(s), Jeena's Warehouse Close Corporation: R3.6m (Standard Bank) dated 19 May 1999;
- S.A. Post Office: R76 000 (Standard Bank) dated 14 October 1997;
- S.A. Post Office: R1.9m (Standard Bank) dated 6 August 1997;
- ESKOM Holdings: R7 800 (Standard Bank) dated 1 November 2011;
- Compensation Commissioner: R62.9m (NedBank)
I.C.C. Durban

R548
611.

Legal Claims

| 218,948 | 284,404 | 218,948 | 284,404 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Various claims submitted to the legal department of the municipality are in the process of being resolved. The estimated liability of such claims, should the claimant be successful, is disclosed.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

40. Contingencies (continued)

Legal disputes relate to:
-Rates dispute: R5.2m;
-Value of compensation in respect of expropriation of various properties R91m
-Claims for damages - various: R122.7m

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  | Municipality |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |

## 41. Related parties

Relationships

| Municipal entities (refer to note 15) | Durban Marine Theme Park SOC Limited |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | ICC Durban (Pty)Ltd |
|  | Ethekwini Transport Authority |
| Joint ventures (refer to note 16) | River Horse Valley Joint Venture |
|  | Durban Point Development Company |

## Related party balances

Loan accounts - Owing by related parties

| Durban Infrastructural Development Trust | $-\overline{171,671}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Durban Point Development Company Proprietary Limited | 175,052 | $\mathbf{- 1 7 5 , 0 5 2}$ |


| Amounts included in Trade Receivable regarding related parties |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| I.C.C. Durban (Proprietary) Limited | 3,814 | 1,663 |
| Durban Marine Theme Park SOC Limited | 14,860 | 10,177 |
|  | $\mathbf{1 8 , 6 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 , 8 4 0}$ |


| Amounts included in Trade Payable regarding related parties |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| I.C.C. Durban (Proprietary) Limited | 14,476 | 2,608 |
| Durban Marine Theme Park (Proprietary) Limited | 123 | - |
| Ethekwini Transport Authority | 48,417 | 53,372 |
|  | $\mathbf{6 3 , 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 5 , 9 8 0}$ |

## Consumer Deposits paid

| I.C.C. Durban (Proprietary) Limited | 1,597 |
| :--- | :--- |

## Related party transactions

## Sales to related parties

| I.C.C. Durban (Proprietary) Limited: |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Electricity | 10,762 | 9,704 |
| Water | 1,535 | 1,458 |
| Refuse | 940 | 751 |
| Rates | 5,687 | 5,317 |
| Other | 505 | - |
| Durban Marine Theme Park SOC Limited | 20,904 | 18,796 |
| Electricity | 8,193 | 6,288 |
| Water | 1,082 | 1,042 |
| Waste | 494 | 741 |
| Insurance | 3,851 | 3,614 |
| Rates | 12 | 69 |
| Riverhorse Valley Joint Venture | 7,763 | 4,969 |
| Electricity and Water | 999 | - |
| Income from Joint Venture |  |  |
| Rates |  |  |

Purchases from related parties
I.C.C. Durban (Proprietary) Limited:
General Expenses $\quad 45,043 \quad 26,587$

Durban Marine Theme Park SOC Limited
General Expenses
Riverhorse Valley Joint Venture

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

|  | Group |  |  |  | Municipality |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Figures in Rand thousand | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |  |

41. Related parties (continued)

| General Expenses | - | 102 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Ethekwini Transport Authority | 3,063 | 3,051 |
| General Expenses | 3,160 | - |

42. Prior year adjustments

The following adjustments all relate to corrections of prior-year errors.

## Consumer Debtors

| Balance previously reported |  | 3,077,172 | - | 3,076,438 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rates adjustments (valuation appeals) - prior to 2014/15 |  | $(60,712)$ |  | $(60,712)$ |
| Rates adjustments (valuation appeals) - | - | $(75,470)$ | - | $(75,470)$ |
| 2014/15 |  |  |  |  |
| Re-classification to Long-term receivables of DIDT capitalised rates | - | $(15,088)$ | - | $(15,088)$ |
|  |  | 2,925,902 |  | 2,925,168 |


| Payables from exchange transactions |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance previously reported | - | $5,259,984$ | - | $5,257,542$ |
| Accruals adjustments - prior to 2014/15 | - | 20,392 | - | 20,392 |
| Accruals adjustments - 2014/15 | - | 18,630 | - | 18,630 |
| Trade payables adjustments - prior to 2014/15 | - | $(10,747)$ | - | $(10,747)$ |
| Trade payables adjustments - 2014/15 | - | $(149)$ | - | $(149)$ |
| Fair value adjustments - prior to 2014/15 | - | 8,651 | - | 8,651 |
| Fair value adjustments - 2014/15 | - | 11,556 | $(36)$ | - |
| Retention adjustment - 2014/15 | - | $(7,419)$ | - | $(365)$ |
| Other adjustments - prior to 2014/15 | - | - | $(7,419)$ |  |
| Other adjustments - 2014/15 | - | 24,765 | - | 24,765 |
| USHAKA adjustment - VAT | - | 5,644 | - |  |
|  | - | $\mathbf{5 , 3 3 1 , 2 7 1}$ | - | $\mathbf{5 , 3 2 3 , 1 8 5}$ |


| Property, Plant and Equipment |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance previously reported | - | $40,803,518$ | - | $39,816,121$ |
| Depreciation Adjustments - prior to 2014/15 | - | 19,436 | - | 19,436 |
| Depreciation Adjustments $-2014 / 15$ | - | 65,402 | - | 65,402 |
|  | - | $\mathbf{4 0 , 8 8 8 , 3 5 6}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 , 9 0 0}, \mathbf{9 5 9}$ |


| Inventories |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance previously reported | - | 420,919 | - | 359,415 |
| Stock adjustments | - | $(5,977)$ | - | $(5,977)$ |
|  | - | $\mathbf{4 1 4 , 9 4 2}$ | - | $\mathbf{3 5 3 , 4 3 8}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment Property |  |  |  |  |
| Balance previously reported | - | 314,901 | - | 249,827 |
| Re-classification from Investments | - | 10 | 10 |  |
| Adjustment for non-council properties | - | $(4,048)$ | - | $(4,048)$ |
| Impairment reversal | - | 2,150 | - | 2,150 |
| Depreciation adjustment | - | 130 | - | 130 |
|  | $\mathbf{3 1 3 , 1 4 3}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 8 , 0 6 9}$ |  |

eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities
Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

## Figures in Rand thousand

42. Prior year adjustments (continued)

Intangible Assets
Balance previously reported - $\quad 855,475$ - 853,820
$\begin{array}{llrlr}\text { Cost adjustment - prior to 2014/15 } & - & 732 & - & 732 \\ \text { Amortisation adjustment - 2014/15 } & - & 9,091 & - & 9,091\end{array}$

| Amortisation adjustment $-2014 / 15$ | - | 9,091 | - | 9,091 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand

## 42. Prior year adjustments (continued)

| Accumulated Surplus |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance previously reported | - | 32,244,182 | - | 31,912,452 |
| Long-term receivables: Student loan write-offs <br> - prior to 2014/15 | - | $(1,732)$ | - | $(1,732)$ |
| Investment Property: Adjustment for noncouncil properties | - | $(4,048)$ | - | $(4,048)$ |
| Unspent conditional Grants: Reforestation grant adjustment - 2014/15 | - | (287) | - | (287) |
| Payables from exchange transactions: | - | $(20,392)$ | - | $(20,392)$ |
| Accruals adjustments - prior to 2014/15 |  |  |  |  |
| Payables from exchange transactions: | - | $(18,630)$ | - | $(18,630)$ |
| Accruals adjustments - 2014/15 |  |  |  |  |
| Payables from exchange transactions: Trade payables adjustments - prior to 2014/15 | - | 10,747 | - | 10,747 |
| Payables from exchange transactions: Trade payables adjustments - 2014/15 | - | 149 | - | 149 |
| Payables from exchange transactions: Fair value adjustments - prior to 2014/15 | - | $(8,651)$ | - | $(8,651)$ |
| Payables from exchange transactions: Fair value adjustments - 2014/15 | - | $(11,556)$ | - | $(11,556)$ |
| Payables from exchange transactions: | - | 36 | - | 36 |
| Retention adjustment - 2014/15 |  |  |  |  |
| Payables from exchange transactions: Other adjustments - prior to 2014/15 | - | 7,419 | - | 7,419 |
| Payables from exchange transactions: Other adjustments - 2014/15 | - | $(24,765)$ | - | $(24,765)$ |
| Cash and Bank Balances: Petty cash adjustment | - | (34) | - | (34) |
| 2014/15 |  |  |  |  |
| Intangible assets: Amortisation adjustment 2014/15 | - | 9,091 | - | 9,091 |
| $2014 / 15$ |  |  |  |  |
| PPE: Depreciation adjustments - 2014/15 | - | 65,402 | - | 65,402 |
| Consumer Debtors: Rates adjustments (valuation appeals) - prior to 2014/15 | - | $(60,712)$ | - | $(60,712)$ |
| Consumer Debtors: Rates adjustments (valuation appeals) - 2014/15 | - | $(75,470)$ | - | $(75,470)$ |
| VAT payable: VAT adjustments |  | $(118,629)$ |  | $(118,629)$ |
| Inventories: Stock adjustments |  | $(5,977)$ |  | $(5,977)$ |
| Receivables from exchange transactions: | - | 269,262 | - | 269,262 |
| Accruals adjustments |  |  |  |  |
| Receivables from exchange transactions: Fair value adjustments | - | 871 | - | 871 |
| Receivables from exchange transactions: DOH | - | (25) | - | (25) |
| Debtor adjustments |  |  |  |  |
| Receivables from exchange transactions: | - | $(40,525)$ | - | $(40,525)$ |
| Other receivables adjustments |  |  |  |  |
| Receivables from exchange transactions: | - | 1,166 | - | 1,166 |
| Other receivables provision for bad debts adjustments |  |  |  |  |
| Investment Property: Depreciation adjustment | - | 129 | - | 129 |
| Investment Property: Reversal of Impairment |  | 2,150 |  | 2,150 |
| Long-term receivables: DIDT - Impairment 2014/15 | - | $(15,088)$ | - | $(15,088)$ |
| Heritage Assets: take-on of assets - prior to 2014/15 | - | 6,239 | - | 6,239 |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
42. Prior year adjustments (continued)

|  | - | 32,230,491 | - | 31,898,761 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Long-term receivables |  |  |  |  |
| Balance previously reported | - | 84,497 | - | 84,497 |
| Re-classification from Consumer Debtors of | - | 15,088 | - | 15,088 |
| DIDT capitalised rates |  |  |  |  |
| Student loan write-offs - prior to 2014/15 | - | $(1,733)$ | - | $(1,733)$ |
| DIDT impairment | - | $(15,088)$ | - | $(15,088)$ |
|  | - | 82,764 | - | 82,764 |
| Unspent conditional grants and receipts |  |  |  |  |
| Balance previously reported | - | 1,125,784 | - | 1,125,784 |
| Reforestation Grant adjustment - 2014/15 | - | 287 | - | 287 |
|  | - | 1,126,071 | - | 1,126,071 |
| Receivables from exchange transactions |  |  |  |  |
| Balance previously reported | - | 2,682,424 | - | 2,657,177 |
| Accruals adjustments | - | 269,263 |  | 269,263 |
| Fair value adjustments | - | 871 | - | 871 |
| DOHS Debtor adjustment | - | (25) |  | (25) |
| Other Debtors adjustment | - | $(40,525)$ | - | $(40,525)$ |
| Other Debtors provision for bad debts adjustment | - | 1,166 | - | 1,166 |
|  | - | 2,913,174 | - | 2,887,927 |
| VAT payable |  |  |  |  |
| Balance previously reported (VAT receivable) | - | $(33,997)$ | - | $(36,313)$ |
| VAT adjustments | - | 118,629 | - | 118,629 |
| USHAKA VAT adjustment | - | $(5,644)$ | - | - |
|  | - | 78,988 | - | 82,316 |
| Investments |  |  |  |  |
| Balance previously reported | - | 5,000,000 | - | 5,000,000 |
| Re-classification to Investment Property | - | (10) | - | (10) |
|  | - | 4,999,990 | - | 4,999,990 |


| Cash and Bank Balances |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance previously reported | - | 883,192 |  | 821,297 |
| Petty Cash adjustment |  | (34) |  | (34) |
|  | - | 883,158 | - | 821,263 |
| Heritage Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Balance previously reported | - | 13,486 | - | 13,486 |
| Take-on of Heritage assets - prior to 2014/15 | - | 6,239 | - | 6,239 |
|  | - | 19,725 | - | 19,725 |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
43. Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act

Contributions to organised local government

| Current year subscription / fee | 11,925 <br> $(11,925)$ | 10,264 <br> $(10,264)$ | 11,925 <br> $(11,925)$ | 10,264 <br> $(10,264)$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Amount paid - current year | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Audit fees |  |  |  |  |
| Previous year fees | 13,283 | 14,158 | 11,800 | 14,158 |
| Current year fees | 7,198 | 6,798 | 5,469 | 5,274 |
| Amount paid - current year | $(7,198)$ | $(6,798)$ | $(5,469)$ | $(5,274)$ |
| Amount paid - previous years | $(13,266)$ | $(14,158)$ | $(11,800)$ | $(14,158)$ |
|  | $\mathbf{1 7}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ |

PAYE and UIF

| Current year payroll deductions | $1,064,359$ | 928,158 | $1,049,366$ | 916,668 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amount paid - current year | $(1,064,359)$ | $(928,158)$ | $(1,049,366)$ | $(916,668)$ |

Pension and Medical Aid Deductions

| Opening balance | - | 902 | - | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current year expenditure | - | 1,732,208 | 1,854,626 | 1,713,896 |
| Amount paid - current year : Defined Benefit | $(213,394)$ | $(228,180)$ | $(213,394)$ | $(228,180)$ |
| Pension Fund |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid - current year : Defined Contribution | - | $(884,950)$ | $(969,142)$ | $(873,030)$ |
| Pension Fund |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid - previous year : Defined | - | (902) | - | - |
| Contribution Pension Fund |  |  |  |  |
| Amount paid - current year : Medical Aid | - | $(619,078)$ | $(672,090)$ | $(612,686)$ |
|  | $(213,394)$ | - | - |  |
| VAT |  |  |  |  |
| VAT received for the year | 28,480 | 35,429 | 373,225 | 422,656 |
| VAT paid | 78,443 | 114,416 | $(51,625)$ | $(33,947)$ |
|  | 106,923 | 149,845 | 321,600 | 388,709 |

VAT output payables and VAT input receivables are shown in note 5 .
All VAT returns have been submitted by the due date throughout the year.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand

## 43. Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act (continued)

## Councillors' arrear consumer accounts

The following Councillors had arrear accounts outstanding for more than 90 days during the financial year ended June 30, 2016:

June 30, 2016
Amount
outstanding
(Rands)

| Councillor A. Shabalala | 566 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Councillor B. Fortein | 162 | Oct |
| Councillor B. Hlongwa | 271 | Se |
| Councillor B. Ngwane | 15 | Au |
| Councillor B. Dlamini | 70 | Jun |
| Councillor B. Gumede | 903 | Ja |

Oct-15
Feb-16
Sep-15
Aug-15
Jun-16
Jan-16
Councillor B. Mpungose
Councillor B. Chili
3,355
Apr-16
Councillor B. Ntshangase 292
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Councillor C. Beata } & 80 \\ \text { Councillor C. Dlamini } & 726\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Councillor D. Shozi } & 29 \\ \text { Councillor F. Moyo } & 332\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Councillor G. Pullan } & 934 \\ \text { Councillor H. Cele } & 97\end{array}$
Councillor H. Maphumulo 319
Councillor J. Cele 749
Councillor M. Xhakaza 84
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Councillor M. Zungu } & 13 \\ \text { Councillor M. Mabaso } & 12\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Councillor M. Ntshangase } & 12 \\ \text { Councillor M. Mnyandu } & 23\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{lr}\text { Councillor M. Sibiya } & 31 \\ \text { Councillor M. Bayeni } & 123\end{array}$
Councillor M. Gumede 6
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Councillor M. Ngcobo } & 411 \\ \text { Councillor M. Mthembu } & 176\end{array}$

| Councillor M. Bhengu | 40 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Councillor M. Munien | 226 |


| Councillor M. Dladla | 165 | Oct-15 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Councillor M. Ndzimbomvu | 13 | Jun-16 |
| Councillor N. Nyanisa | 1,310 | Feb-16 |
| Councillor N. Khawulo | 4,185 | Jun-16 |
| Councillor N. Makhanya-Sibiya | 164 | Sep-15 |
| Councillor O. Ngcobo | 13 | Jun-16 |
| Councillor O. Mthembu | 9 | Jun-16 |
| Councillor P. Mkeka | 11 | Sep-15 |
| Councillor P. Naidoo | 1,427 | Oct-15 |
| Councillor P. Padayachee | 53 | Aug-15 |
| Councillor P. Hengwa | 283 | Nov-15 |
| Councillor P. Sibiya | 13 | Jun-16 |
| Councillor S. Naidoo | 117 | Mar-16 |
| Councillor S. Zenzile | 275 | Nov-15 |
| Councillor S. Gumede | 147 | Apr-16 |
| Councillor S. Mcoyi | 507 | Feb-16 |
| Councillor S. Buthelezi | 225 | Oct-15 |
| Councillor T. Ncane | 13 | Oct-15 |
| Councillor T. Nzuza | 1,358 | Jul-15 |
| Councillor V. Qulo | 702 | Mar-16 |
| Councillor V. Gebashe | 12 | Oct-15 |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
43. Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act (continued)

| Councillor Z. Gumede | 1,454 | Jun-16 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Councillor Z. Ndzoyiya | 39 | Sep-15 |
| Councillor Z. Ngcece | 91 | Sep-15 |

The following Councillors had arrear accounts
outstanding for more than 90 days during the

financial year ended June 30, 2015: | Amount |
| :---: |
| outstanding | Month

| Councillor B. Fortein | 59 | 403 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |


| Councillor B. Ngwane | 957 | Mar-15 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Councillor B. Dlamini | 375 | Nov-14 |


| Councillor B. Dlamini | 375 | Nov-14 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Councillor B. Mpungose | 28 | Jun-15 |

Councillor B. Chili $933 \quad$ Feb-15
Councillor B. Singh $781 \quad$ Aug-14
Councillor B. Ntshangase $\quad 50 \quad$ Mar-15
Councillor C. Dlamini 716 Feb-15

| Councillor D. Pillay | 502 | Nov-14 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Councillor D. Shozi | 3812 | Jun-15 |


| Councillor H. Cele | 9,877 | Jun-15 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Councillor H. Biyela | 36 | Apr-15 |


| Councillor H. Maphumulo | 64 | Feb-15 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Councillor J. Cele | 501 | Jun-15 |

Councillor L. Mngwengwe 256 Apr-15
Councillor M. Xhakaza 284 Jun-15
Councillor M. Zungu Jul-14

| Councillor M. Bayeni | 5,304 | Nov-1 |
| :--- | ---: | :--- |


| Councillor M. Ngcobo | 210 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Councillor M. Nkosi | 2,684 | Jun-15 |
| Councillor M. Mthembu | 744 | Dec-14 |
| Councillor M. Dladla | 59 | Feb-15 |
| Councillor N. Nyanisa | 519 | Jun-15 |
| Councillor N. Khawula | 519 | Apr-15 |
| Councillor N. Makhanya-Sibiya | 232 | Nov-14 |
| Councillor N. Mabaso | 3,819 | Nov-14 |
| Councillor N. Shabalala | 175 | Nov-14 |
| Councillor O. Ngcobo | 66 | Jun-15 |
| Councillor P. Davis | 3,886 | Aug-14 |
| Councillor P. Naidoo | 6,254 | Dec-14 |
| Councillor P. Hengwa | 3,289 | May-15 |
| Councillor P. Sibiya | 54 | Jun-15 |
| Councillor S. Govender | 12,452 | Aug-14 |
| Councillor S. Mcoyi | 278 | Mar-15 |
| Councillor S. Buthelezi | 765 | May-15 |
| Councillor T. Ncane | 48 | Jun-15 |
| Councillor T. Nzuza | 27,235 | Jun-15 |
| Councillor V. Gebashe | 53 | Feb-15 |
| Councillor Z. Ndzoyiya | 74 | May-15 |
| Councillor Z. Nzama | 2,040 | Jun-15 |
|  | 91,400 |  |

44. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been restated (refer note 42 for details).

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
45. Deviation from supply chain management regulations

Contract awards made in terms of Section 36(1) (Regulation 36 of SCMR) of the Supply Chain Management Policy amounted to $\quad$ R million 947.9 (2015: $\quad$ million). Details of the awards are summarised in the tables below:

Durban Marine Theme Park: Contract awards made in terms of Section 36(1) (Regulation 36 of SCMR) of the Supply Chain Management Policy amounted to R687 186 (2015: R925 999)
ICC (Proprietary) Limited: Contract awards made in terms of Section 36(1) (Regulation 36 of SCMR) of the Supply Chain Management Policy amounted to R6.9 million (2015: R3.9 million).

| Group - 2016 : Categories per SCM regulations | SCM <br> Regulation Reference | Number of cases | \% of Total | Value (R000's) | \% of Rand Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| In an emergency | 36(1)(a)(i) | 272 | 43.52 | 39,236 | 4.11 |
| If such goods or services are produced or available from a single provider only | 36(1)(a)(ii) | 147 | 23.52 | 173,997 | 18.21 |
| In any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement processes | 36(1)(a)(v) | 206 | 32.96 | 742,369 | 77.68 | the official procurement processes



## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

| Figures in Rand thousand |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 45. | Additional disclosure in terms of Municipal Finance Management Act (continued) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | If such goods or services are produced or available from a single provider only | 36(1)(a)(ii) | 33 | 13.31 \% | 58,831 | 6.28 \% |
|  | For the acquisition of special works of art or historical objects where specifications are difficult to compile | 36(1)(a)(iii) | 19 | 7.66 \% | 1,614 | 0.17 \% |
|  | In any other exceptional case where it is impractical or impossible to follow the official procurement processes | 36(1)(a)(v) | 144 | 58.06 \% | 792,560 | 84.55 \% |
|  | Minor deviation from the standard process | 36(1)(b) | 29 | 11.69 \% | 4,698 | 0.50 \% |
|  |  |  | 248 |  | 937,337 |  |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

## Figures in Rand thousand

## 46. Material losses

## Water:

The Water Design and Non-Revenue Water (NRW) Branch is responsible for monitoring the NRW situation at eThekwini Water and Sanitation (EWS) and reporting thereon, providing strategic direction for the Unit to reduce losses as well as implementing a number of programmes to reduce losses on a wide scale. The primary objective of the NRW reduction activities is to reduce the NRW levels to a targeted and sustained value of $25 \%$ by volume (420 litres/connection/day total water losses) by June 2020.

The success of the NRW programme has been hampered by the drought as some areas have been forced to be on daily intermittent supply which damages the infrastructure, and increases the leaks, bursts and meter damage. Consumers have also been instructed to reduce demand between $15 \%$ and $50 \%$. Where the water sales decrease as a result of this call, this has the impact of increasing the NRW\%.

Due to the implementation of the new RMS billing system, the consumption was estimated for part of June 2016 based on previous billed consumption. Figures reported below are this based on an extrapolation of 11 months of available performance data to predict the data for June 2016. This estimate will not be significantly out.

The key results for the 2015/16 financial year are:

- Bulk water System Input Volume decreased by 33 MI/day as compared to 2014/15 from an average of $926 \mathrm{MI} /$ day to $893 \mathrm{MI} /$ day;
- Consumer sales decreased by $29 \mathrm{MI} /$ day as compared to 2014/15 from an average of $559 \mathrm{MI} /$ day to $530 \mathrm{ML} /$ day;
- NRW by Volume has therefore deteriorated 1\% from 39,7\% in June 2015 to 40,7\%.

Water losses of $132507263 \mathrm{kl}(2014 / 2015$ : 134333086 kl ) occurred during the twelve months under review, which resulted in revenue losses to the municipality. The estimated water losses amounting to R710.9m (2014/2015: R669m) were due mainly to illegal connections and deteriorating infrastructure. In terms of MFMA circular 71 the norm for water losses is between $15 \%$ and $30 \%$. The basis of calculation of the water loss has changed from the previous year. In the previous year the net loss reported was 122295885 kl , that included deemed authorised consumption, which equates to 609 m .

In line with the current NRW Business Plan, EWS is implementing a number of water loss interventions, the highlights of which for the period under review is as follows:

1. During the period 39 Pressure Reducing Valves were installed and 116 installations were designed.
2. The Leak Detection and Repair Strategy with a total of up to 16 Category B plumbers in formal and informal areas has proved extremely successful and a total of 4785 primarily non-visible leaks were repaired from the 5480 km of reticulation that were surveyed for leaks.
3. 1513 connections were regularized and registered in COINS from the sweeps being conducted Metro-wide in old eThekwini Housing projects.
4. In terms of the programme for meter replacement for domestic consumers which are more than 15 years old a total of 2685 out of a target of 5000 has been achieved.
5.In terms of the programme for meter replacement for Industrial, Commercial and Institutional consumers a total of 1197 out of a target of 1000 has been achieved.

The Unit Head has formed 2 task teams to focus and reduce NRW. The 1st team is comprised of key internal role players whilst the 2nd team is comprised of the Heads of key Units and Departments that influence the NRW reduction programmes (Treasury, Legal, HR, Audit and SCM.) The function of the 2nd task team is to assist with the implementation of all proposed programmes as well as expedite the resolution of any delays. A review of the NRW programme is being conducted and in light of the drought, the 5 year NRW reduction plan is also being revised and updated to provide new informed direction and focus towards achieving the NRW reduction goals.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand

## Electricity

Estimated Electricity losses $1197963034 \mathrm{kWh}(2015$ : 849426488 kWh ) occurred during the year under review which resulted in revenue losses to the municipality. These estimated kWh losses amounted to R 828m (2015: R 566m).
The national norm for electricity losses ranges from $5.6 \%$ to $12 \%$. The loss incurred by the municipality is $10.71 \%$ (2015: 7.70\%) and is due to a combination of transmission/distribution losses and losses due to illegal connections.

Note: The losses is incorrectly inflated due to a series of issues affecting the reporting system. The reporting system only considers an electricity sale upon the input of a meter reading. The lack of meter readings entered into the system will have the undue effect of understating sales, leading to the overstatement of the calculated losses.
Meter reads entered into the system was affected by 3 main factors:

- Delays in meter reading contracts
- In order to improve billing accuracy, the upper and lower acceptance limits on the billing system were revised. This had the undue effect of placing greater number of readings in audit.
- Migration to a new billing system (RMS) interrupted the loading and capturing of meter reads. This had the undue effect of meter reads not acknowledged by the system, leading to an understatement of sales.
As meter readings are consistently inputted into the new billing system (RMS), this anomaly is expected to selfheal and regularise leading to a decrease in losses.


## Bad Debts written off:

Debt of R133.3m (2015: R113m) was written off during the year. The write-off is in respect of irrecoverable debts which relate to rates, services, housing and sundry debts. The Municipality took steps to write-off this debt which is considered irrecoverable so that efforts can be focused on debt that can still be recovered. About $51 \%$ of the write-off relates to Water Debt Relief Programme where customers pay for the current consumption and the debt being written off over a period of time.Prescribed Debt relating to acknowledgement of debt agreements for water was written off.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
47. Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure disallowed

| Cases reported during the 2015/16 year are included below: |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-compliance with S.C.M. - various: This expenditure is deemed to be irregular due to | 91,761 | - | 91,761 |  |
| Public Tender Process not being adhered to, 3 quotations not being obtained and adverts not being adequately advertised. |  |  |  |  |
| Non-compliance with MFMA - Section 116(3) | 3,471 | 113,744 | 3,471 | 113,744 |
| Non-compliance with MFMA - Section 116(1)(b) | 75,945 | 3,131 | 75,945 | 3,131 |
| Non-compliance with MFMA - Section 116(2) | 46 | - | 46 |  |
| Non-compliance with MFMA - Section 15(b) | 4,763 |  | 4,763 |  |
| Non-compliance with MFMA - Section 112(1)(a) | 223 | 16,663 | 223 | 16,663 |
| Non-compliance with MFMA - Section 110 | 169 | 78 | 169 | 78 |
| Non-compliance with MFMA - Section 36 | 24,469 | 8,741 | 24,469 | 8,741 |
| Awards made to entities whose directors / members / principal shareholders / stakeholders were in the service of eThekwini municipality | 254 | 66 | 254 | 66 |
| Awards made to entities whose directors / members / principal shareholders / stakeholders were close family members of persons in the service of eThekwini municipality | 2,486 | 525 | 2,486 | 525 |
| / principal shareholders / stakeholders were in the service of other State institutions |  |  |  |  |
| Non-compliance with S.C.M - invalid deviations | - | 43,237 |  | 43,237 |
| Non-compliance with S.C.M - contract extended after expiry | - | 13,664 | - | 13,664 |
| Non-compliance with S.C.M - No valid BBBEE certificates - subcontractors | - | 10,504 | - | 10,504 |
| Non-compliance with S.C.M - Less than three quotes obtained - Electricity | - | 2,151 | - | 2,151 |
| Non-compliance with S.C.M - Supplier declarations not received | 171 | 2,067 | 171 | 2,067 |
| Non-compliance with S.C.M - Splitting of tenders | 869 | 1,894 | 869 | 1,894 |
| Non-compliance with S.C.M - No valid tax clearance certificate submitted | 2,200 | 2,123 | 2,200 | 2,123 |
| I.C.C Durban (Pty) Ltd. Fruitless and Wasteful | 9 | - | - |  |
| Expenditure : Interest on late payment of utility bills |  |  |  |  |
| I.C.C Durban (Pty) Ltd. - Fruitless and Wasteful | - | 22 | - |  |
| Expenditure : VAT interest on late payment |  |  |  |  |
| Durban Marine Theme Park SOC Limited - | - | 143 | - |  |
| Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure : Interest on late payment of rates |  |  |  |  |
| Durban Marine Theme Park SOC Limited - Noncompliance with S.C.M. - various: | 60,150 | - | - |  |

compliance with S.C.M. - various:
$\left.\begin{array}{lrrrr}\text { Irregular expenditure } & & & \\ \text { Reconciliation of irregular expenditure } & 132,956 & 316,686 & 132,791 & 316,686 \\ \text { Opening balance } & 217,832 & 219,005 & 157,682 & 219,005 \\ \text { Irregular expenditure current year } & 9 & 165 & - & - \\ \text { Fruitless and wasteful expenditure current year } & 50,636 & - & 50,636 & - \\ \text { Prior year irregular expenditure arising through } & & (186,235) & (402,900) & (186,235)\end{array}\right)(402,900)$.

# eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities 

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
47. Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure disallowed (continued)

A number of interventions have been introduced to improve monitoring controls in Supply Chain Management and the bid process prior to the awarding of contracts to service providers.

The amounts above are inclusive of VAT
There are currently 15 investigations outstanding that were carried out and the City Manager is still in the process with the finalisation thereof. Included in the current year irregular expenditure is an amount of R 50.6 m relating to irregular expenditure incurred in the prior years. Of the R50.6m an amount of R50m relates to the 2013/14 financial year. The irregular expenditure for the year excluding the prior year expenditure is R 157.7 m . This prior year irregular expenditure has been identified as irregular by our investigation unit as per the reports that were finalised during the year. Therefore the expenditure has not been reported to Council for condonation as the recommendations per these reports are still being processed.

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand

## 48. Bank balances



| Cash Book Balance | Bank Statement balance | Cash Book Balance | Bank Statement balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | June 30, 2015 |
| - | - | 14,745 | $(77,537)$ |
| 104,322 | $(738,818)$ | - | - |
| - | - | (404) | $(863,278)$ |
| $(1,011)$ | $(1,479,871)$ | - | - ${ }^{-}$ |
| - | - | 15,342 | 268,417 |
| 7,402 | 32,847 | - | - |
| - | 21,507 | 58,406 | 1,932,385 |
| 74,486 | 136,292 | - | - |
| - | - | $(10,438)$ | 181,139 |
| $(14,244)$ | 232,432 | - | - |
| - | - | 11,109 | 53,212 |
| 26,909 | 27,017 | - | - |
| - | 142 | 442 | 11,638 |
| 3,018 | 7,700 | - | - |
| - | - | 3,247 | 103,345 |
| 95,191 | 96,360 | - | - |
| - | - | - | 354,319 |
| 14,355 | 14,354 | - | - |
| - | - | (3) | (158) |
| (86) | (258) | - | - |
| - | $(4,193)$ | - | $(4,496)$ |
| - | - | - | 77,136 |
| 7,496 | 6,906 | - | - |
| - | - | - | 118,276 |
| - | 5,435 | - | - |
| - | 806 | 23,982 | 126,825 |
| 23,851 | 60,343 | - | - |
| - | - | - | 5,129 |
| - | 5,894 | - | - |
| - | 564 | - | - |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016
Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand

## 48. Bank balances (continued)

050134248 - Standard Bank - Parks, Recreation and Culture Deposit Acc.
1107821177 - Nedbank - Parks, Recreaction and Culture Deposit Acc.
050134264 - Standard Bank - City Engineers
Account
1107821185 - Nedbank - City Engineers Account
050134272 - Standard Bank - Durban Tourism
Deposit Account
1107821193 - Nedbank - Durban Tourism Deposit
Account
050134531 - Standard Bank - Central Foreign
Rand Account
1107821347 - Nedbank - Central Foreign Rand
Account
050134574 - Standard Bank - Water Foreign
Rand Account
050134698 - Standard Bank - Electricity Foreign
Rand Account
050134299 - Standard Bank - Virginia Airport
Account
1107821207 - Nedbank - Virginia Airport Account
050134329 - Standard Bank - Department of
Housing Account
1107821215 - Nedbank - Department of Housing
Account
050134450 - Standard Bank - Sundry PAYE
Account
1107821290 - Nedbank - Wages Sundry PAYE
Account
050134507 - Standard Bank - Cash Payments Account
1107821312 - Nedbank - Cash Payments Account
050134426 - Standard Bank - Refunds
Expenditure Account
1107821266 - Nedbank - Refunds Expenditure
Account
050134582 - Standard Bank - Water and
Sanitation Services Expenditure Account
050133616 - Standard Bank - Water and
Sanitation Services EFT Account
050134701 - Standard Bank - Electricity
Expenditure Account
1107821436 - Nedbank - Electricity Expenditure
Account
050133608 - Standard Bank - Electricity EFT
1107821037 - Nedbank - Electricity EFT
050133586 - Standard Bank - Salaries Account
1107821029 - Nedbank - Salaries Account
050134590 - Standard Bank - Durban Fresh
Produce Market Account
1107821371 - Nedbank - Durban Fresh Produce
Market Account
050134515 - Standard Bank - CIFAL Durban
Account
1107821339 - Nedbank - CIFAL Durban Account
050134493 - Standard Bank - General Bank
Account
1107821320 - Nedbank - General Bank Account

374
$\begin{array}{rr}- & - \\ 1,357 & 12,741 \\ - & - \\ - & 78\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rr}- & - \\ 1,357 & 12,741 \\ - & - \\ - & 78\end{array}$
1,215
(747)
$(1,479)$
(747)
-
$(807,737)$
-
75,708
75,798

22,397
22,369
$(669,887)$
69,479
17,580

22,397
230

558,805

2,795

3,135

564223595

15,238
(795)

4,043
(56)
$(412,730)$
1,480
$(669,887)$
$(390,255)$
17,550

230
$(858,028)$

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand


The following accounts had nil balances at year end:
1107821053 - Nedbank - Durban Fresh Produce Market EFT; 1107821495 - Nedbank - Auctions Account; 1107821525 - Nedbank - Rates Clearance; 050134493 - Standard Bank - General Bank; 050137190 Standard Bank - Consolidated Investment Bank.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand

## 48. Bank balances (continued)

Durban Marine Theme Park (Proprietary) Limited:

| 443362 - Investec Bank | 11,653 | 11,653 | 10,858 | 10,858 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $50003801489-$ Investec Bank | 26,003 | 26,003 | 25,093 | 25,093 |
| 100027X021905914 - RMB | - | - | 4,600 | 4,600 |
| 050139452 - Standard Bank | - | - | 45 | 45 |
| 1107821584 - Nedbank | 851 | 851 | - | - |
| 1108788556 - Nedbank | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| 110782592 - Nedbank | 48 | 48 | - | - |
| 1107821606 - Nedbank | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| 1108788564 - Nedbank | 3 | 3 | - | - |
| 800221322 - Nedbank | 3,826 | 3,826 | - | - |
| 1107821045 - Nedbank | 20 | 20 | - | - |
| 1100443362451 - Investec Bank | 1,900 | 1,900 | - | - |
| 050139495 - Standard Bank | - | - | 1 |  |
| 050139509 - Standard Bank | 24 | 24 | 409 | 409 |
| 050215280 - Standard Bank | - | - | 10 | 10 |
| I.C.C. Durban (Proprietary) Limited: $50226959-$ | 1,124 | 1,093 | 1,344 | 1,201 |
| Standard Bank |  | - | 2,285 | 2,284 |
| 50881201632 - FNB | 3,525 | 3,525 | - | - |
| 1107821576 - Nedbank | 2 | 2 | - | - |
| 1107821568 - Nedbank | 14,748 | 14,623 | - | - |
| 1107821541 - Nedbank | 55 | 55 | 2,271 | 2,106 |
| 50138162 - Standard Bank | 4,083 | 4,083 | 526 | 676 |
| 50138197 - Standard Bank | 20,665 | - | 13,110 | - |
| Bank Balances (Effingham) | 279 | - | - | - |

Bank Balances (Durban Point Developmen 279
Company)
Totals: MUNICIPAL ENTITIES

| Bank balances | 88,811 | 67,711 | 60,552 | 47,283 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| Totals: GROUP |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bank balances | $1,008,364$ | $3,643,953$ | 863,485 | $3,450,703$ |
| Bank overdraft | $(830,009)$ | $(3,486,693)$ | $(687,496)$ | $(3,285,283)$ |

49. Taxation

Current tax for the year recognised in surplus or
$(4,334)$
deficit - ICC
No provision has been made for the taxation of Durban Marine Theme Park SOC Limited as they have an assessed loss of R371 188583 (2015 R297 845 220) which is available for set-off against future taxable income. No deferred tax asset has been raised.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

## Figures in Rand thousand

## 50. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to interest rate, credit risk and liquidity risks arise in the normal course of the municipality's operations.

## Financial risk management

The Municipality has exposure to the following risks from its use of Financial Instruments:

- Liquidity risk
- Interest rate risk
- Credit risk

This note presents information about the Municipality's exposure to each of the above risks and the Municipality's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risks.

Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.
The Accounting Officer has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Municipality's risk management framework. The Municipality's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Municipality, to set appropriate risk limits and controls and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes to market conditions and the Municipality's activities.

As part of managing the municipality's liquidity risk, Promissory notes have been issued to facilitate the timeous repayment of the borrowings. No further terms and conditions are attached to these promissory notes other than the normal repayment terms and conditions of the loan repayment.

The Municipality, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

## Fair values versus carrying amounts:

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the balance sheet are as follows:

| Carrying amount |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Investments | $6,620,000$ | $5,499,990$ | $6,620,000$ | $5,499,990$ |
| Long-term receivables | 83,412 | 93,730 | 83,412 | 93,730 |
| Consumer Debtors | $2,767,695$ | $2,925,902$ | $2,772,513$ | $2,925,168$ |
| Receivables from Exchange Transactions | $3,462,295$ | $2,913,174$ | $3,437,855$ | $2,887,927$ |
| Receivables from Non Exchange Transactions | 23,341 | 238,303 | 237,341 | 23,303 |
| Long-term Liabilities | $9,236,359$ | $10,332,519$ | $9,236,359$ | $10,241,146$ |
| Payables from Exchange | $6,151,173$ | $5,331,272$ | $6,095,244$ | $5,323,185$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Fair value |  |  |  |  |
| Investments | $6,620,000$ | $5,499,990$ | $6,620,000$ | $5,499,990$ |
| Long-term receivables | 83,412 | 93,730 | 83,412 | 93,730 |
| Consumer Debtors | $2,767,695$ | $2,925,902$ | $2,772,513$ | $2,925,168$ |
| Receivables from Exchange | $3,462,295$ | $2,913,174$ | $3,437,855$ | $2,887,927$ |
| Receivables from Non Exchange | 237,341 | 238,303 | 237,341 | 238,303 |
| Long-term Liabilities | $9,236,359$ | $10,332,519$ | $9,236,359$ | $10,241,146$ |
| Payables from Exchange | $6,151,173$ | $5,331,272$ | $6,095,244$ | $5,323,185$ |

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

| Figures in Rand thousand |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure disallowed (continued) |  |  |  |  |
| Liquidity risk |  |  |  |  |
| Liquidity risk is the risk that the municipality will encounter in raising funds to cover future commitments. The municipality manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities. Cash flow forecasts are prepared and adequate utilised borrowing facilities are monitored. The following are details of the contractual maturities of financial liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Standard Bank: |  |  |  |  |
| Ethekwini Municipality - Trading Pre Settlement: |  |  |  | 5,000 |
| Ethekwini Municipality - Letter of Credit: |  |  |  | 15,075 |
| Ethekwini Municipality - Performance guarantee: |  |  |  | 80,550 |
| Ethekwini Municipality -Working Capital Facilities: |  |  |  | 9,985 |
| Ethekwini Municipality - Fleet Management Card: |  |  |  | 30 |
| Ethekwini Municipality - Credit Card |  |  |  | 228 |
| I.C.C. Durban - Credit card: |  |  |  | 228 |
| I.C.C. Durban - Performance guarantee: |  |  |  | 549 |
| Durban Marine Theme Park - Fleet Management |  |  |  | 36 |
| The total of these facilities amount to |  |  |  | 111,681 |
| Group |  |  |  |  |
| At June 30, 2016 | Carrying | Contractual | 12 Months or | More than 12 |
|  | Amount | Cash Flows | less | months |
| Borrowings | 9,236,359 | 9,236,359 | 1,065,702 | 8,170,657 |
| Trade and other payables | 6,151,173 | 6,151,173 | 6,151,173 | - |
| At June 30, 2015 | Carrying | Contractual | 12 Months or | More than 12 |
|  | Amount | Cash Flows | less | months |
| Borrowings | 10,332,519 | 10,332,519 | 1,082,774 | 9,249,745 |
| Trade and other payables | 5,331,272 | 5,331,272 | 5,331,272 | , |
| Municipality |  |  |  |  |
| At June 30, 2016 | Carrying | Contractual | 12 Months or | More than 12 |
|  | Amount | Cash Flows | less | months |
| Borrowings | 9,236,359 | 9,236,359 | 1,065,702 | 8,170,657 |
| Trade and other payables | 6,095,244 | 6,095,244 | 6,095,244 | - |
| At June 30, 2015 | Carrying | Contractual | 12 Months or | More than 12 |
|  | Amount | Cash Flows | less | months |
| Borrowings | 10,241,146 | 10,241,146 | 991,878 | 9,249,268 |
| Trade and other payables | 5,323,185 | 5,323,185 | 5,323,185 |  |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
50. Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure disallowed (continued)

## Group

At June 30, 2016
Investments

- Short term investments
- Call deposits

At June 30, 2015
Investments

- Short term investments
- Long term investments
- Call deposits

| Less than 1 <br> year | Between 1 and <br> 3 years |
| :---: | :---: |
| $6,620,000$ |  |
| 406,220 |  |$\quad-$

## Municipality

At June 30, 2016

- Short term investments
- Call deposits

At June 30, 2015
Investments

- Short term investments
- Long term investments
- Call deposits
$\begin{array}{cc}\text { Less than } 1 & \text { Between } 1 \text { and } \\ \text { year } & 3 \text { years } \\ 6,620,000 & \end{array}$
195,000 -
Less than 1 Between 1 and year 3 years


## Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and commodity prices will affect the eThekwini Municipality's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable risk parameters, while optimizing the eThekwini Municipality's service delivery objectives. GRAP 104 requires entities to disclose sensitivity analysis for each type of market risk as shown in the sections below. Interest rate risk is the main category of market risk which affects the Group.

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

Figures in Rand thousand
50. Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure disallowed (continued)

Interest rate risk

| Fair Value Sensitivity to interest <br> rate movement/shift for floating <br> rate Investments | -1 | -0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

The municipality's policy is to manage interest rate risk so that fluctuations in variable rates do not have a material impact on surplus (deficit). All long-term debt is at fixed rates.

The municipality's income and operating cash are substantially independent of changes in market rates. The municipality has no significant interest bearing assets.

The Municipality entered into a fixed interest rate swap agreement with Standard Corporate \& Merchant Bank in order to mitigate the floating interest rate exposure of the DBSA phase 2 loan.

On the basis of the assumptions in the table above, a $1 \%$ increase in the floating interest rate will result in a cash inflow of R578 506 and a decrease of $1 \%$ will result in a cash outflow of R548 229.

Cash flow interest rate risk
Swap Cash flow Sensitivity


## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

## Notes to the Annual Financial Statements

## Figures in Rand thousand

## 50. Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure disallowed (continued)

## Valuation of Financial Instruments

Availability of observable market prices and model inputs reduces the need for management opinion and estimation. This also reduces the uncertainty associated with determination of fair values. Availability of observable market prices and inputs varies depending on the products and markets and is prone to changes based on specific events and general conditions of financial markets.

The Municipality has an established control framework with respect to the measurement of fair values. This framework includes a portfolio valuation function which is independent of front office management and reports to the Risk committee which has overall responsibility of significant fair value measurements. Specific controls include: verification of observable pricing inputs and re-performance of model valuation; a review and approval process for new models and changes to such models; analysis and investigation of significant daily valuation movement and reporting of significant valuation issues to the Risk committee.

The Municipality measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in the measurements:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
Level 2: Valuation techniques based on observable inputs either directly (ie. as prices) or indirectly (ie. derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active ; or other valuator techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
Level 3: Valuation techniques using significant, unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instruments valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments for which significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between instruments.

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted prices or dealer price quotations.

The Municipality uses widely recognised valuation models for determining the fair value of common and more simple financial instruments, like interest swaps that use only observable market data and require little management, judgement and / or estimation. Observable prices and model inputs are usually available in the market for listed debt, exchange traded derivatives and simple over the counter derivatives like interest rate swaps.

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized:

| 30 June 2016: Financial Assets at Fair Value through profit or loss - Group | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investments | 6,620,000 | - |  | 6,620,000 |
| Cash on hand | 11,754 | - |  | 11,754 |
| Net Bank Balance | 178,355 | - |  | 178,355 |
| Call Investment Deposits | 406,220 | - |  | 406,220 |
| Long-term Receivables | - | 83,412 |  | 83,412 |
| Consumer Debtors |  | 2,767,695 |  | 2,767,695 |
| Receivables from Exchange |  | 3,462,295 |  | 3,462,295 |
| Receivables from Non Exchange |  | 237,341 |  | 237,341 |
| Long-term Liabilities |  | 9,236,359 |  | 9,236,359 |
| Payables from Exchange | - | 6,151,173 |  | 6,151,173 |
|  | 7,216,329 | 21,938,275 |  | 29,154,604 |
| 30 June 2015: Financial Assets at Fair Value through profit or loss - Group | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Investments | 5,499,990 | - |  | 5,499,990 |
| Cash on hand | 19,673 | - |  | 19,673 |

## eThekwini Municipality and its Municipal Entities

Annual Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2016

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| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 50. Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure disallowed (continued) |  |  |  |  |
| Net Bank Balance | 175,989 | - | - | 175,989 |
| Call Investment Deposits | 471,113 | - | - | 471,113 |
| Long-term Receivables | - | 93,730 | - | 93,730 |
| Consumer Debtors | - | $2,925,902$ | - | $2,925,902$ |
| Receivables from Exchange | - | $2,913,174$ | - | $2,913,174$ |
| Receivables from Non Exchange | - | 238,303 | - | 238,303 |
| Long-term Liabilities | - | $10,332,519$ | - | $10,332,519$ |
| Payables from Exchange | - | $5,331,272$ | - | $5,331,272$ |
|  | $\mathbf{6 , 1 6 6 , 7 6 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 1 , 8 3 4 , 9 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{-}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 0 0 1 , 6 6 5}$ |

Group

|  | Call Deposits (R'000) |  | Fixed Deposits (R'000) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial instrument | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| ABSA BANK - ICC | 36,841 | 45,668 | - |  |
| INVESTEC BANK - ICC | 63,436 | 45,300 | - |  |
| NEDBANK - ICC | 63,300 | 50,351 |  |  |
| FNB - ICC | 25,855 | 28,924 | - |  |
| STANDARD BANK - ICC | 20 | 20,820 |  |  |
| GRINDROD BANK - ICC | 20,767 | 15,050 | - |  |
| MUNICIPALITY | 195,000 | 265,000 | 6,620,000 | 5,500,000 |
| TOTAL | 405,219 | 471,113 | 6,620,000 | 5,500,000 |
| Municipality |  |  |  |  |
|  | Call Deposits (R'000) |  | Fixed Deposits (R'000) |  |
| Financial instrument | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 |
| ABSA BANK | 175,000 | 245,000 | 550,000 |  |
| GRINDROD BANK | 20,000 | 20,000 | - | - |
| FNB | - | - | 1,270,000 | 1,200,000 |
| NEDBANK | - | - | 2,250,000 | 2,100,000 |
| STANDARD BANK | - | - | 1,800,000 | 800,000 |
| INVESTEC BANK | - | - | 650,000 | 1,300,000 |
| BANK OF CHINA | - |  | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| TOTAL | 195,000 | 265,000 | 6,620,000 | 5,500,000 |

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50. Unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure disallowed (continued)

## Credit risk

Credit risk consists mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents and trade debtors. The municipality only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing and limits exposure to any one counter-party. Trade receivables comprise a widespread customer base. The Municipality has no control over the approval of new customers who acquire properties in the designated metro area and consequently incur rates, water and electricity debts. The municipality limits this risk exposure in the following ways, in addition to its normal credit control and debt management procedures:

- through the application of section $118(3)$ of the Municipal Systems Act (MSA), which permits the municipality to refuse connection of services whilst any amount remains outstanding from a previous debtor on the same property.
- a new owner is advised, prior to the issue of a revenue clearance certificate, that any debt remaining from the previous owner will be transferred to the new owner, if the previous owner does not settle the outstanding amount.
- through the consolidation of rates and service accounts, thereby disconnecting services for the non-payment of any of the individual debts, in terms of section 102 of the MSA.
- reviewing the municipality's Credit Control Policy annually to ensure that it is updated for to current practice that enhance revenue collection.

Long term Receivables and Other Debtors are individually evaluated annually at balance sheet date for impairment of discounting.

The maximum credit and interest risk exposure in respect of the relevant financial instrument is as follows:

| Financial instrument |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Consumer Debtors | $2,767,695$ | $2,925,902$ | $2,772,513$ | $2,925,168$ |
| Receivables from Exchange | $3,462,295$ | $2,913,174$ | $3,437,855$ | $2,887,927$ |
| Receivables from Non Exchange | 237,341 | 238,303 | 237,341 | 238,303 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | $7,216,329$ | $6,166,765$ | $6,915,704$ | $5,898,757$ |

The ageing of trade receivables at the reporting date was as follows:

| Consumer Debtors: |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Gross |  |  |  |  |
| $0-30$ days | $2,082,287$ | $1,437,516$ | $2,087,025$ | $1,440,732$ |
| $31-120$ days | 553,370 | 574,762 | 553,509 | 570,155 |
| More than 120 days | $3,139,564$ | $3,426,305$ | $3,139,505$ | $3,426,305$ |
| Less: Provision for Bad Debts | $(3,007,526)$ | $(2,512,681)$ | $(3,007,526)$ | $(2,512,024)$ |
| Net Consumer Debtors | $\mathbf{2 , 7 6 7 , 6 9 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 2 5 , 9 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 7 7 2 , 5 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 2 5 , 1 6 8}$ |

Movement in the provision for Bad Debts:

| Consumers |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance at beginning of year | $2,512,681$ | $2,008,961$ | $2,512,024$ | $2,008,078$ |
| Contribution | 576,626 | 615,041 | 577,102 | 615,257 |
| Bad debts written off | $(81,781)$ | $(111,321)$ | $(81,600)$ | $(111,311)$ |
| Balance at year end | $\mathbf{3 , 0 0 7 , 5 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 5 1 2 , 6 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 0 0 7 , 5 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 5 1 2 , 0 2 4}$ |


| Movement in the provision for Bad Debts: |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Other (Exchange and Non Exchange) |  |  |  |  |
| Balance at beginning of year | $4,048,559$ | $2,586,854$ | $4,049,142$ | $2,586,854$ |
| Contribution | 812,380 | $1,463,461$ | 811,797 | $1,464,044$ |
| Bad debts written off | $(51,702)$ | $(1,756)$ | $(51,702)$ | $(1,756)$ |
| Balance at year end | $\mathbf{4 , 8 0 9 , 2 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 0 4 8 , 5 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 8 0 9 , 2 3 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 0 4 9 , 1 4 2}$ |

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## 51. Budget disclosure

## Material differences between budget and actual amounts

Differences between budget and actual amounts basis of preparation and presentation
An adjustments budget is the mechanism to amend an approved budget under certain conditions and is legislated in terms of Section 28 of the MFMA of 2003 and the Municipal Budgeting and Reporting Regulations. The main reasons for the adjustments to the budget are as follows:

- reallocation of budgets between votes to ensure operational efficiencies;
- adjustments in respect of grant funding to the municipality;
- re-prioritisation of capital projects for various reasons.

Budget policy is aligned with GRAP in terms of disclosure.
Operational grants for the year were R2.4billion and capital grants were R3.3billion.
A comparison of the budget and actual information has been disclosed in the Appropriation Statement and not in columnar format as required due to the classification as per budget regulations as prescribed by National Treasury differing to the GRAP disclosure requirements.

## 52. Events after the reporting date

## Incorporation of Vulamehlo Municipality:

In terms of Department of Co- Operative Governance circular date 06 June 2016, the Municipal Demarcation Board, as permitted under of the Local Government: Municipal Demarcation Act 27 of 1998, has re-determined the municipal boundaries of eThekwini Municipality which will result in the incorporation of Vulamehlo Municipality into eThekwini Municipality. The effective date of incorporation of Vulamehlo Municipality into eThekwini is 10th of August 2016 after the local government elections. Applying the spilt model developed by Bonakude Consulting (Pty) Ltd, 3 and a half wards that were previously under Vulamehlo Municipality will be incorporated into eThekwini area of jurisdiction.

## Moses Mabhida Stadium:

The Municipality is currently reviewing the institutional arrangements of Moses Mabhida Stadium. As at August 2016 the stadium is still operating on the same basis as the previous year. If the matter is finalised before the audit report date the note will be updated accordingly.

## Durban Public Bus service:

The Municipality has taken a decision subsequent to year end to provide the Durban public transport bus service through an external mechanism in the form of a Municipal Entity and the City Manager has been authorised to invoke the provisions of Section 84 of the MFMA in this regard.

## Hosting of the 2022 Commonwealth Games:

On the 2nd of September 2015, in Auckland, New Zealand, the Commonwealth Games Federation announced Durban as the host of the Commonwealth games 2022. The approved financial contribution by the municipality to host the event is R543 million. This financial contribution will take place over multiple years leading to 2022.
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NOTE 53: EXTERNAL LOANS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2016

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \hline 0 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 0 \\ & \check{0} \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  | \|ơ| |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 00 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  | a <br>  <br> 0 <br> 8 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \propto \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{\tau} \\ & \dot{\sim} \\ & \stackrel{1}{\sim} \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  <br>  <br>  <br>  |  |  |
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| $z$ |  |  |  |  |
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Figures in Rand thousand <br> Note 55(b): ANALYSIS OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS AS AT 30 JUNE 2016 - MUNICIPALITY <br> |  | Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  | Accumulated Depreciation |  |  |  |  |  |  | Carrying value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Opening Balance Cost | Opening Balance Capital Under Construction | Additions | $\begin{gathered} \text { Under } \\ \text { Construction } \end{gathered}$ | Disposals | Transtes | Closing Balance | Opening Balance | Additions | Disposals | Impairments | Impairments Reversal | Transters | Closing Balance |  |
|  | R'000 | R'000 ${ }^{470} 578$ | R'000 | ${ }^{\text {rooon }}{ }_{31} 157$ | R'000 | ${ }^{\text {R'000 }}$ | 171 |  |  | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 | R'000 |  | R'000 630579 |
| Servitudes | 50107 |  | 4515 |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54622 |
| Total | 685681 | 470578 | 71951 | 31157 | (20) | 48892 | 1308839 | (293 2166 | (72576) | . | . |  | (47 297 | (413089) | $\begin{array}{r}210549 \\ 895750 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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The details of total awards (43) to close family members amounting to R42,693,000.00 that transacted $w$


APPENDIX Ail: SEGMENTAL ANALYSIS OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - GROUP



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APPENDIX B(i): SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2016 - GROUP

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APPENDIX B: SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 June 2016

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APPENDIX C: DISCLOSURE OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2016 IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 MFMA. 56 OF 2003 DISCIOSURE OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES INTERMS OF SECTION 123 MFMA. 56 OF 2003

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APPENDIX D: MOSES MABHIDA STADIUM - DETAILED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2015 \\ \text { R'000 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2016 \\ & \text { R'000 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2015 \\ \text { R'000 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| REVENUE |  |  |  |
| Rental of facilities and equipment | 43549 | 43386 | 43549 |
| Rent Non Bowl Events | 6899 | 6426 | 6899 |
| Rent Bowl Events | 18051 | 20338 | 18051 |
| Rent Shops | 11645 | 11280 | 11645 |
|  | 6095 | 4434 | 6095 |
| Rent Parking Bays | 859 | 908 | 859 |
| Other income | 12063 | 13300 | 12063 |
| Adventure Walk | 126 | 92 | 126 |
| Other Attractions-Income | 465 | 93 | 465 |
| People's Park | 0 | 7218 | 5950 |
| Skycar | 3760 | 4379 | 3760 |
| Sponsorships | 821 | 0 | 821 |
| Stadium Tours | 670 | 827 | 670 |
| Sundry Income | 270 | 691 | 271 |
| Total operating revenue | 55612 | 56686 | 55612 |
| EXPENDITURE |  |  |  |
| Bad Debts | 515 | 0 | 515 |
| Bad Debts Provision | 515 | 0 | 515 |
| Depreciation - Property, Plant and Equipment | 113913 | 118875 | 107800 |
| Depreciation | 113913 | 118875 | 107800 |
| General expenses | 58093 | 95047 | 91548 |
| Electricity | 14317 | 14498 | 14317 |
| Fuel \& Oil : Vehicles | 302 | 150 | 302 |
| Refuse Removal | 979 | 881 | 979 |
| Stadium Operational Costs | 195 | 75862 | 72518 |
| Hire Of City Fleet | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Water | 3432 | 3656 | 3432 |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 0 | 93 | 0 |
| Loss on Disposal of Assets | 0 | 93 | 0 |
| Total operating expenditure | 205976 | 214015 | 199863 |
| DEFICIT FOR THE YEAR | -150 364 | -157329 | -144 251 |


[^0]:    * See Note 42

[^1]:    * See Note 42

[^2]:    * See Note 42

